

Special Review Report of JBS S.A ITR - Six months period

As of September 30, 2008 and 2007

















# SPECIAL REVIEW REPORT

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of JBS S.A.

- 1. We have performed a special review of the accompanying Quarterly Information (Company and Consolidated) of JBS S.A. (the "Company") consisting of the balance sheet as of September 30, 2008, and the related statement of income and cash flows, the notes to the financial statements and the performance report for the quarter then ended, prepared under the responsibility of the Company's management. The financial statements of JBS Holding Internacional S.A., its directly-controlled company, were reviewed by us, and the financial statements of its indirectly-controlled company JBS Argentina S.A. and directly-controlled company JBS USA, Inc, were reviewed by other independent auditors, member firms of BDO network. The financial statements of Inalca JBS S.p.A., its directly-controlled company, were reviewed by other independent auditors. Our opinion on the carrying values of the investments in these companies and the equity in their earnings is based on the work of those auditors.
- 2. Our review was performed in accordance with specific standards established by IBRACON (Brazilian Institute of Independent Auditors) together with the Federal Accounting Council, which consisted principally of: a) inquiry of and discussion with the managers responsible for the accounting, financial and operating areas as to the main criteria adopted in preparing the Quarterly Information and b) review of the information and subsequent events that have or may have material effects on the financial situation and operations of the Company and its controlled companies.
- 3. Based on our special review and on the other independent auditors' reports, we are not aware of any material changes which should be made to the Quarterly Information referred to above for it to be in conformity with the standards issued by CVM Brazilian Securities and Exchange Commission applicable to the preparation of Quarterly Information, including its Announcement to the Market of January 14, 2008 and CVM Instruction No. 469/08.
- 4. As mentioned in note 3.m, on December 28, 2007 Law No. 11.638/07 was enacted to come into effect from January 1, 2008. This law has modified and revoked provisions and introduced new ones into Law No. 6.404/76 (Stock Corporation Act), causing changes in Brazilian accounting practices. Although the Law has already come into effect, some of the changes introduced by it depend on regulation by regulatory agencies to be fully applied by companies. Therefore, CVM set forth on Instruction No. 469/08 that during the transition companies are not obliged to apply all provisions of Law No. 11.638/07 to prepare the Quarterly Information. Therefore, the accounting information included in the Quarterly Information ITR of the quarter ended September 30, 2008 has been prepared in accordance with CVM's specific instructions, and do not include all changes in accounting practices introduced by Law No. 11.638/07.
- 5. The balances of assets and liabilities (Company and consolidated) of JBS S.A. and its controlled companies for the quarter ended as June 30, 2008, presented for comparative purposes, were rewied by us, and our special review report, dated July 30, 2008, had an emphasis-of-a-matter paragraph with respect the application of procedures related to Law No. 11.638/07. The balances of revenue and expense accounts for the quarter ended September 30, 2007, also presented for comparative purposes, were reviewed by other independent auditors, who issued a special review report, dated August 9, 200, was unqualified.
- 6. The accompanying financial statements have been translated into English for the convenience of readers outside Brazil.

Ribeirão Preto, October 30, 2008

BDO

**BDO Trevisan** 

BDO Trevisan Auditores Independentes CRC 2SP013439/O-5

Estefan George Haddad Engagement Partner CRC 1DF008320/O-5 "S" SP



















JBS S.A. Balance sheets (In thousands of Reais)

	Comp	any	Consolid	dated		Comp	any	Consoli	dated
	September, 2008	June, 2008	September, 2008	June, 2008		September, 2008	June, 2008	September, 2008	June, 2008
ASSETS					LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY				
CURRENT ASSETS					CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 5)	243.725	82.476	840.982	400.296	Trade accounts payable ( Note 12)	250.974	257.552	1.409.778	1.303.079
Short-term investments (Note 5)	1.380.768	2.046.278	1.414.594	2.069.591	Loans and financings (Note 13)	1.432.960	1.298.887	1.949.938	2.322.907
Trade accounts receivable, net (Note 6)	809.911	561.742	2.169.036	1.828.260	Payroll, social charges and tax obligation (Note 14)	80.007	74.673	299.335	254.635
Inventories (Note 7)	821.150	828.692	2.380.535	2.144.677	Other current liabilities	139.128	107.178	186.483	222.677
Recoverable taxes (Note 8)	435.622	405.228	605.257	559.451					
Prepaid expenses	2.778	2.913	83.671	56.564					
Other current assets	25.768	21.321	241.872	212.719					
					TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	1.903.069	1.738.290	3.845.534	4.103.298
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	3.719.722	3.948.650	7.735.947	7.271.558					
		_		_	NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES				
NON-CURRENT ASSETS					Loans and financings (Note 13)	2.675.492	2.221.459	2.801.711	2.344.707
					Deferred income taxes (Note 17)	57.207	58.091	464.685	409.019
Long-term assets					Provision for contingencies (Note 15)	43.086	45.979	47.143	53.959
Credits with related parties (Note 9)	1.090.481	342.990	36.392	25.780	Debit with third parties for investment (Note 16)	175.051	162.909	175.051	162.909
Judicial deposits and others	10.091	9.532	42.909	41.498	Other non-current liabilities	22.559	22.050	113.592	172.970
Deferred income taxes (Note 17)	20.308	17.666	343.392	290.123					
Recoverable taxes (Note 8)	36.537	35.064	56.758	51.682		·			
,					TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	2.973.395	2.510.488	3.602.182	3.143.564
Total long-term assets	1.157.417	405.252	479.451	409.083					
Permanent assets					MINORITY INTEREST	-	_	(971)	(1.300)
Investments in subsidiaries (Note 10)	4.140.512	3.531.627	976.567	1.036.849		·			(1100)
Other investments	10	10	8.679	5.456					
Property, plant and equipment, net (Note 11)	1.608.524	1.457.037	3.838.459	3.440.831	SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (Note 18)				
Intangible assets, net	9.615	9.615	165.139	183.342	, , ,				
Deferred charges	3.934	2.650	5.773	4.506	Capital stock	4.495.581	4.495.581	4.495.581	4.495.581
					Capital reserve	821.432	858.204	821.432	858.204
Total Permanent assets	5.762.595	5.000.939	4.994.617	4.670.984	Revaluation reserve	119.927	121.643	119.927	121.643
					Retained earnings	326.330	(369.365)	326.330	(369.365)
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS	6.920.012	5.406.191	5.474.068	5.080.067	rotamos carimigo		(000.000)		(000.000)
						5.763.270	5.106.063	5.763.270	5.106.063
					TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY				
TOTAL ASSETS	10.639.734	9.354.841	13.210.015	12.351.625	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	10.639.734	9.354.841	13.210.015	12.351.625

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements



















# Statements of income for the period of nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007 (In thousands of Reais)

	Company		Consolidated		
	2008	2007	2008	2007	
GROSS OPERATING REVENUE					
Sales of products:					
Domestic Sales Foreign Sales	2.115.604 1.886.046	1.553.250 1.692.089	13.656.501 7.584.223	4.670.123 3.226.423	
	4.001.650	3.245.339	21.240.724	7.896.546	
SALES DEDUCTIONS	_				
Returns and discounts	(148.845)	(130.530)	(256.412)	(173.558)	
Sales taxes	(229.245)	(191.044)	(277.251)	(232.069)	
	(378.090)	(321.574)	(533.663)	(405.627)	
NET SALE REVENUE	3.623.560	2.923.765	20.707.061	7.490.919	
Cost of goods sold	(2.937.446)	(2.139.167)	(18.565.911)	(6.463.309)	
GROSS INCOME	686.114	784.598	2.141.150	1.027.610	
OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSE)					
General and administrative expenses	(78.781)	(50.321)	(342.612)	(149.443)	
Selling expenses	(361.856)	(283.051)	(1.069.261)	(463.990)	
Financial income (expense), net	` 19.175 <sup>´</sup>	(223.437)	(129.949)	(318.684)	
Equity in subsidiaries	214.780	(125.015)	-	-	
Goodwill amortization (Note 10)	(134.177)	(1.293)	(134.177)	(1.293)	
Non-recurring expenses	(35.691)	(52.244)	(35.691)	(52.244)	
	(376.550)	(735.361)	(1.711.690)	(985.654)	
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	309.564	49.237	429.460	41.956	
NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSE), NET	6.858	(60)	8.108	5.814	
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TAXES	316.422	49.177	437.568	47.770	
Current income taxes (Note 17)	2.435	(77.316)	(32.669)	(80.586)	
Deferred income taxes (Note 17)	4.057	(77.510)	(82.917)	(256)	
Boloffed modific taxes (Note 17)	6.492	(78.110)	(115.586)	(80.842)	
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE MINORITY INTEREST	322.914	(28.933)	321.982	(33.072)	
Minority interest (expense) income	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	932	4.139	
NET INCOME (LOSS)	322.914	(28.933)	322.914	(28.933)	
NET INCOME (LOSS) PER THOUSAND SHARES	228,81	(26,85)			
Statement of EBITDA (Earnings before income taxes, interest, depreciation and amortization and non-operating income (expense), net					
Income (loss) before taxes	316.422	49.177	437.568	47.770	
Financial income (expense), net	(19.175)	223.437	129.949	318.684	
Depreciation and amortization	48.372	42.147	160.941	82.118	
Non-operating income (expense), net	(6.858)	60	(8.108)	(5.814)	
Equity in subsidiaries	(214.780)	125.015		-	
Non-recurring expenses	35.691	52.244	35.691	52.244	
Goodwill Amortization (Note 10)	134.177	1.293	134.177	1.293	
AMOUNT OF EBITDA	293.849	493.373	890.218	496.295	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements



















# Statements of income for the period of three months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007 (In thousands of Reais)

	Company		Consolida	ated
	2008	2007	2008	2007
GROSS OPERATING REVENUE				
Sales of products:				
Domestic Sales	910.975	541.907	5.143.431	3.542.723
Foreign Sales	720.771	608.428	2.850.894	1.858.624
	1.631.746	1.150.335	7.994.325	5.401.347
SALES DEDUCTIONS				
Returns and discounts	(72.648)	(58.378)	(105.815)	(85.986)
Sales taxes	(93.479)	(64.220)	(117.048)	(81.796)
	(100 107)			<u> </u>
	(166.127)	(122.598)	(222.863)	(167.782)
NET SALE REVENUE	1.465.619	1.027.737	7.771.462	5.233.565
Cost of goods sold	(1.212.848)	(747.514)	(6.830.491)	(4.744.477)
GROSS INCOME	252.771	280.223	940.971	489.088
OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSE)				
General and administrative expenses	(32.767)	(19.337)	(120.790)	(100.972)
Selling expenses	(145.230)	(99.402)	(402.358)	(257.466)
Financial income (expense), net (Note 19)	416.142	(129.960)	408.690	(189.044)
Equity in subsidiaries (Note 10)	275.867	(83.615)	-	-
Goodwill amortization (Note 10)	(44.733)	(426)	(44.733)	(426)
Non-recurring expenses (Note 20)	(35.691)	(1.653)	(35.691)	(1.653)
	433.588	(334.393)	(194.882)	(549.561)
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	686.359	(54.170)	746.089	(60.473)
NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSE), NET	4.094	(50)	4.442	4.982
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TAXES	690.453	(54.220)	750.531	(55.491)
Current income toyon	004	(22.649)	924	(24.042)
Current income taxes Deferred income taxes	884 2.642	(22.618) (1.466)	824 (57.738)	(24.012) (1.513)
Deletted income taxes	3.526	(24.084)	(56.914)	(25.525)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE MINORITY INTEREST	693.979	(78.304)	693.617	(81.016)
Minority interest (expense) income	_		362	2.712
NET INCOME (LOSS)	693.979	(78.304)	693.979	(78.304)
•			093.919	(10.304)
NET INCOME (LOSS) PER THOUSAND SHARES	491,75	(72,68)		
Statement of EBITDA (Earnings before income taxes, interest, depreciation and amortization and non-operating income (expense), net				
Income (loss) before taxes	690.453	(54.220)	750.531	(55.491)
Financial income (expense), net (Note 19)	(416.142)	129.960	(408.690)	189.044
Depreciation and amortization	16.761	14.328	52.684	44.219
Non-operating income (expense), net	(4.094)	50	(4.442)	(4.982)
Equity in subsidiaries (Note 10)	(275.867)	83.615		-
Non-recurring expenses (Note 20)	35.691	1.653	35.691	1.653
Goodwill Amortization (Note 10)	44.733	426	44.733	426
AMOUNT OF EBITDA	91.535	175.812	470.507	174.869

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements



















Notes to the financial statements for the three and nine months period ended September 30, 2008 (Expressed in thousand of reais)

#### 1 Operating activities

JBS S.A (Company) is a listed company in the Novo Mercado segment, which requires the highest level of corporate governance in the Brazilian market and its shares are traded on the BM&F Bovespa S.A - Stock Exchange, Commodity and Forward.

The operations of the Company and its subsidiaries consists of:

#### a) Activities in Brazil

The Company operates slaughterhouses, cold storage and food processing operations for the production of beef, canned goods, fat, animal rations and beef by-products, which are produced in the manufacturing units located in the States of São Paulo, Goiás, Mato Grosso, Mato Grosso do Sul, Rondônia, Minas Gerais, Acre and Rio de Janeiro. The Company distributes its products through distribution centers located in the State of São Paulo, and a container terminal for export in the city of Santos.

In order to minimize transportation costs, the Company is responsible for the transportation of cattle to its slaughterhouses and the transportation of its export products.

Mouran Alimentos Ltda.. (Mouran) is a subsidiary wich conducts slaughterhouse and cold storage business operations for the production of beef, canned goods, fat, animal rations and beef by-products in its facilities located in the State of São Paulo.

JBS Embalagens Metálicas Ltda. (JBS Embalagens) produces metallic cans in its plant located in the State of São Paulo, which are purchased by the Company.

The subsidiary JBS Confinamento Ltda. (JBS Confinamento), located in Castilho, State of São Paulo, renders fattening service of bovine for slaughter.

Beef Snacks do Brasil Indústria e Comércio de Alimentos Ltda (Beef Snacks), an indirect subsidiary of the Company, located in Santo Antônio da Posse, State of São Paulo, in operation since August 2007 produces Beef Jerky. Beef Snacks purchases meat in the local market and exports to the United States of America.

#### b) Foreign activities

The Company has indirect subsidiaries located in England and Egypt, which are responsible for the sales and distribution of the Company's products in Europe, Asia, and Africa.

JBS Argentina S.A. (JBS Argentina), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, operates slaughterhouses and cold storage facilities for the production of beef, canned goods, fat, animal food and by-products, with industrial units located in the province of Buenos Aires, Entre Rios, Santa Fé and Córdoba.

JBS Argentina has two subsidiaries acquired in 2007, one of which is a meat-packing slaughterhouse in Berezategui (Consignaciones Rurales) and the other is a can factory located in Zavate (Argenvases), both located in the province of Buenos Aires.

SB Holdings, Inc. (SB Holdings) and its subsidiaries, Tupman Thurlow Co., Inc. (Tupman) and Astro Sales International, Inc. (Astro) located in the United States and acquired by the Company in January 2007, sale processed beef products in the North-American market.

Jerky Snacks Brands, Inc (Jerky Snacks), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, located in the United States of America, produces and sells meat snacks (Beef Jerky, Smoked Meat Sticks, Kippered Beef Steak, Meat&Cheese, Turkey Jerky and Hunter Sausage). Jerky Snacks purchases meat from Brazil and in the local market and its sales are mainly in the United States of America.

Global Beef Trading Sociedade Unipessoal Lda (Global Beef Trading), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, located in Ilha da Madeira, Portugal, sells bovine meat, birds and porks products. Global Beef Trading imports the products from Latin America and exports to several countries, in Europe, Africa and Asia.

In July 2007, the Company acquired Swift Foods Company, presently known as JBS USA Inc. (JBS USA). JBS USA has feedlots and processes, packages and delivers fresh, further processed and value-added beef and pork "in natura" products for sale to customers in the United States and international markets. The fresh meat products prepared by JBS USA include refrigerated beef and pork processed to standard industry specifications.

In the United States, JBS USA operates four beef processing facilities, three pork processing facilities, one lamb slaughter facility and one value-added facility for pork. In Australia, JBS USA operates ten beef and small animals processing facilities.



















Notes to the financial statements for the three and nine months period ended September 30, 2008 (Expressed in thousand of reais)

JBS USA divides its business into three segments: Swift Beef, through which it conducts its U.S. domestic beef processing business; Swift Pork, through which it conducts its U.S. domestic pork processing business; and JBS Australia, through which it conducts its Australian beef and smalls animals, the last business in Australia since May 2008, with the acquisition of Tasman, which operates six beef and small animals slaughterhouses and one cattle feedlot unit.

JBS USA in Australia operates five feedlots that provide grain-fed cattle for its processing operations.

Since January 2008, the Company owns 50% of Inalca S.p.A. social capital, presently known as Inalca JBS S.p.A, (Inalca JBS). Inalca S.p.A. is Italy's leading beef company and one of the main operators in the European processing beef sector. It produces and markets a complete range of fresh and frozen meat, packed under vacuum or portioned in a protective atmosphere, canned meat, ready-to-serve products, fresh and frozen hamburger, minced meats and, pre-cooked products. Inalca JBS owns six facilities in Italy, specialized by production line, and nine foreign facilities in Europe and Africa.

The integral subsidiary Montana Alimentari S.p.A. (Montana) is one of the leading Italian companies in the production, marketing and distribution of cured meats, snack and ready-to eat products with over 230 products. Montana owns the well-known brands "Montana" and "IBIS", and Montana owns four facilities, specialized by type of production and located in the area distinguished by the Protected Denomination of Origin (P.D.O.) and Protected Geographic Indication (P.G.I.) brands. Montana is also one of the main operators in the Italian canned meat market and pre-sliced products.

#### 2 Presentation of financial information

The individual and consolidated financial statements, were prepared in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles in Brazil, and they are presented in accordance with NPC rule No. 27 issued by the Brazilian Institute of Independent Auditors (*Instituto dos Auditores Independentes do Brasil* - IBRACON) and rule No. 488 issued by the Brazilian Securities and Exchange Commission (*Comissão de Valores Mobiliários* – CVM), both dated October 3, 2005.

With respect to the Company's investment in JBS Argentina and its subsidiaries and Inalca JBS and its subsidiaries, we have compared the generally accepted accounting principles in Argentina and Italy with the corresponding principles in Brazil applied by the Company, and we have noted that there were no material differences.

The accounting principles adopted by Tupman and Astro, both subsidiaries of SB Holdings, located in the United States of America, do not differ significantly from those adopted in Brazil.

The accounting practices adopted in the United States of America by JBS USA (US GAAP) are adjusted to Brazilian GAAP, according to the following differences:

- Finished goods inventories: valued using market price, and are adjusted to production average cost method;
- Permanent assets: includes R\$ 673.623, related to intangible assets and fixed assets goodwill, calculated according to applicable purchasing accounting, and it was adjusted reducing the shareholder's equity.

### 3 Significant accounting policies

# a) Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in Brazil requires the Company's management to (i) make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and (ii) disclose (a) contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements and (b) the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### b) Swap Receivables or Payables

The market value of derivative instruments is computed daily, and the resulting receivables or payables are recorded based on their fair market value.

## c) Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Allowance for doubtful accounts is computed based on the probable loss, the profile of the customers, overall economic and financial condition and specific risks relating to the relevant customers. The Company's management believes that the allowance for doubtful accounts is sufficient to cover the exposure to possible losses.

#### d) Inventories

The Company's inventories are valued based on their cost of acquisition, creation or production, which cost is lower than the market or net realizable value.



















Notes to the financial statements for the three and nine months period ended September 30, 2008 (Expressed in thousand of reais)

#### e) Investments

The Company's investments in subsidiaries are accounted according to the equity method.

#### f) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at an amount equivalent to the sum of their historical acquisition cost and the amount resulting from the increase in the value of these assets as determined by revaluations performed by independent appraisal firms until December 31, 2008. Depreciation is computed pursuant to the straight-line method, using rates described in Note 11, which take into account the useful and economic lives of the assets.

#### g) Other Current and Long-term Assets

Current and long-term assets are accounted for at their realization value, including, if applicable, the related income, charges and monetary variations.

#### h) Current Liabilities and Long-term Liabilities

Current and long-term liabilities are accounted for at their known or computed amounts, including, if applicable, the related income, charges and monetary variations.

#### i) Contingent assets and liabilities

Contingent assets are recognized only when there are final judments or favorable judicial decisions rendered. Contingent assets with probable gain are only published in accompanying notes.

Contingent liabilities are provisioned when the losses are appraised as probable and the involved amounts are measurable with enough certainty. The contingent liabilities appraised as possible losses are only published in accompanying notes and the contingent liabilities appraised as remote losses are not provisioned and not published.

#### j) Income Tax and Social Contribution

#### **Current taxes**

Provisions for income tax and social contribution are based on rates and laws and regulations in force.

#### **Deferred taxes**

The Company records deferred income tax assets and liabilities based on temporary differences between the carrying amounts on the Company's financial statements and the tax basis of assets and liabilities.

#### k) Profit by share

The profit by share is calculated based on the shares in circulation on the date of the financial statements.

#### I) Consolidation

All assets and liabilities of JBS S.A. and its subsidiaries and revenues and expenses from transactions between JBS S.A. and its subsidiaries were eliminated. No inter-company profits were recorded on the consolidated balance sheet of the Company. Accordingly, the shareholders' equity of JBS S.A. individually is equal to its consolidated shareholders' equity. The financial statements of the subsidiaries of JBS S.A. located outside of Brazil were originally prepared using the local currency of the country in which they are located. Subsequently, these amounts were converted into Reais using the applicable commercial exchange rates reported by the Central Bank of Brazil on the date of the consolidated balance sheet for assets and liabilities, and the average exchange rate of the period to revenues and expenses. The gains and losses due to the conversion are recognized in the financial income (loss).

The subsidiaries companies included in the consolidation are mentioned in the Note 10.

#### m) Changes in Brazilian corporate legislation

On December 28, 2007, Law 11.638/07 was enacted (new Law), which modified some aspects of Law no. 6404/76 (the "Brazilian Corporation Law"). In general terms, the new law requests the harmonization of the accounting practices adopted in Brazil with some international accounting practices derived from IASB - International Accounting Standard Board, with application starting from January 1, 2008.



















Notes to the financial statements for the three and nine months period ended September 30, 2008 (Expressed in thousand of reais)

Some of the alterations requested in the accounting practices adopted in Brazil are: the substitution of the Statements of financial position for the Statements of cash flow; the inclusion of the Demonstration of the Added Value; the creation of new accounts subgroups; and the introduction of new criteria for classification and evaluation of financial instruments, valorization of certain assets to market value and the concept of adjusting to the present value for the operations (assets and liabilities) of long term, and for the current period if relevant. The Company already adopts the practice of publishing the Statements of cash flow.

Part of the changes proposed by the new Law still requires regulation, that needs to be issued by the CVM.

The Instruction CVM n° 469, from May 2, 2008 setting forth the application of the new Law, allowed the companies listed on the BOVESPA to immediately apply in the quarterly information in 2008 all of the accounting dispositions contained in the new Law, or publishing in accompanying note the changes that can impact the financial statements, valuating, if possible, the effects in the equity and in the income statements of the period.

The main impact of the alterations introduced by the Law 11.638/07 in the individual and consolidated financial statements for the three and six months period ended June 30, 2008 is due to the conversion adjustments relating to the investments exchange variation to the Company and subsidiaries, in foreign countries, that if were calculated based on the Technical Pronouncement CPC 02 of the Committee of Accounting Pronouncements, of November 9, 2007, approved by the Deliberation CVM n° 534, of January 29, 2008 would produce the following effects, that would be recognize directly in the Shareholders´ Group, in the subgroup of Adjustments of Evaluation:

- a reduction in the profit in the three month period of R\$ 693.979 to R\$ 270.127, that would be reflected in an decrease in the positive equity of R\$ 275.867 to R\$ 208.377 in the Company and a reduction of the financial income of R\$ 416.142 to R\$ 59.780 in the Company and R\$ 408.690 to R\$ 15.162 in the consolidated; and
- a reduction in the profit in the nine month period ended September 30, 2008 of R\$ 322.914 to R\$ 79.477, that would be reflected in an reduction in the positive equity of R\$ 214.780 to R\$ 172.919 in the Company and a reduction of the financial income of R\$ 19.175 to R\$ (182.401) in the Company and R\$ (129.949) to R\$ (373.386) in the consolidated.

The Company opted to publish the effects of the new Law in the accompanying notes. With respect to the requirement to adjust to the present value of the operating long term assets and liabilities, or current when there are material impacts, requested by the Instruction CVM n° 469, there were not identified any matterial impacts.

The Company opted to maintaining the revaluation reserve amounts booked until December 31, 2007 and is still evaluating other possible impacts of the changes introduced by the new Law, which will be recognized during the year of 2008.

#### 4 Aquisitions of Swift Foods Company (Presently JBS USA) and Inalca S.p.A (Presently Inalca JBS)

In July of 2007, the Company acquired 100% of Swift Foods Company (presently JBS USA) and since January 2008 the Company owns 50% of Inalca S.p.A. social capital, presently Inalca JBS S.p.A, (Inalca JBS).

Due the significance of these investments in the consolidation in the financial statements of the Company for the three and nine months period ended September 30, 2008, and the comparability loss with previous periods, we are presenting below the combined income statements to allow a comparison of the consolidated financial statements before the investment in JBS USA and Inalca JBS, and we are presenting these referred financial statements.

	Nine month period ended September 30,						
INCOME STATEMENTS		2007					
	Consolidated	JBS USA	INALCA JBS	JBS and other subsidiaries	JBS and other subsidiaries		
Net sales revenue	20.707.061	15.135.339	1.065.085	4.506.637	3.572.832		
Cost of goods sold	(18.565.911)	(13.878.606)	(953.250)	(3.734.054)	(2.724.751)		
GROSS INCOME	2.141.150	1.256.733	111.835	772.583	848.081		
General, administrative and selling expenses	(1.411.873)	(780.406)	(86.382)	(545.085)	(411.818)		
Financial income (expense), net	(129.949)	(48.344)	(16.753)	(64.852)	(301.424)		
Equity in subsidiaries	-	-	-	307.311	(34.270)		
Goodwill amortization	(134.177)	-	-	(134.177)	(1.293)		
Other operating expenses	(35.691)	-	-	(35.691)	(52.244)		
Non-operating income (expense), net	8.108	393	(174)	7.890	(93)		
Income taxes	(115.586)	(125.196)	(3.679)	13.289	(80.011)		
Minority interest (expense) income	932		(715)	1.646	4.139		
NET INCOME (LOSS)	322.914	303.180	4.131	322.914	(28.933)		
AMOUNT OF EBITDA	890.218	541.840	55.265	293.113	493.307		





















Notes to the financial statements for the three and nine months period ended September 30, 2008 (Expressed in thousand of reais)

	Three month period ended September 30,					
INCOME STATEMENTS		2008		2007		
	Consolidated	INALCA JBS	JBS and other subsidiaries	Consolidated		
Net sales revenue	7.771.462	358.198	7.413.264	5.233.565		
Cost of goods sold	(6.830.491)	(321.613)	(6.508.878)	(4.744.477)		
GROSS INCOME	940.971	36.585	904.386	489.088		
General, administrative and selling expenses	(523.148)	(28.075)	(495.073)	(358.438)		
Financial income (expense), net	408.690	6.435	402.255	(189.044)		
Equity in subsidiaries	-	-	13.462	-		
Goodwill amortization	(44.733)	-	(44.733)	(426)		
Other operating expenses	(35.691)	-	(35.691)	(1.653)		
Non-operating income (expense), net	4.442	62	4.380	4.982		
Income taxes	(56.914)	(1.105)	(55.809)	(25.525)		
Minority interest (expense) income	362	(440)	802	2.712		
NET INCOME (LOSS)	693.979	13.462	693.979	(78.304)		
AMOUNT OF EBITDA	470.507	18.984	451.523	174.869		

# 5 Cash and cash equivalents and Short-term investments

	Comp	Company		lidated
	Sept, 2008	June, 2008	Sept, 2008	June, 2008
Cash and cash equivalents	243.725	82.476	840.982	400.296
Certificates of bank deposits - CDB-DI	967.172	1.614.758	974.814	1.616.325
Investment funds	413.596	431.520	439.780	453.266
	1.624.493	2.128.754	2.255.576	2.469.887

Certificates of bank deposits-CDB-DI are fixed income securities that provide yields of approximately 100% of the Brazilian interbank rate. The Investment Funds are supported by investments in Multi-Market funds, to the qualified public.

# 6 Trade accounts receivable, net

	Company		Conso	lidated
	Sept, 2008	June, 2008	Sept, 2008	June, 2008
Receivables not yet due	763.526	526.725	1.818.014	1.472.775
Overdue receivables:				
From 1 to 30 days	40.369	32.991	213.531	283.848
From 31 to 60 days	9.548	1.405	87.501	42.909
From 61 to 90 days	888	1.969	21.157	11.681
Above 90 days	2.612	3.524	47.942	31.945
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(7.032)	(4.872)	(19.109)	(14.898)
	46.385	35.017	351.022	355.485
	809.911	561.742	2.169.036	1.828.260



















Notes to the financial statements for the three and nine months period ended September 30, 2008 (Expressed in thousand of reais)

#### 7 Inventories

	Company		Consolidated	
	Sept, 2008	June, 2008	Sept, 2008	June, 2008
Finished products	736.153	717.126	1.800.667	1.583.787
Work-in-progress	865	820	128.663	94.811
Raw-materials	36.602	65.032	67.924	98.280
Livestock	-	-	187.089	205.373
Warehouse spare parts	47.530	45.714	196.192	162.426
	821.150	828.692	2.380.535	2.144.677

#### 8 Recoverable taxes

Company		Conso	lidated
Sept, 2008	June, 2008	Sept, 2008	June, 2008
369.405	338.237	455.751	413.088
51.650	51.648	112.362	111.689
28.300	26.766	42.720	41.227
12.871	6.789	16.752	10.527
9.933	16.852	34.430	34.602
472.159	440.292	662.015	611.133
435.622	405.228	605.257	559.451
36.537	35.064	56.758	51.682
472.159	440.292	662.015	611.133
	Sept, 2008  369.405 51.650 28.300 12.871 9.933  472.159  435.622 36.537	Sept, 2008         June, 2008           369.405         338.237           51.650         51.648           28.300         26.766           12.871         6.789           9.933         16.852           472.159         440.292           435.622         405.228           36.537         35.064	Sept, 2008         June, 2008         Sept, 2008           369.405         338.237         455.751           51.650         51.648         112.362           28.300         26.766         42.720           12.871         6.789         16.752           9.933         16.852         34.430           472.159         440.292         662.015           435.622         405.228         605.257           36.537         35.064         56.758

#### Value-added tax on sales and services (ICMS / IVA / VAT)

Brazilian law authorizes manufacturers of goods to set off the ICMS tax paid upon the purchase of raw materials against the taxes charged upon the sale of the finished goods manufactured with such raw materials. Recoverable ICMS derives from tax credits received by the Company in connection with ICMS taxes paid upon its purchase of raw-materials, packaging materials and other goods, which are offset against ICMS taxes resulting from the sale of the Company's products. As export sales are exempt from ICMS and a relevant portion of the Company's sales are export sales, a tax credit is generated.

The Tax Authority of the State of São Paulo (Secretaria da Fazenda do Estado de São Paulo) filed administrative proceedings against the Company challenging the amount of the Company's ICMS tax credits arising from the purchase of cattle by the Company in other Brazilian states. The Tax Authority of the State of São Paulo claims that the tax incentives granted by such other states were not based upon an agreement with the State of São Paulo, and accordingly, the Tax Authority of the State of São Paulo only recognizes the Company's ICMS tax credits up to the amount of the ICMS tax paid in such other states. The Company's management believes that its accounting of the ICMS tax credit is in accordance with Brazilian law, and expects to be reimbursed of such credits.

#### PIS and COFINS (social contribution on net income)

PIS and COFINS tax credits are generated as a result of PIS/COFINS taxes paid by the Company upon its purchase of raw-materials, packaging and other materials used in the manufacturing of its products against the PIS/COFINS taxes paid by Company upon the sale of its finished products. Similarly to ICMS and IPI, as exports of the Company's products are exempt from such taxes, a tax credit is created.

#### IRRF (withholding income tax)

IRFF corresponds to withholding income tax levied upon the redemption of marketable securities by the Company. The Company expects to set off such withholding income taxes against income taxes on net income paid for the applicable period.



















Notes to the financial statements for the three and nine months period ended September 30, 2008 (Expressed in thousand of reais)

#### **General comments**

Based upon final administrative decisions by the *Câmara Superior do Conselho de Contribuintes* and on the opinion of its legal counsels, the Company and JBS Embalagens has performed a monetary adjustment of its tax credits of PIS, COFINS and IPI based on the SELIC rate (which is the reference rate published by the Central Bank of Brazil). After such monetary adjustments, the total PIS, COFINS and IPI tax credits totaled R\$ 133.226. During the exercise was received an amount of R\$ 17.045, remaining receivable an amount of R\$ 116.181.

#### 9 Related parties transactions

Transactions with related parties are mainly represented by sales operations from the parent company to its subsidiaries abroad, under normal market prices and terms, and by inter-company loans with controlled and related subsidiaries with interests. Balances between related parties in the balance sheet and income statement are the following:

	Trade accounts	Trade accounts		Sales of	
September 30, 2008	receivable	payable	Purchases	products	Credits (Debits)
Mouran Alimentos Ltda.	-	-	-	-	4.531
JBS Confinamento Ltda.	62	5.335	10.198	226	24.481
JBS Embalagens Metálicas Ltda.	5	1.020	36.812	-	60.484
JBS Global Beef Company SU Lda.	-	-	-	-	(44.986)
JBS Global (UK) Limited	30.050	-	-	156.105	-
JBS Argentina S.A	-	2.098	6.356	-	-
The Tupman Thurlow Co.	12.407	72	-	33.302	5.056
JBS Global A/S (Dinamarca)	-	-	-	-	(725)
Global Beef Trading SU Lda.	241	-	-	19.971	-
Beef Snacks Brasil Ind.Com.Alimento Ltda	1.026	18	24	13.345	54.165
Beef Snacks International BV	-	-	-	-	3.588
Inalca JBS S.p.A	498	-	-	10.919	-
JBS USA, Inc	-	-	-	-	974.074
JBS Agropecuária Ltda.	222	7.664	22.281	2.191	-
Flora Produtos de Higiene e Limpeza S.A.	6.425	7	10	85.729	-
Marr Russia L.L.C	1.114	4	-	16.299	-
JBS Holding Internacional. S. A.			-	-	9.813
	52.050	16.218	75.681	338.087	1.090.481

	Trade accounts	Trade accounts		Sales of	
June 30, 2008	receivable	payable	Purchases	products	Credits (Debits)
Mouran Alimentos Ltda.	-	-	-	-	3.822
JBS Confinamento Ltda.	365	-	-	208	11.832
JBS Embalagens Metálicas Ltda.	1	3.740	26.522	-	66.003
JBS Global Beef Company SU Lda.	-	-	-	-	(37.410)
JBS Global (UK) Limited	14.530	-	-	119.292	-
JBS Argentina S.A.	-	31	3.508	-	-
The Tupman Thurlow Co.	2.607	60	-	22.960	15.131
JBS Global A/S (Denmark))	-	-	-	-	(675)
Global Beef Trading SU Lda.	741	-	-	17.501	-
Beef Snacks Brasil Ind.Com.Alimento Ltda	1.899	-	7	10.372	40.510
Beef Snacks International BV	-	-	-	-	2.927
Inalca JBS S.p.A	-	-	-	10.436	-
JBS USA, Inc	-	-	-	-	240.850
JBS Agropecuária Ltda.	-	1.274	5.426	-	-
Flora Produtos de Higiene e Limpeza S.A.	12.216		-	65.329	
	32.359	5.105	35.463	246.098	342.990



















Notes to the financial statements for the three and nine months period ended September 30, 2008 (Expressed in thousand of reais)

#### 10 Investments in subsidiaries

#### a) Relevant information about subsidiaries

Three months period ended September 30, 2008	Company's share quantity (Thousand)	Participation	Capital stock	Shareholders' equity	Net income (loss)
JBS Embalagens Metálicas Ltda.	10.002	99,00%	2	39.169	(335)
JBS Global Investments S.A.	93.000	100,00%	178.030	70.497	(9.195)
JBS Holding Internacional. S. A.	602.071	100,00%	602.071	469.514	62.758
JBS Global A/S (Denmark))	232	100,00%	85.970	126.900	1.897
Mouran Alimentos Ltda.	120	70,00%	120	(20.931)	(2.661)
JBS USA, Inc.	0,1	100,00%	1.812.679	1.941.887	208.592
SB Holdings, Inc	20	100,00%	19	3.372	656
JBS Confinamento Ltda	30.001	100,00%	30.001	29.260	(111)
Inalca JBS S.p.A	280.000	50,00%	941.728	1.032.668	26.924

Three months period ended June 30, 2008	share quantity (Thousand)	Participation	Capital stock	Shareholders' equity	Net income (loss)
JBS Embalagens Metálicas Ltda.	10.002	99%	2	39.502	(109)
JBS Global Investments S.A.	90.000	100%	143.271	44.902	(75.751)
JBS Holding Internacional. S. A.	569.079	100%	569.079	373.765	(24.862)
JBS Global A/S (Denmark))	222	100%	72.488	108.909	3.432
Mouran Alimentos Ltda.	120	70%	120	(18.271)	(1.459)
JBS USA, Inc.	0,1	100%	1.507.394	1.457.310	113.757
SB Holdings, Inc	20	100%	16	2.216	(122)
JBS Confinamento Ltda	30.001	100%	30.001	29.371	(618)
Inalca JBS S.p.A	280.000	50%	876.407	934.688	7.701

Company's

#### b) Investments movement

	Balance as of June 30, 2008	Addition (disposal)	Goodwill (amortization)	Exchange rate variation	Equity	Balance as of Sept 30, 2008
JBS Embalagens Metálicas Ltda.	39.107	-	-	-	(329)	38.778
JBS Global Investments S.A.	44.903	4.714	-	30.075	(9.195)	70.497
JBS Holding Internacional. S. A.	373.764	32.993	-	-	62.758	469.515
JBS Global A/S (Denmark))	108.910	7.272	-	8.821	1.897	126.900
Mouran Alimentos Ltda.	(12.789)	-	-	-	(1.863)	(14.652)
JBS USA, Inc.	2.174.023	-	(43.880)	275.985	208.592	2.614.720
SB Holdings, Inc	20.567	-	(853)	501	656	20.871
JBS Confinamento Ltda.	29.371	-	-	-	(111)	29.260
Inalca JBS S.p.A Transfer to Other current liabilities	740.982	(38.308)	-	53.835	13.462	769.971
(Negative equity Mouran)	12.789					14.652
Total	3.531.627	6.671	(44.733)	369.217	275.867	4.140.512

## c) Goodwill

#### In the Company

In July 2007 the Company acquired 100% of the capital stock of Swift Foods Company, actual JBS USA, Inc., and paid a goodwill of R\$ 877.609, based on the expectation of future profitability. The goodwill will be amortized as long as such profits are earned, during a period of five years. During the three and nine months period ended September 30, 2008 the goodwill was amortized in the amount of R\$ 43.880 and R\$ 131.640, respectively, and the actual accumulated goodwill amortization is R\$ 204.775.



















Notes to the financial statements for the three and nine months period ended September 30, 2008 (Expressed in thousand of reais)

In January 2007 the Company acquired 100% of the capital stock of SB Holdings, Inc., and paid a goodwill of R\$ 21.725 based on the expectation of future profitability of the subsidiary. The goodwill will be amortized as long as such profits are earned, during a period not exceeding ten years. During the three and nine months period ended September 30, 2008 the goodwill was amortized in the amount of R\$ 853 and R\$ 2.537, and the actual accumulated goodwill amortization is R\$ 4.226.

In March of 2008 the Company acquired 50% of the capital stock of Inalca S.p.A., presently known as Inalca JBS, and paid a goodwill of EUR 94.181, which correspond as of September 30, 2008 to R\$ 253.637, based on the expectation of future profitability. The goodwill will be amortized as long as such profits are earned, during a period not exceeding ten years.

As described in note 18 d), the Company intends to exclude permanently the goodwill from the dividends calculation base.

#### In subsidiary

In 2007, JBS Holding Internacional S.A., through its subsidiaries JBS Argentina S.A. and JBS Mendoza S.A., acquired 100% of the capital stock of Consignaciones Rurales S.A. and Argenvases S.A.I.C. and in 2008, through the same subsidiaries, acquired 100% of the capital stock of Colcar S.A., with a total goodwill in these acquisition of \$53.341 thousand argentinean pesos, that corresponds as of September 30, 2008 to R\$ 32.597. These goodwill are based on the expectation of future profitability and it will be amortized during the period and extension of the projections that determined it, not to exceed 10 years.

#### 11 Property, plant and equipment, net

#### Company

	Annual Depreciation Rates				Net ar	nount
		Cost	Revaluation	Accumulated Depreciation	Sept, 2008	June, 2008
Buildings	4%	407.508	116.742	(33.120)	491.130	446.058
Land	-	107.469	9.352	-	116.821	116.821
Machinery & equipment	10%	303.343	45.795	(61.103)	288.035	258.830
Installations	10%	93.711	21.815	(20.207)	95.319	89.381
Computer equipment	20%	14.516	739	(7.061)	8.194	8.111
Vehicle and airplanes	20%	72.462	460	(43.607)	29.315	31.356
Construction in progress	-	564.762	-	-	564.762	492.602
Others	10 to 20%	19.640	3.877	(8.569)	14.948	13.878
	_	1.583.411	198.780	(173.667)	1.608.524	1.457.037

#### Consolidated

				<u>-</u>	Net ar	nount
	Annual Depreciation Rates	Cost	Revaluation	Accumulated Depreciation	Sept, 2008	June, 2008
Buildings	3 to 20%	1.374.145	116.742	(154.749)	1.336.138	1.232.313
Land	-	413.543	9.352	(8.822)	414.073	387.457
Machinery & equipment	8 to 10%	1.573.656	45.795	(561.780)	1.057.671	957.306
Installations	10%	98.964	21.815	(20.811)	99.968	90.967
Computer equipment	20 to 100%	61.752	739	(30.262)	32.229	31.020
Vehicle and airplanes	14 to 50%	104.081	460	(53.134)	51.407	51.465
Construction in progress	-	792.347	-	` -	792.347	644.688
Others	10 to 100%	88.161	3.877	(37.412)	54.626	45.615
	<u>-</u>	4.506.649	198.780	(866.970)	3.838.459	3.440.831

Until December 2007, supported by appraisal reports from SETAPE- Serviços Técnicos de Avaliações do Patrimônio e Engenharia S/C Ltda., the Company made an appraisal of its facilities, resulting in an increase in the value of these assets, and the creation of the revaluation reserve and the related deferred income tax and social contribution provisions.

As of September 30 2008, the balance of the Company's revaluation of fixed assets account was R\$ 198,780, the balance of the Company revaluation reserve account was R\$ 119,927, and the balance of the Company income tax and social contribution account was R\$ 57,207. The Company recorded accrued depreciation of R\$ 21,646 with respect to the Company's revaluation of fixed assets as of September 30, 2008.



















Notes to the financial statements for the three and nine months period ended September 30, 2008 (Expressed in thousand of reais)

# 12 Trade accounts payable

	Com	Company		lidated
	Sept, 2008	June, 2008	Sept, 2008	June, 2008
Commodities	178.217	171.171	721.681	630.634
Materials and services	68.817	82.026	636.252	644.163
Finished products	3.940	4.355	51.845	28.282
	250.974	257.552	1.409.778	1.303.079

# 13 Loans and financings

# a) Company

Company	Amount surrens note of		
Modality	Annual average rate of interest and commissions	Sept, 2008	June, 2008
Financing for purchase of fixed assets			
FINIANE / FINEM - Enterprise financing	TJLP-UMBNDES index rate and interest rate of 3.0%	268.981	224 672
FINAME / FINEM - Enterprise financing	and interest rate of 3.0%	268.981	231.672 231.672
Loans for working capital purposes		·	
Loans for working capital purposes	Exchange rate variation and		
ACC - Exchange advance contracts	interest rate LIBOR + 0.45%	523.734	369.866
EXIM - BNDES export credit facility	TJLP and interest rate of 3.0%	172.137	267.003
	Exchange rate variation and		
Fixed Rate Notes with final maturity in February 2011 (Eurobonds)	interest rate of 9.375%	533.698	444.499
Working Capital	CDI and interest rate of 6.0%	101.192	-
	Exchange rate variation and		
Export prepayment	interest rate of Libor + 1.0%	426.173	358.706
	Exchange rate variation and		
Fixed Rate Notes with final maturity in February 2016 (144-A)	Interest rate of 10.5%	583.838	498.464
NCE / COMPROR	CDI and interest rate of 2.0%	1.498.699	1.350.136
		3.839.471	3.288.674
Total Loans and Financings		4.108.452	3.520.346
Current and Long-term			
Current		1.432.960	1.298.887
Non-current		2.675.492	2.221.459
		4.108.452	3.520.346
Long-term installments have the following maturities:			
2009		96.017	70.277
2010		515.385	280.952
2011		987.874	921.673
2012		279.030	258.568
2013		222.896	212.419
2016		574.290	477.570
		2.675.492	2.221.459



















Notes to the financial statements for the three and nine months period ended September 30, 2008 (Expressed in thousand of reais)

#### b) Consolidated

Modality	Annual average rate of interest and commissions	Sept, 2008	June, 2008
Financing for purchase of fixed assets			
g paronace orou accord	TJLP-UMBNDES index rate		
FINAME / FINEM - Enterprise financing	and interest rate of 3.0%	268.981	231.672
Notes Payable	Interest rate Libor + 1.75%	19.993	16.995
		288.974	248.667
Loans for working capital purposes			
<b>5</b>	Exchange rate variation and		
ACC - Exchange advance contracts	interest rate LIBOR + 0.45%	628.253	439.986
EXIM - BNDES export credit facility	TJLP and interest rate of 3.0%	172.137	267.003
	Exchange rate variation and		
Fixed Rate Notes with final maturity in February 2011 (Eurobonds)	interest rate of 9.375%	533.698	444.499
Working Capital - American Dollars	Interest rate Libor + 1.1%	72.419	621.953
Working Capital - Australian Dollars	BBSY + 0.35%	97.118	122.860
Marking Conital Func	Euribor + Interests 0.15% -	202.024	000 474
Working Capital - Euros	1.75%	323.621	290.471
Working Capital - Reais	CDI and interest rate of 6.0%	101.192	-
	Exchange rate variation and		
Export prepayment	interest rate of Libor + 1.0% Exchange rate variation and	426.173	358.706
Fixed Rate Notes with final maturity February 2016 (144-A)	Interest rate of 10.5%	583.838	498.464
NCE / COMPROR	CDI and interest rate of 2.0%	1.524.226	1.375.005
		4.462.675	4.418.947
Total		4.751.649	4.667.614
Current and Lang tarm	•		
Current and Long-term Current		1.949.938	2.322.907
Non-current		2.801.711	2.344.707
	•	4.754.640	4 667 644
Long torm installments have the following meturities:		4.751.649	4.667.614
Long-term installments have the following maturities: 2009		104.488	82.952
2010		539.177	305.689
2011		1.009.681	942.019
2012		299.549	277.326
2013		235.259	212.419
2016		613.557	524.302
		2.801.711	2.344.707

Exchange Contract Advances (ACCs) are credits funded by financial institutions to JBS S.A. and subsidiary, amounting to US\$ 273,590 thousands on September 30, 2008 (US\$ 232.342 thousands as of June 30, 2008) and are used to finance the Company's export sales.

Outstanding amounts of export pre-payment loans were US\$ 222,626 thousands on September 30, 2008 (US\$ 225,332 thousands on June 30, 2008). Such loans were funded by financial institutions.

NCE (Notas de Crédito à Exportação)/COMPROR are an export finance credit facility linked to COMPROR used to finance the purchase of raw materials used in the Company's export products.

EUROBONDS - JBS S.A. issued 9.375% fixed rate notes due in 2011 in total aggregate amounts of US\$200 million on February 6, 2006 and US\$75 million on February 14, 2006. These notes are guaranteed by JBS S.A. and J&F Participações S.A.

144-A - JBS S.A. also issued the 10.5% fixed rate notes due on 2016 in the total aggregate amount of US\$300 million on July 28, 2006. These notes are also guaranteed by the Company.



















Notes to the financial statements for the three and nine months period ended September 30, 2008 (Expressed in thousand of reais)

# 14 Payroll, social charges and tax obligation

	Company		Consolidated	
	Sept, 2008	June, 2008	Sept, 2008	June, 2008
Payroll and related social charges	23.968	25.817	78.708	74.739
Accrual for labor liabilities	48.438	43.079	156.100	118.794
Income tax	-	4	29.056	37.177
ICMS taxes payable	3.899	2.475	3.899	2.501
Others	3.702	3.298	31.572	21.424
	80.007	74.673	299.335	254.635

#### 15 Provision for contingencies

The Company and its subsidiaries are parties in several legal and administrative proceedings arising from the ordinary course of their respective businesses, including labor proceedings, civil proceedings and tax proceedings based on the estimative of its legal advisors. The Company has established provisions in its financial statements for the contingencies arising from these proceedings based on the estimates provided by its legal advisors. The table below sets forth the main information about the legal and administrative proceedings as of September 30, 2008:

Company				Consolidated
		Number of lawsuits/admini strative		
	Type of Proceedings	proceedings	Provision	Provision
Labor		1.079	5.606	8.797
Civil		466	12.815	13.256
Tax		152	24.665	25.090
Total		1.697	43.086	47.143

#### **Tax Proceedings**

a) ICMS - Value Added Tax (Imposto sobre Operações Relativas à Circulação de Mercadorias e sobre a Prestação de Serviços de Transporte Interestadual e Intermunicipal e de Comunicação)

The Tax Authority of the State of São Paulo (Secretaria da Fazenda do Estado de São Paulo) filed several administrative proceedings against the Company, under which the Tax Authority challenges the amount of the Company's ICMS tax credits arising from the purchase of cattle and meat transfer by the Company in other Brazilian states. The Tax Authority of the State of São Paulo claims that the tax incentives should be approved by Confaz, and are known as a "Tax War". The Tax Authority of the State of São Paulo do not recognizes the Company's ICMS tax credits up to the amount of the ICMS tax paid in such other states. The Company estimates that the claims under these administrative proceedings amount to R\$ 118,000 in the aggregate. In addition to presenting its defense in such administrative proceedings, the Company has filed legal proceedings seeking the payment of damages from such other states if the Tax Authority of the State of São Paulo prevails in these administrative proceedings. The legal proceedings filed by the Company suspended the requirements of the State of São Paulo.

Based on the opinion of the Company's legal counsels, the Company's management established a provision for losses arising from such administrative and legal proceedings in the amount of R\$ 826.

# b) PIS (Programa de Integração Social) and COFINS (Contribuição para Financiamento da Seguridade Social)

The Company has filed administrative proceedings challenging the calculation method used in the assessment of PIS and COFINS by the Federal Tax Authority (Secretaria da Receita Federal). The Company's management estimates that the contingencies arising from these legal proceedings amount to R\$6,969 in the aggregate. Based on the opinion of the Company's legal counsels and recent decisions granted by the Brazilian Federal Supreme Court (Supremo Tribunal Federal), the Company's management has recorded a provision for losses arising from such legal proceedings in the amount of R\$3,793.



















Notes to the financial statements for the three and nine months period ended September 30, 2008 (Expressed in thousand of reais)

#### c) CSLL - Social contribution on net profit (Contribuição Social sobre o Lucro Líquido)

Based on an amendment to the Brazilian Federal Constitution that exempted profits from exports from federal contributions, the Company has filed a lawsuit against the Federal Tax Authority (Secretaria da Receita Federal) seeking to exclude its profits from exports from the calculation of the Social Contribution on Net Profit (Contribuição Social Sobre o Lucro Líquido – CSLL) payable by the Company. The management believes, based on the opinion of the Company's legal counsels, that it will obtain success in the claim. Accordingly, the management of the Company has not established any provision for contingencies arising from these proceedings.

#### d) INSS - National Social Security Institute (Instituto Social de Seguridade Social)

In September 2002, the INSS filed two administrative proceedings (autos de infração) against the Company, seeking to collect certain social security contributions (which are referred to as contributions to the Rural Workers' Assistance Fund (NOVO FUNRURAL) in the aggregate amount of R\$69,194, that the Company should have allegedly withheld in connection with purchases of cattle from individual ranchers. As a result of a decision by a lower court in a proceeding to adjudicate a writ of mandamus action filed by the Company in order to challenge the constitutionality of such social security contributions, the administrative proceedings have been stayed and the INSS has been enjoined from collecting these social security contributions from the Company.

The INSS has not timely appealed from this decision and, accordingly, the proceeding has been submitted to the review of the Regional Federal Court of the 3<sup>rd</sup> Region as a matter of law. Currently, the proceedings await a ruling by such appellate court. Based on the opinion of the Company's legal counsel supported by precedents of the Federal Supreme Court in a similar case, the Company's management believes that the Company will prevail in these proceedings. Accordingly, the Company has not established any provision for contingencies arising from these proceedings.

In order to preserve its claims under the administrative proceeding and to avoid the lapse of the applicable statute of limitations period relating to these claims, the INSS sent the Company tax default notices (notificações fiscais de lançamento de débito) with respect to the contributions allegedly owed by the Company for the period from January 1999 to December 2003 in the aggregate amount of R\$69,194. In its defense to these default notices, the Company argued that it did not pay the contributions with respect to the period described in such notices in light of the favorable decision issued by the trial court reviewing the writ of mandamus action, which ordered the stay of the administrative proceedings and enjoined the INSS from collecting the contributions from the Company until a final decision is reached under such action.

An ongoing legal proceeding arguing as to the unconstitutionality of the contribution to the Rural Workers' Assistance Fund, with issues and factual circumstances similar to the writ of mandamus action is currently under review by the Brazilian Federal Supreme Court (Supremo Tribunal Federal). Up to the present moment, five of the ten judges opining on this proceeding have voted to declare this contribution unconstitutional and no judge has issued a dissenting opinion on this matter.

Based on this and other precedents and on the opinions of its external legal counsel, the Company's management believes the Company will prevail in these proceedings. Accordingly, the Company's management has not established any provision for contingencies arising from these proceedings. Currently, the Company is not forced to proceed any discount, or pay the amount. In case any discount is made, due to commercial negociation, the Company proceeds the discount and deposits it in Judgement, accomplishing the judicial decision.

Social Security Contributions – Third-party Entities. The INSS filed several administrative proceedings against the Company with claims totaling approximately R\$11,000, seeking to collect certain social security contributions with respect to third-party entities (contribuições previdenciárias – terceiras entidades) allegedly owed by the Company. These proceedings are based on a wrongful interpretation by the INSS of the Social Security Fund Code (Código do Fundo de Previdência e Assistência Social). Based on the opinion of the Company's external legal counsel, the management of the Company believes the Company will prevail in these proceedings. Accordingly, the management of the Company has not established any provision for contingencies arising from these proceedings.

#### e) Other Tax Proceedings

The Company is also party to 100 other tax lawsuits and administrative proceedings. Contingencies arising from these proceedings are not material to the Company if considered on an individual basis. We highlight the proceedings with probable risk of loss, which have been provisioned for in the aggregate amount of R\$ 20,046.



















Notes to the financial statements for the three and nine months period ended September 30, 2008 (Expressed in thousand of reais)

#### **Labor Proceedings**

As of September 30, 2008, the Company was party to (i) 1,079 labor lawsuits and administrative proceedings (*autos de infração*) filed by the Regional Labor Offices (*Delegacias Regionais do Trabalho*) involving claims in the total aggregate amount of R\$32,404 and (ii) 2 administrative proceedings filed by the Labor Department of Justice (*Ministério Público do Trabalho*) involving claims in the total aggregate amount of R\$258. Based on the opinion of the Company's external legal counsel, the Company's management recorded a provision in the amount of R\$5,606 for losses arising from such proceedings.

Most of these lawsuits were filed by former employees of the Company seeking overtime payments and payments relating to their exposure to health hazards.

#### **Civil Proceedings**

#### a) Slaughterhouse at Araputanga

In 2001, the Company (formerly known as Friboi Ltda.), entered into a purchase agreement for the acquisition of one slaughterhouse located in the City of Araputanga, State of Mato Grosso, from Frigorífico Araputanga S.A. ("Frigorífico Araputanga"). As a result of the payment of the purchase price by the Company and the acknowledgement by Frigorífico Araputanga of compliance by the Company with its obligations under the purchase agreement, a public deed reflecting the transfer of title of the slaughterhouse from Frigorífico Araputanga to the Company was registered with the applicable real estate notary.

As (i) Frigorífico Araputanga was a beneficiary of certain tax benefits granted by the Federal Government through an agency responsible for fostering the development of the northern region of Brazil (*Superintendência de Desenvolvimento da Amazônia* – SUDAM) and (ii) the slaughterhouse sold to the Company was granted by Frigorífico Araputanga to SUDAM as collateral for these tax benefits the consent of SUDAM was required for the registration of the public deed with the applicable real estate notary. In June 2004, Frigorífico Araputanga S.A. filed a lawsuit against the Company in a state court located in the City of Araputanga, State of Mato Grosso, alleging that the Company breached the purchase agreement and seeking an injunction to prevent the Company from finalizing the transfer of the slaughterhouse and a declaratory judgment that the purchase agreement and the public deed registered with the real estate notary were null and void.

In the lawsuit, Frigorífico Araputanga claimed that the sale of the slaughterhouse should be nullified as the Company did not obtain the consent of SUDAM in order to register the public deed with the applicable real estate notary. In January 2005, the court of appeals (*Tribunal de Justiça do Mato Grosso*) held that the Company had complied with all material terms of the purchase agreement. The lawsuit was subsequently submitted to the review of the Federal Court of Cáceres, under No. 2005.36.01.001618-8, in light of the inclusion of the Federal Government as a party to the lawsuit. The Company obtained the consent of *Unidade de Gerenciamento dos Fundos de Investimento* - UGFIN, the successor of SUDAM, according to the Federal Regional Court of the 1<sup>st</sup> Region (*Tribunal Federal da 1ª Região*) decision, under Proceedings No. 2006.01.00.024584-7.

The parties are waiting for ruling following a judicial expert appraisal favorable to the company, that after evaluating the payments made by Agropecuária Friboi, the appraisal concluded that the debit was already paid. The judicial appeal number 2006.01.00.024584-7 was judged favorably to the Company, when the "TRF" Regional Federal Court declared valid the purchase tittle deeds of the property, object of discussion. Based on the Company's legal advisers' opinion and based on brazilian jurisprudence management of the Company believes that their arguments will prevail and no provision was registered.

#### b) Trademark Infringement

In July 2005, Frigorifico Araputanga filed a lawsuit against the Company seeking damages in the amount of R\$26,938 and punitive damages in the amount of R\$100,000 for the use by the Company of the trademark "Frigoara" without Frigorifico Araputanga's consent. The amounts of the claim were based upon a report presented by Frigorifico Araputanga to the trial court, which appraised the value of the trademark "Frigoara" at R\$315,000.

The Company presented its defense against this lawsuit alleging that (i) the lawsuit should be analyzed and reviewed together with the lawsuit relating to the purchase of the slaughterhouse from Frigorifico Araputanga by the Company, (ii) the trademark "Frigoara" was used by the Company for a limited period of time, with the written consent and upon the request of Frigorifico Araputanga (the use of the trademark by the Company was a requirement of SUDAM to consent to the registration of the public deed contemplating the transfer of the slaughterhouse from Frigorifico Araputanga to the Company) and (iii) the amount of any damages under the lawsuit should be limited to a percentage of products sold by the Company under the trademark "Frigoara," pursuant to article 208 of the Intellectual Property Law. Almost all of the products manufactured by the Company were marketed under the trademark "Friboi." The only product marketed by the Company under the trademark "Frigoara" was minced meat, in limited amounts.



















Notes to the financial statements for the three and nine months period ended September 30, 2008 (Expressed in thousand of reais)

In light of the foregoing, the Company's management established a provision for losses arising from this lawsuit in the amount of R\$600. Following a determination of the judge of the trial court, the lawsuit was submitted to the review of the Federal Court of Cáceres on January 17, 2007. The judge of the Federal Court of Cárceres determined that this lawsuit be joined with the lawsuit relating to the purchase of the slaughterhouse by the Company from Frigorífico Araputanga. The Federal Government will be notified to issue an opinion on the matter under discussion in this lawsuit.

Based on the Company's legal counsel opinion supported by precedents of the Federal Brazilian Supreme Court (*Supremo Tribunal Federal*) and the Brazilian Superior Court of Justice (*Superior Tribunal de Justiça*), the Company's management believes that the Company will prevail in these proceedings.

#### c) Others

The Company is party in several civil lawsuits, mainly, pursuant to which certain of the Company's former and current employees are seeking damages from accidents that occurred in the workplace, in amounts varying based on their salaries. Based on the opinion of the Company's legal counsel, the Company's management recorded a provision for losses arising from these lawsuits in the amount of R\$12,215 as of September 30, 2008.

# 16 Debit with third parties for investment

Refers to the amount of 65 million Euros that will be increased in Inalca's purchase price in case the Company achieves at least one of the following economic targets: EBITDA average over business year 2008, 2009 and 2010 equal or greater than Euro 75 million, or alternatively, EBITDA over business year 2010 equal or greater than Euro 90 million. In case none of these economical objectives is reached, the debit will be reverted against the goodwill of the acquisition.

#### 17 Income taxes

Income tax and social contribution are recorded based on taxable net income pursuant to the rates set forth in the applicable laws. Deferred income tax and social contribution are recorded based on the temporary differences between the carrying amounts on the Company's financial statements and the tax basis of assets and liabilities, as well as on the tax loss carry forward credits.

#### a) Reconciliation of income tax and social contribution of the Company

	Nine month period ende September 30.	
	2008	2007
Income before income tax and social contribution	316.422	49.177
Addition (Exclusion), NET: Permanent differences (Mainly equity in subsidiaries and exchange variation of investments) Temporary differences	(419.014) 11.933	180.611 (2.334)
Calculation basis for income tax and social contribution	(90.659)	227.454
Income tax and CSLL	2.435	(77.316)
	2.435	(77.316)
Temporary differences	(11.933)	(2.334)
Deferred income tax and social contribution	4.057	(794)
h) Defended in come too and conicl contribution		

# b) Deferred income tax and social contribution

	Company		Consolidated	
	Sept, 2008	June, 2008	Sept, 2008	June, 2008
Assets:				
. Over tax losses and temporary differences	20.308	17.666	343.392	290.123
	20.308	17.666	343.392	290.123
Liabilities:				
. Over revaluation reserve	57.207	58.091	57.207	58.091
. Over depreciation, amortization and others	-	-	407.478	350.928
	57.207	58.091	464.685	409.019

The Company and its subsidiaries have a track record of future taxable net income. The Company expects to recover the tax credits arising there from within eight years due to the termination of the causes of their contingencies.



















Notes to the financial statements for the three and nine months period ended September 30, 2008 (Expressed in thousand of reais)

# 18 Shareholders' equity

#### a) Capital Stock

Through the Extraordinary Shareholders Meeting held on January 2, 2007, shareholders approved amendments of the by-laws and the deployment of the 52,523,990 existing shares into 350,000,000 common shares and without nominal value. Through the Extraordinary Shareholders Meeting held on March 7, 2007, the shareholders approved a new amendment of the by-laws and the deployment of these 350.000.000 shares into 700,000,000.

On March 28, 2007, the Company increased its Capital Stock through an initial public offering of 150,000,000 of ordinary common shares at the share price of R\$ 8.00 per share, being the amount of R\$ 39,224 considered as capital increase and R\$ 1,160,776 considered as capital reserve (premium on shares issued).

Through the Extraordinary Shareholders Meeting held on June 29, 2007 shareholders approved the subscription of 227,400,000 new common shares, nominative, without nominal value by at the share price of R\$ 8.1523 per share, corresponding to R\$ 1,853,833 generating a capital reserve of R\$ 207. BNDES Participações S.A. – BNDESPAR ("BNDESPAR") subscribed to a significant portion of the new common shares representing the Company's capital. The subscription of the shares by BNDESPAR occurred through an assignment of a portion of the preemptive rights of the shareholders of J&F and/or ZMF in the subscription of new shares.

Through the Extraordinary General Meeting of April 11, 2008 shareholders approved the private issue of 360,678,926 new common, registered shares, without par value, at the price of R\$ 7,07 per share, corresponding to R\$ 2,550,000, generating a capital reserve of R\$ 279. BNDES Participações S.A. - BNDESPAR (BNDESPAR) and PROT - Fundo de investimentos em Participações (PROT) issued a significant portion of these new common shares. The subscription of shares by BNDESPAR and PROT occured through the cession of part of the preference right of the shareholders J&F and ZMF in the subscription of those new shares, pursuant to an investment agreement executed on March 18, 2008.

The Social Capital, subscribed and integralized on September 30, 2008 is represented by 1.438.078.926 ordinary shares, without nominal value. From the total shares, as described in letter e) below, 26.822.800 shares are maintained in treasury.

The Company is authorized to increase its capital by more 22.600.000 ordinary nominative shares.

#### b) Retained earnings reserves

#### Mandatory

Computed based on 5% of the net income of the year.

#### Reserve for expansion

It refers to the remaining balance of the net income after the computation of mandatory reserve and dividend distribution. The purpose of this reserve is to provide funds to investment in assets.

#### c) Revaluation reserve

Revaluation reserve reflects the appraisal effected by the Company, net of tax effects that are progressively offset against retained earnings to the same extent that the increase in value of the revalued property is realized through depreciation, disposal or retirement.

#### d) Dividends

Mandatory dividends correspond to 25% of the adjusted net income of the year, according to article 202 of Law 6.404/76.

The Company, considering that it has been generating positive EBITDA, deliberated that for the dividends calculation base, the foreign permanent investments exchange loss and the amortization of the goodwill of the foreign investments will be excluded.

#### e) Treasury Shares

The Board of Directors of the Company, based on the amendment of it by-laws and according to the normative instructions of CVM numbers 10/80, 268/97 and 390/03, authorized the acquisition of, not more, 39,230,164 shares of own emission for maintenance in treasury and subsequent alienation for payment of new investments, without reduction of the social capital.

On September 30, 2008, the Company maintained 26.822.800 treasury shares, with an average unit cost of R\$ 6.13, and the minimum and maximum acquisition prices were R\$ 4.42 and R\$ 8.53, respectively, not having happened alienation of the acquired shares.

The market value of the shares according to the negotiation as of September 30, 2008 was R\$ 4,74.



















Notes to the financial statements for the three and nine months period ended September 30, 2008 (Expressed in thousand of reais)

# 19 Financial income (expense), net

	Company Three months period ended September 30.		Consolidated Three months period ended September 30.	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Exchange variation	225.201	(16.497)	232.099	(43.802)
Results on derivatives	261.594	(54.927)	278.187	(73.531)
Interest - Loss	(103.882)	(53.677)	(130.397)	(77.866)
Interest - Gain	37.850	8.684	38.323	18.974
Taxes, contribution, tariff and others	(4.621)	(13.543)	(9.522)	(12.819)
	416.142	(129.960)	408.690	(189.044)

The financial income for the three month period ended September 30, 2008 is positively affected, by a significant amount, by exchange variation rate of the permanent investments in foreign currency. The impact of the referred exchange variation rate in the consolidated financial income is R\$ 423.853 and did not affected the EBITDA.

#### 20 Non-recurring expenses

	Comp	any	Consolidated Three months period ended September 30.			
	Three mont	•				
	2008	2007	2008	2007		
BONDS Expenses	(35.691)	-	(35.691)	-		
Initial public offering	<u> </u>	(1.653)		(1.653)		
	(35.691)	(1.653)	(35.691)	(1.653)		

Refers to non-recurring expenses referring to the "consent solicitation" process of the EURO BONDS and notes of the 144-A rule, as described in note 13.

# 21 Management's compensation

For the nine months period ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, the aggregate compensation paid by the Company to the Company's management was R\$ 2,250.



















Notes to the financial statements for the three and nine months period ended September 30, 2008 (Expressed in thousand of reais)

#### 22 Insurance coverage

The Company adopts the policy of maintaining insurance coverage for property, plant and equipment and inventories that are subject to risks, in the amounts considered sufficient to cover any loss arising from such risks. Due to the multi-location aspect of its business, the Company contracts insurance covering the maximum possible loss per operational unit. The insurance covers the following events: fire, flooding and landslide.

As of September 30, 2008 the maximum individual coverage was R\$ 99,000, considering all types of risks.

The insurance coverage related to the controlled company JBS Argentina has the same characteristics as explained above, and the maximum coverage as of September 30, 2008 and 2007 was US\$ 32 million (equivalent to R\$ 61,258).

The insurance coverage related to the controlled Company JBS USA, Inc. has the same characteristics as explained above, and the maximum coverage as of September 30, 2008 and 2007 was US\$200 million (equivalent to R\$ 382,860).

The insurance coverage related to the controlled Company Inalca JBS has the same characteristics as explained above, and the maximum coverage as of September 30, 2008 was Euros 141 million (equivalent to R\$ 379,726).

#### 23 Risk management and derivative instruments

The Company's operations are exposed to market risks primarily related to exchange rates, the credit worthiness of its customers, interest rates and cattle prices. These types of risks are monitored by its treasury area, which manages these risks through a system of statistical computation of the Value at Risk (VAR) and its technical committee. This committee is composed of board members and by the Company's financial executives, who monitor the risks, limits on financial positions and overall level of risk exposure.

#### a) Exchange Rate and Interest Rate Risk

The exchange rate and interest rate risks related to financings and loans, and accounts receivable from clients denominated in foreign currencies, inventories, are hedged on a transaction by transaction basis, through derivative instruments, such as swap contracts (dollar to CDI or LIBOR to fixed interest rates or vice-versa), futures contracts traded on the *Bolsa de Mercadorias e Futuros* - BM&F and forward contracts.

The notional value of the contracts is only accounted for in memorandum accounts.

The results of over-the-counter trades in the futures market and daily adjustments of currency future contracts are made realized and liquidated; on the BM&F, and, as of September 30, 2008, are accounted for as "Amounts receivable from or payable to future contracts".

The results of over-the-counter trades contracted with a future maturity date are recorded on the balance sheet.

#### b) Credit risks

The Company is exposed to credit risks in respect of accounts receivable, which are partially mitigated through the diversification of the credit profile of the Company's portfolio. The Company does not have a client that represents more than 10% of its combined net sales revenue, and its clients have good financial and operating indicators.

#### c) Purchase Price of Cattle

The Company is exposed to volatility with respect to the price of cattle, caused by climate factors, supply, transportation cost and agricultural policies. According to its inventory policy, the Company maintains individual physical control of its livestock, which includes anticipated purchases combined with operations on the future markets.

#### d) Estimated Market Value

The financial assets and liabilities of the Company are accounted in the balance sheet based on their respective acquisition cost, and the related classification of revenue and expenses in the income statement is accounted for based on its expected realization or liquidation value.

The market amount of the financial instruments and derivatives contracts as of September 30, 2008 were estimate based on the quotation market price.



















Notes to the financial statements for the three and nine months period ended September 30, 2008 (Expressed in thousand of reais)

#### e) Financial instriments information

Below are presented the assets and liabilities exposed to risks, which are subject to derivative instruments, as well as, the effects of those accounts in the income statements of the three months period ended on September 30, 2008:

			Income State	ments effects	
		-	Exchange		
EXPOSURE	Sept, 2008	June, 2008	variation	Derivatives	
OPERATING					
Accounts receivable - US\$ / € / £	570.869	325.869	82.198	(74.928)	
Investments - US\$ / €	3.427.908	2.888.882	356.362	-	
Inventories destined to export - @ cattle	75.816	74.637	-	6.022	
Order of sales - US\$ / € / £	684.981	433.689		(62.447)	
Subtotal	4.759.574	3.723.077	438.560	(131.353)	
FINANCIAL					
Credits with subsidiaries - US\$ / €	946.820	261.333	152.318		
Firm commitment for investment acquisition - US\$	(1.914.300)	(2.467.000)	-		
Loans and financings - US\$	(2.067.443)	(1.671.535)	(365.449)		
Imports payable - US\$	(17.522)	(28.268)	(228)		
Amounts receivable (payable) of forward contracts, NET	(63.171)	(8.096)		392.947	
Subtotal	(3.115.616)	(3.913.566)	(213.359)	392.947	
TOTAL	1.643.958	(190.489)	225.201	261.594	

Investments and Firm commitment for investment acquisition - Was deliberated, in the Council of Administration meeting, that the Hedge of the investments in overseas companies should not be done, as well as was decided that between the begining and closing times of any new acquisition of overseas companies the Hedge should be done, during this interval of time.

Order of sales - The notional is not registered in the balance sheet, therefore, the effects of the derivative variation will be compensated in the moment of the effective invoicing by the quotation of the foreign currency in the day of the invoice issue.

Firm commitment for investment acquisition - The notional is not registered in the balance sheet, therefore, the effects of the derivative variation will be compensated in the moment of the operation conclusion.

Credits with subsidiaries - For the credits with overseas subsidiaries Hedges are not performed, since it has the same characteristics of the investments.



















Notes to the financial statements for the three and nine months period ended September 30, 2008 (Expressed in thousand of reais)

#### 24 Aquisition contract in process

#### **National Beef**

In March 4, 2008, the Company executed the Membership Interest Purchase Agreement ("National Beef Agreement"), to acquire all of the membership interests representing the entire ownership of National Beef, a limited liability company organized under the laws of the state of Delaware, United States of America, which slaughters and trades boxed beef, case-ready beef and beef byproducts. Closing of the transaction contemplated in the National Beef Agreement is subject to customary regulatory approvals and other customary closing conditions. The Department of Justice of the United States filed a complaint in the Federal District Court challenging the acquisition. The Company look forward to defending this matter in court.

National Beef owns (i) three beef slaughter plants, one located in Dodge City, Kansas, one in Liberal, Kansas and the other in Brawley, California; (ii) two case-ready beef processing plants, specializing in products for sale to retailers destined to the end consumer, located in Hummels Wharf, Pennsylvania, and Moultrie, Georgia; (iii) one plant located in Kansas City, Kansas specializing in portioned products for commercial establishments and end consumers; and (iv) one transportation company, with approximately 1,200 vehicles including refrigerated transportation and transportation of live stock, headquartered in Liberal, Kansas.

Pursuant to the agreement, the Company shall pay US\$ 560 million to the members of National Beef, approximately US\$ 465 million of which shall be paid in cash and US\$ 95 million with JBS existing shares. At closing, the Company shall assume the debt and other liabilities of National Beef, resulting in an enterprise value of approximately US\$ 970 million. JBS intends to use shares held in treasury to effect the payment of the portion of the acquisition price to be paid with shares, and, for this reason.

#### 25 Subsequent Event

On October 23, 2008 the Company completed, through its subsidiary JBS USA, by US\$565 Million, the purchase of the beef unit of the Smithfield Group as well as their feedlot operations known as Five Rivers.

Smithfield Beef Processing owns (i) four beef slaughter plants, located in Green Bay, Wisconsin, Plainwell, Michigan, Souderton, Pennsylvania and Tolleson, Arizona; (ii) one grease producing plant located in Elroy, Pennsylvania; (iii) one cattle feedlot unit in South Charleston, Ohio; and (iv) one transportation division, with approximately 120 refrigerated transportation vehicles. Smithfield Beef Processing processes approximately 680 thousand tons of fresh beef annually. Five Rivers owns ten cattle feedlot units with a one time feeding capacity of 820,000 cattle units, located in the States of Colorado, Idaho, Kansas, Oklahoma and Texas.





















Notes to the financial statements for the three and nine months period ended September 30, 2008 (Expressed in thousand of reais)

# 26 Relevant information - Statements of cash flows for the nine months period ended September 30, 2008 and 2007

	Comp	any	Consoli	dated
-	2008	2007	2008	2007
Cash from operating activities				
. Net income (loss) of the period	322.914	(28.933)	322.914	(28.933)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to cash provided				
. Depreciation and amortization	48.372	42.147	160.941	82.118
. Allowance for doubtful accounts	3.185	629	6.142	1.212
. Goodwill amortization	134.177	1.293	134.177	1.293
. Minority interest	_	_	(932)	1.689
. Equity in subsidiaries	(214.780)	125.015	-	-
. Write-off of fixed assets	1.608	11.325	3.004	14.004
. Deferred income taxes	(4.057)	(1.347)	82.917	(1.060)
. Current and non-current financial charges	72.735	58.416	208.656	68.367
. Provision for contingencies	(2.893)	(2.949)	(10.789)	(4.115)
	361.261	205.596	907.030	134.575
Variation in operating assets and liabilities				
. Decrease (increase) in trade accounts receivable	(374.735)	62.592	(800.193)	(45.368)
. Decrease (increase) in inventories	(216.925)	53.298	(698.683)	(66.370)
. Decrease (increase) in recoverable taxes	(89.040)	5.229	(115.084)	31.803
. Decrease (increase) in other current and non-current assets	13.795	(54.876)	(551.728)	(32.679)
. Decrease (increase) in credits with related parties	(862.864)	37.761	(14.811)	-
. Increase (decrease) in trade accounts payable	(104.733)	62.521	126.350	127.325
. Increase (decrease) in other current and non-current liabilities	208.139	50.274	801.473	33.565
. Net effect of the working capital of acquired company	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(147.353)	58.913
Total cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(1.065.102)	422.395	(492.999)	241.764
Cash used in investing activities				
. Additions to property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	(330.489)	(329.415)	(709.894)	(458.895)
. Additions to deferred charges	(2.534)	(020.110)	(2.776)	(100.000)
. Increase in investments	(1.696.360)	(2.055.711)	(327.973)	(601.625)
Total and word in investigation	(0.000.000)	(0.205.406)	(4.040.042)	(4.000.500)
Total cash used in investing activities	(2.029.383)	(2.385.126)	(1.040.643)	(1.060.520)
Cash from financing activities				
. Loans and financings	2.844.292	1.293.110	3.043.993	2.842.912
. Payments of loans and financings	(1.380.866)	(1.498.325)	(3.022.246)	(3.718.259)
. Increase in capital stock and goodwill in subscription	2.550.279 <sup>°</sup>	3.054.040	`2.550.279 <sup>°</sup>	3.054.040
. Shares acquisition of own emission	(164.511)		(164.511)	
Total cash provided by financing activities	3.849.194	2.848.825	2.407.515	2.178.693
Net increase (decrease) in cash	754.709	886.094	873.873	1.359.937
Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments at the beginning				
of the period	869.784	199.721	1.381.703	261.071
Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments at the end				
of the period	1.624.493	1.085.815	2.255.576	1.621.008





















Notes to the financial statements for the three and nine months period ended September 30, 2008 (Expressed in thousand of reais)

# 27 Relevant information - Statements of cash flows for the three month period ended September 30, 2008 and 2007

	Comp	any	Consoli	dated
<u>-</u>	2008	2007	2008	2007
Cash from operating activities				
. Net income (loss) of the period	693.979	(78.304)	693.979	(78.304)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to cash provided				
. Depreciation and amortization	16.761	14.328	52.684	44.219
. Allowance for doubtful accounts	2.160	(734)	4.211	169
. Goodwill amortization	44.733	426	44.733	426
. Minority interest	(075 007)	-	(362)	-
Equity in subsidiaries	(275.867)	83.615	- 0.470	704
. Write-off of fixed assets	783	155	2.178	731
. Deferred income taxes	(2.642)	678	57.738	1.143
. Current and non-current financial charges	(153.652)	65.195	152.943	68.393
. Provision for contingencies	(2.893)	(4.924)	(7.502)	(6.304)
	323.362	80.435	1.000.602	30.473
Variation in operating assets and liabilities  . Decrease (increase) in trade accounts receivable	(168.131)	29.558	(253.313)	6.361
. Decrease (increase) in trade accounts receivable  . Decrease (increase) in inventories	7.542	65.701	(217.637)	26.203
. Decrease (increase) in recoverable taxes	(31.867)	7.105	(42.381)	(9.902)
. Decrease (increase) in other current and non-current assets	(4.871)	(30.181)	(167.107)	(34.860)
. Decrease (increase) in credits with related parties	(577.310)	7.434	(7.341)	(34.000)
. Increase (decrease) in trade accounts payable	(6.807)	66.590	100.167	73.899
. Increase (decrease) in other current and non-current liabilities	47.188	3.425	181.693	(18.148)
Total cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(410.894)	230.067	594.683	74.026
Cash used in investing activities				
. Additions to property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	(169.031)	(92.884)	(226.567)	(132.907)
. Additions to deferred charges	(1.284)	(02.001)	(1.267)	(102.001)
. Increase in investments	(6.671)	(1.871.660)	(3.130)	(580.708)
Total cash used in investing activities	(176.986)	(1.964.544)	(230.964)	(713.615)
Cash from financing activities				
. Loans and financings	588,210	824.579	680.764	2.296.722
. Payments of loans and financings	(467.819)	(595.551)	(1.222.022)	(2.765.461)
. Increase in capital stock and goodwill in subscription	-	1.854.040	-	1.854.040
. Shares acquisition of own emission	(36.772)		(36.772)	
Total cash provided by financing activities	83.619	2.083.068	(578.030)	1.385.301
Net increase (decrease) in cash	(504.261)	348.591	(214.311)	745.711
Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments at the beginning	•		-	
of the period	2.128.754	737.224	2.469.887	875.297
Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments at the end	4 694 409	4 00F 04F	2 255 57C	4 604 000
of the period	1.624.493	1.085.815	2.255.576	1.621.008

\* \* \* \* \*



















# 3<sup>rd</sup> Quarter 2008 Results



# JBS S.A.

November 3, 2008

# **Investor Relations Contact**

Jeremiah O'Callaghan: IR Director Rodrigo Gagliardi: IR Manager

E-mail: ir@jbs.com.br

Phone: +55 (11) 3144-4055 Website: www.jbs.com.br

# **3Q08 Conference Call**

**Date:** Wednesday, November 5, 2008

Portuguese: 10h00 (Brazil time) 07h00 (Nova York time) Phone: +55 (11) 3301-3000 There won't have any code

> English: 12h00 (Brazil time) 09h00 (New York time) Phone: +1 (973) 935-8893 Code: 70643004

**São Paulo, November 3, 2008**- JBS S.A. ("JBS") (Bovespa: JBSS3), the world's largest producer and exporter of beef announces today its third quarter results for 2008. The information used to find the results of the third-quarter date from 06/30/08 (2nd quarter 2008), 09/30/08 (3rd quarter 2008) and 09/30/07 (3rd quarter 2007).

The consolidated results of JBS are presented in Reais (R\$) and when separately analyzed each business sector divulges its results in the currency of its respective country. The operations of JBS Australia are an integrated component of the subsidiary JBS USA and both results refer to the period of 13 weeks ending September 28, 2008.

#### THIRD QUARTER HIGHLIGHTS

- ✓ The best quarterly consolidated results in the history of the Company with EBITDA of R\$470.5 millions, and net revenue of R\$7,771.5 millions and profit of R\$694.0 millions.
- ✓ JBS USA Beef also performed at an historic level and confirmed the awaited increase in the EBITDA margin from 5.1% in the 2Q08 to 5.6% in the 3Q08.
- ✓ There was a significant increase in the EBITDA margin in the pork business in the United States from 3.2% in the 2Q08 to 7.6% in the 3Q08.
- ✓ In Brazil the net revenues grew 27.6% and underwent a considerable recuperation of the EBITDA margin of 5.5% in the 2Q08 to 6.2% in the 3Q08.
- ✓ An important increase in the export volumes of Argentina, coupled with an increase in local market sales, resulted in better margins in this respective market. The EBITDA was \$19.6 million Argentine pesos in the 3Q08 compared with -\$11.7 million Argentine pesos in 2Q08.

R\$ million	3Q08	2Q08	Δ%	3Q07	Δ%
Net Revenue	7,771.5	7,129.5	9.0%	5,233.6	48.5%
Cost of Goods Sold	-6,830.5	-6,435.7	6.1%	-4,744.5	44.0%
EBITDA					
JBS USA Beef (US\$)	155.6	132.9	17.1%	-11.6	1441.6%
JBS USA Pork (US\$)	52.1	19.9	161.8%	15.5	236.1%
INALCA JBS (Euro)	7.6	7.5	1.0%	_*	_*
JBS Brasil (R\$)	91.5	63.0	45.3%	175.8	-47.9%
JBS Argentina (\$ Pesos)	19.6	-11.7	-	2.5	673.0%
Consolidated EBITDA	470.5	290.8	61.8%	174.9	169.1%
EBITDA Margin	6.1%	4.1%		3.3%	
Net financial income	408.7	-508.8	-	-189.0	-
Net Income (Loss)	694.0	-364.4	-	-78.3	-
Net Debt/EBITDA	2.3x	2.8x		3.3x	
Profits per Share	0.49	-0.26	-	-0.07	_

<sup>•</sup> The INALCA acquisition was concluded in 03/03/2008, so it didn't belong to JBS in the 3Q08.

#### MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT

Speculation about the duration of and the actual impact of the "global crisis" has resulted in a never seen before increase in the volatility of the capital markets. This scenario of instability is seen by us here at JBS as a unique opportunity to demonstrate our competency, solidarity, and risk management skills that have resulted in our current stable financial situation. Furthermore, this demonstrates our ability to operate in both stable and adverse financial scenarios.

Our experiences and statistical studies of elasticity have proven that during past global crisis the consumption of beef was not reduced, and moreover we believe that the demand for our products will continue to be strong and with positive results for the upcoming quarters.

Some effects of this crisis, for example the movement of the exchange rate, have brought the company important benefits. The currency movement resulted in the valuation of assets from outside Brazil and contributed to the financial success of JBS, considering that over 80% of, our revenue is in US Dollars and almost all our debt is in Reais. We could also have operational advantages due to our diversified production platform which permitted us to maximize return in each region.

The third quarter of 2008 was of great importance for JBS presenting the greatest quarterly results in the history of our company. The results, the EBITDA and the operating profits reached historic levels. We see this as a great accomplishment especially considering the current uncertainty faced during the ongoing financial crisis.

During the same period we can observe and confirm the cycle of positive results in the American Beef market, where JBS USA besides improving margins significantly increased its export, entering into new markets such as South Korea and Russia as well as an increased demand of Japan, Canada, Mexico and Vietnam.

Also in the United States, on October 23rd, we completed the acquisition of the assets and beef processing operations of Smithfield Beef, which from now on will be known as JBS Packerland. In addition, we acquired the Five Rivers feedlot operations which will now be called JBS Five Rivers. As we do not agree with the US Department of Justice decision to impede the acquisition of National Beef Packing Company LLC, we will vigorously defend our position within the US judicial system.

In Brazil we continue growing and increasing our sales and participation in the market. We have maintained our slaughter volumes with the same levels as last quarter, regardless of the shortage of available cattle in the market. As a result, we have increased our participation in the total number of cattle slaughtered in Brazil (Vide Graph I). Our EBITDA margin has considerably recovered, influenced by the lower levels of price volatility of raw materials and better export results in both price and volume, assisted by the currency variations that has made our product more competitive and in a global environment of strong demand.

Thanks to the removal of the limitations on the exports of industrialized beef products out of Argentina, a considerable increase in margins and revenue are evidence of a turnaround in this market.

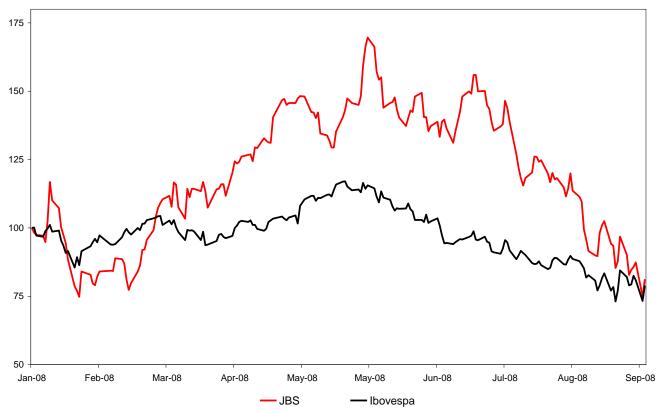
Taking into consideration the important participation that we have in the US market and in line with our global expansion and with our desire to reach out to investors abroad, we initiated our ADR (American Depositary Receipt) Level 1 program. This will increase our exposure and liquidity, generating more value for our shares.

We at JBS consider Human Capital our greatest worth and recognize the importance of the efficiency and dedication of all our more than 55 thousand collaborators for the success of our company. It is only with these people that we can spread our experience, knowledge and values through all our production and distribution platforms in 21 countries.

I would like to finalize by thanking these collaborators for their dedication as well as thanking all our clients, suppliers and investors. Regardless of the uncertainties of the present time, I feel extremely confident about the ongoing success of JBS and of our beef market generating good results over the coming quarters.

Joesley Mendonça Batista President

# STOCK PERFORMANCE (JBSS3)



Source: Bloomberg (100 = 01/02/08)

The shares of the Company performed positively in the period from March to June this year, but were penalized during the 3Q08 accompanying the tendency of the market due to the global financial crises.

Since the shares became part of the Ibovespa Index in may 2008, the liquidity increased from a average daily financial volume of R\$17 million in the period March, April 2008 to R\$23 million Reais between May and September 2008, an increase of 35,3%.

# ANALYSIS OF THE CONSOLIDATED RESULTS











The consolidated analysis of the principal operational indicators of J						
R\$ million	3Q08	2Q08				

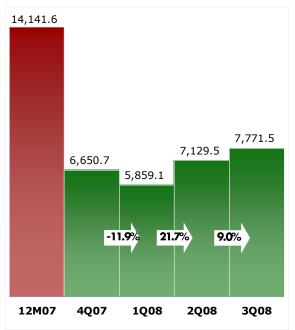
R\$ million	3Q08	2Q08	Δ%	3Q07	$\Delta$ %
Net Revenue	7,771.5	7,129.5	9.0%	5,233.6	48.5%
Cost of Goods Sold	-6,830.5	-6,435.7	6.1%	-4,744.5	44.0%
Gross Revenue	941.0	693.8	35.6%	489.1	92.4%
Selling Expenses	-402.4	-363.9	10.6%	-257.5	56.3%
General and Adm. Expenses	-120.8	-96.4	25.3%	-101.0	19.6%
Net Financial Income	408.7	-508.8	-	-189.0	-
Amortization of Goodwill	-44.7	-45.1	-0.8%	-0.4	11083.3%
Non-recurring Expenses	-35.7	0.0	-	-1.7	1999.5%
Operating Income	746.1	-320.4	-	-60.5	-
Non-operating Income	4.5	4.2	6.1%	5.0	-10.9%
Taxes and Social Contribution	-56.9	-48.4	17.6%	-25.5	123.2%
Minority Interest	0.36	0.20	81.0%	2.70	-86.6%
Net Income (Loss)	694.0	-364.4	-	-78.3	-
EBITDA	470.5	290.8	61.8%	174.9	169.1%
EBITDA Margin	6.1%	4.1%		3.3%	

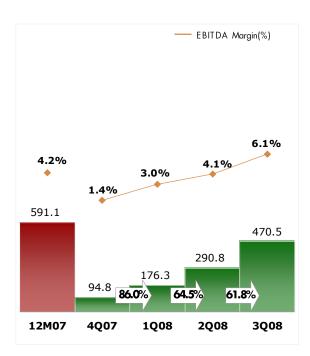
# Number of Head Slaughtered and Sales Volume

	3Q08	2Q08	Δ%	3Q07	∆%
Heads Killed (thousand)					
Cattle	2,954.4	2,885.0	2.4%	2,417.4	22.2%
Pork	3,240.2	3,083.2	5.1%	2,951.3	9.8%
Smalls	528.8	372.3	42.1%	112.4	370.7%
Volume Sold (thousand tons)	-	-		-	
Domestic Market	1,148.2	1,088.0	5.5%	858.4	33.8%
Fresh and Chilled Beef	991.0	955.3	3.7%	723.5	37.0%
Processed Beef	31.2	33.8	-7.7%	29.8	4.5%
Others	126.1	98.9	27.5%	105.1	20.0%
Exports	453.5	461.1	-1.7%	322.7	40.5%
Fresh and Chilled Beef	429.3	437.4	-1.9%	290.8	47.6%
Processed Beef	24.2	23.7	-	31.9	-
TOTAL	1,601.7	1,549.1	3.4%	1,181.2	35.6%

During the third quarter of 2008, JBS obtained the best consolidated quarterly result in the history of the Company, with revenue, EBITDA and net profits reaching record levels. This is proof that the Company's strategy of having diversified production platforms in the main beef producing countries protected JBS from the inherent risks of the business, among which are costs, availability of raw material, sanitary and commercial barriers, economic variables, exchange rates and government intervention.

EBITDA maintained the momentum of the significant growth of the previous quarter increasing 61.8% from R\$290.8 million in the 2Q08 to R\$470.5 million in the 3Q08. This same momentum can be observed in the net revenue which went from R\$7,129.5 million to R\$7,771.5 million.





Source: JBS

Without considering the acquisitions of National Beef and Smithfield Beef.

#### Debt

R\$ Million	09/30/2008	06/30/2008	Var.%
Total Net Debt	2,496.0	2,197.7	13.6%
Cash and Marketable Secuirites	2,255.6	2,469.9	-8.7%
Short term	1,949.9	2,322.9	-16.1%
Long term	2,801.7	2,344.7	19.5%
Total Debt	4,751.6	4,667.6	1.8%
Net Debt/EBITDA*	2.3x	2.8x	

<sup>\*</sup> Last 12 months till 09/2008

The JBS debt is made up primarily of working capital credit lines and by notes (Reg.S and 144A) amounting to the total face value of U\$575 million with expiry in 2011 and 2016, U\$275 million of which issued at an annual interest rate of 9,375%, payable quarterly and U\$300 million at an annual interest rate of 10.50% payable biannually.

In view of the various aspects of the financial structure of JBS and of its conservative nature and taking into consideration the present global economic instability, it is important to highlight the proportionality of the debt of the Company when compared with its capacity to generate cash. The net debt of R\$2.496,0 million of JBS represents revenue of one month of the Company, 2.3x EBITDA and is less than the Company's working capital needs of R\$2,865.9 million. See table comparing the company with its Brazilian and American peers:

# Liquidity Analysis

Balance Sheet*	JBS S.A.	Brazilian Peers (average)	USA Peers (average)
ASSETS	R\$ (million)	R\$ (million)	US\$ (million)
Cash, cash equivalents and Short-term investments	2.256	1.223	57
Trade accounts receivable, net	2.169	623	1.017
Inventories	2.381	988	2.776
Prepaid expenses and other	326	100	215
Total Permanent assets	4.995	2.312	3.493
LIABILITIES	R\$ (million)	R\$ (million)	US\$ (million)
Loans and financings Short Term	1.950	1.234	297
Payroll, social charges	299	192	0
Trade accounts payable	1.410	527	1.369
Other current liabilities	186	134	384
Loans and financings Long Term	2.802	2.072	3.158
Other non-current liabilities	114	121	531
Net Sale Revenue **	29.979	5.590	20.187
Ebitda **	1.079	596	653
Ebitda Margin (%)	3,60%	10,66%	3,24%
Working Capital	2.866	718	1.726
Net Debt	2.496	2.083	3.398
( Deficit ) or Surplus	370	(1.365)	(1.672)
Net Debt / Ebitda**	2,3x	3,5x	5,2x
Net Debt / Net Sale Revenue (per month)**	1,0 month	4,5 months	2,0 months

<sup>\*</sup>Last published information of the companies and JBS pro-forma Sep´08 (including JBS USA, Tasman and 50% of INALCA)
\*\*LTM

#### Short Term Debt Detailed

The Administration of the Company is secure that even if the present financial crisis has not abated until the next quarter the Company will not have difficulties in refinancing its short term debt and believes that in the final analysis there will be a possible increase in the cost of the debt. The Company did a sensitivity analysis considering firstly a probable scenario and secondly a pessimistic one in relation to the renewal of its short term financing facilities.

## Probable Scenario

Having contacted the main partnership banks of JBS, the Company received confirmation of the renewal of the short term credit lines and, thus, can estimate the following scenario:

		Sho	t Term l	Debt				Amorti	ization	
Short Term Debt	4Q08	1Q09	2Q09	3Q09	Total	%**	4Q08	1Q09	2Q09	3Q09
Financing for purchase of fixed assets										
FINAME /FINEM - Enterprise financing	48	12	12	12	84	100%	48	12	12	12
Notes Payable	2	-	-	_	2	100%	2	0	0	0
Sub Total 1	50	12	12	12	86	100%	50	12	12	12
Loans for working capital purposes										
ACC - Exchange advance contracts	116	174	216	122	628	0%	0	0	0	0
EXIM - BNDES export credit facility	103	69	0	0	1 <i>7</i> 2	0%	-	-	-	-
Fixed Rate Notes with final maturity in February 2011	2	2	2	1	7	100%	2	2	2	1
Working Capital - American Dollars	7	22	24	1 <i>7</i>	<i>7</i> 0	75%	5	16	18	13
Working Capital - Australian Dollars	-	-	97	-	97	0%	-	-	-	-
Working Capital - Euros	218	-	-	-	218	0%	-	-	-	-
Working Capital - Reais	101	-	-	-	101	0%	-	-	-	-
Export prepayment	5	130	13	13	161	0%	0	0	0	0
Fixed Rate Notes with final maturity February 2016 (144-A)	-	5	-	5	10	100%	-	5	-	5
NCE /COMPROR	63	245	-	92	400	0%	0	0	0	0
Sub Total 2	616	646	352	250	1,864	4%	7	23	20	19
Total	666	658	364	261	1,950	<b>8</b> %	57	35	32	31
Amortization of Short Term Debt										154
Carely and committed out on the Chart town investments and Chart	2000				0.056		0.100	0 144	0 100	0 100
Cash, cash equivalents and Short-term investments 3rd Qua	rier 2008				2,256		2,199	2,164	2,132	2,102

EBITDA 3rd Quarter 2008 47

Obs: The Finame, Finem and Finimp credit lines are automatically liquidated, meaning they are paid on expiry and are not renewable Trade finance, Working Capital and other credit lines are interchangeable, meaning they can be refinanced but not necessarily in the same category under which they were initially contracted.

<sup>\*</sup>Including Finimp

<sup>\*\*</sup>Percentage to be paid in the period

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Simulation of the availabilities and applications after the amortizations programmed for the respective quarter without taking into consideration cash to be generated in future quarters.

## Pessimistic Scenario

Considering a possible deterioration of the present credit crisis the Financial Department of the Company prepared the following table:

		Sho	t Term l	Debt				Amort	ization	
Short Term Debt	4Q08	1Q09	2Q09	3Q09	Total	%**	4Q08	1Q09	2Q09	3Q09
Financing for purchase of fixed assets										
FINAME /FINEM - Enterprise financing	48	12	12	12	84	100%	48	12	12	12
Notes Payable	2	-	-	-	2	100%	2	0	0	(
Sub Total 1	50	12	12	12	<u>86</u>	100%	50	12	12	12
Loans for working capital purposes										
ACC - Exchange advance contracts	116	174	216	122	628	20%	23	35	43	24
EXIM-BNDES export credit facility	103	69	0	0	1 <i>7</i> 2	20%	21	14	0	(
Fixed Rate Notes with final maturity in February 2011	2	2	2	1	7	100%	2	2	2	1
Working Capital - American Dollars	7	22	24	1 <i>7</i>	<i>7</i> 0	75%	5	16	18	13
Working Capital - Australian Dollars	-	-	97	-	97	0%	0	0	0	(
Working Capital - Euros	218	-	-	-	218	0%	0	0	0	(
Working Capital - Reais	101	-	-	-	101	30%	30	0	0	(
Export prepayment	5	130	13	13	161	20%	1	26	3	3
Fixed Rate Notes with final maturity February 2016 (144-A)	-	5	-	5	10	100%	0	5	0	
NCE /COMPROR	63	245	-	92	400	20%	13	49	0	18
Sub Total 2	616	646	352	250	1,864	<b>20</b> %	95	147	66	64
Total	666	658	364	261	1,950	<b>23</b> %	145	159	77	76
Amortization of Short Term Debt										457
Cash, cash equivalents and Short-term investments 3rd Qua	arter 2008				2,256		2,111	1,952	1,875	1,799

EBITDA 3rd Quarter 2008 47

Obs: The Finame, Finem and Finimp credit lines are automatically liquidated, meaning they are paid on expiry and are not renewable Trade finance, Working Capital and other credit lines are interchangeable, meaning they can be refinanced but not necessarily in the same category under which they were initially contracted.

<sup>\*</sup>Including Finimp

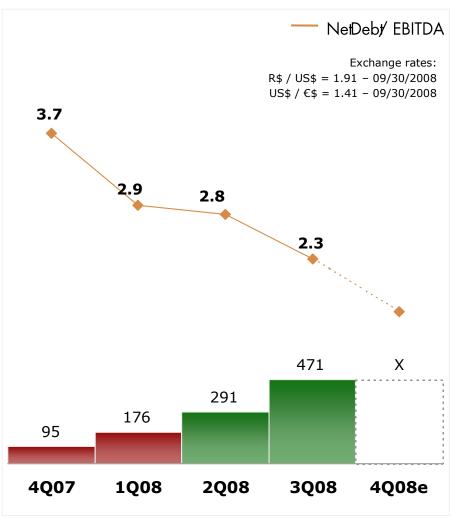
<sup>\*\*</sup>Percentage to be paid in the period

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Simulation of the availabilities and applications after the amortizations programmed for the respective quarter without taking into consideration cash to be generated in future quarters.

## Leverage

The increase in the value of the United States dollar has improved the financial leverage of the Company, representing a reduction of approximately 0.5x net debt/EBITDA, taking into consideration that today JBS obtains over 80% of its revenue in US Dollars while the vast majority of its debt is in Brazilian Real.

Without taking into consideration the acquisitions of National Beef and Smithfield Beef, the relation between net debt and EBITDA (last 12 months pro-forma) is negatively impacted due to week results in the last quarter of 2007 and the first quarter of 2008. The probability of better results in the last quarter of 2008 and the first quarter of 2009 will result in a significant reduction in the net debt/EBITDA ratio.



Source: JBS

# Variation in the exchange rates of the permanent investments in foreign currency, goodwill amortization and Hedge

The consolidated results of the third quarter are influenced by accounting standards (exchange rate on investments in foreign currency and amortization of goodwill in the purchase of JBS USA and SB Holding, Inc., which is worth emphasizing, does not affect the payment of dividends) and financial aspects (profits with derivative financial instruments to protect the amount of foreign exchange for investment in the acquisition of Smithfield Beef and National Beef). The impact of the exchange rates on the consolidated financial results is approximately US\$ 423.9 million in 3Q08. It is important to highlight that exchange variations do not have a cash effect on the Company, and as such, do not impact the EBITDA for the period.

## **Hedge Policy**

JBS has a department responsible for controlling and managing their financial risks that include currency variation, domestic and foreign interest rates volatility, liquidity risk and commodity price exposures related to the Company's business. For this, it uses management devices such as analysis of the macro-economic scenario, stress test, VAR (Value at Risk), IT systems and software of proven market quality and approved by market professionals of recognized ability of measurement, analysis and management of such risks.

The Financial (loans and applications), Commercial (exports), Supplies and Origination (imports and cattle purchasing) Departments are obliged to "nullify" their daily positions in a unitransactional manner (transaction to transaction), thus being unable to expose the Company to any risk, in either currency, financial interest or commodities, in any of these departments of the Company.

As a result of this structure, JBS does not recognize the existence/efficiency of the so called "natural hedge" at times of high market unpredictability, performing its transactions and operations directly in BM&F (Futures and Mercantile Stock Exchange) not dealing in double index or other such operations.

As decided by the Board of Directors of JBS, the Company does not hedge investments made in foreign companies. Similarly the Board decided that funds with the Company awaiting acquisitions/investments in foreign countries should be hedged.

## Capital Expenditure

In the 3Q08, the Company's total capital expenditure on property, plant and equipment, not including acquisitions, was R\$ 276.1 million.

## JBS USA - Beef Business Unit

- ✓ Improvements of effluent treatment installations in the Grand Island plant.
- ✓ Investments in the Dumas plant in equipment for ground beef processing, and in the hide treatment room and in the tannery hide drums (phase 3).
- ✓ Investments on Greeley factory in equipment for operational production efficiency gains.
- ✓ Other investments, such as the acquisition of new equipment and maintenance of production facilities.

# JBS USA - Pork Business Unit

- Realization of investments in the Marshalltown and Louisville units, in their casing plant, production line and general maintenance.
- ✓ Investments in a pork deboning system that utilizes carbon gas in the Worthington unit, and in improvements to generate production efficiency gains.
- ✓ Other investments, such as the acquisition of new equipment and maintenance of production facilities.

#### JBS Australia

- ✓ Investments in plate freezing systems, refrigeration and processing of value added products in the Dinmore factory.
- ✓ Expansion of the processing installations of green and red offal in the Beef City plant.
- ✓ Other investments, such as the acquisition of new equipment and maintenance of production facilities.

## **INALCA JBS**

- ✓ Investments in a new factory in Odinzovo (Moscow, Russia) dedicated to food service operations and the production of hamburgers. This plant is due to go into operation in the first quarter of 2009.
- ✓ Investments in the Ospedaletto plant to incorporate the Realfood 3 production facility of Piacenza used for deboning that was closed in the end of May 2008 and small investments in the Castelvetro plant.
- Enlargement of the distribution center of Piacenza used for deboning and the production of case ready products for Italian retail companies.
- ✓ Increase in the ham slicing capacity and the production of cured meats at the Gazoldo Degli Ippoliti (Mantova) plant, which is owned by the subsidiary Montana Alimentari S.p.A..
- ✓ Increase in the production capacity at the Busseto (Parma) facility.
- ✓ Small investments in logistics facilities in Angola (Luanda) and in the Democratic Republic of Congo (Kinshasa) to increase its storing capacity.
- ✓ Investments in a Cold Store in Algeria.
- ✓ Other investments, such as the acquisition of new equipment and maintenance of production facilities.

#### JBS Brasil

- ✓ Increasing the slaughtering and deboning capacity of the unit in Barra do Garças, Mato Grosso, from 1,300 heads/day to 2,500 heads/day. The first phase of the expansion has already been concluded and its current capacity is 2,000 heads/day.
- ✓ Increasing the slaughtering and deboning capacity of the unit in Campo Grande, Mato Grosso do Sul from 1,300 heads/day to 3,000 heads/day.
- ✓ Increasing the slaughtering and deboning capacity of the unit in Vilhena, Rondônia, from 900 heads/day to 2,200 heads/day. Deboning operations are already under way.
- ✓ Other investments, such as the acquisition of new equipment and maintenance of production facilities.

## The Smithfield Beef Acquisition

On October 23, 2008, JBS completed the purchase of the beef unit of Smithfield Group (Smithfield Beef) as well as their feedlot operations known as Five Rivers (Five Rivers) for approximately US\$565.0 million in cash. Payment was made using Company funds and from today onwards Smithfield Beef will be known as "JBS Packerland" and Five Rivers as "JBS Five Rivers".

## Consolidated Company Including JBS Packerland (US\$ million)







		and Five Rivers	Integrated	
Net Revenue (US\$ mm)	15,660.4	3,033.3	18,693.7	
EBITDA (US \$ mm)	563.9	139.3	703.2	
EBITDA Margin	3.6%	4.6%	3.8%	
Cash (US\$ mm)	1,178.3	-390.0	788.3	
Gross Debt (US \$ mm)	2,482.2	0.0	2,482.2	
Net Debt (US \$ mm)	1,303.9	0.0	1,693.9	
Net Debt / EBITDA	2.3x	0.0x	2.4x	
Slaughter Capacity (thousand heads/day)	57.6	7.6	65.2	
Units	98	16	114	
Employees	48,991.0	6,370.0	55,361.0	

Exchange rates:

R\$ / US\$ = 1.91 - 09/30/2008

Source: Company Estimates

JBS – annual report, quartely reports - Pro-forma LTM Set08 (including JBS USA, Tasman and 50% of Inalca)

Smithfield Beef – Managerial numbers LTM Set08 and 100% of Five Rivers LTM Set08

#### The National Beef Acquisition

JBS acknowledge that the Department of Justice of the United States has filed a complaint in the United States Federal District Court in Chicago in objection to the purchase of National Beef Packing Company, LLC. from US Premium Beef, LLC. JBS S.A. plans to vigorously defend the Department of Justice lawsuit.

On March 5, 2008, JBS announced the acquisition of National Beef for a total enterprise value of approximately US\$970.0 million. Under the terms of the Membership Interest Purchase Agreement, JBS will acquire all of the outstanding membership interests of National Beef. JBS will pay the members of National Beef total proceeds of approximately US\$465.0 million cash and US\$95.0 million in JBS common stock. JBS will assume all of National Beef's debt and other liabilities at closing. The sale will combine all of National Beef's operations and facilities, including National Carriers, Inc., and its ownership in Kansas City Steak Company, LLC. with JBS USA's beef operations.

# Shareholders Structure

Shareholders	Number of Shares		%
J & F Participações S.A.	632,781,603		44.0%
ZMF Fundo de Investimentos em Participações	87,903,348		6.1%
Shares in Treasury	26,822,800		1.9%
Free Float			
BNDES Participações S.A BNDESPAR	186,891,800	13.0%	
PROT - FIP	205,365,101	14.3%	
Minority Stockholders	298,314,274	20.7%	
Total of free float	690,571,175		48.0%
TOTAL	1,438,078,926		100.0%

Position in 09/30/2008.

## ANALYSIS OF RESULTS BY BUSINESS UNIT

## The Beef Business Unit of JBS USA (including JBS Australia)



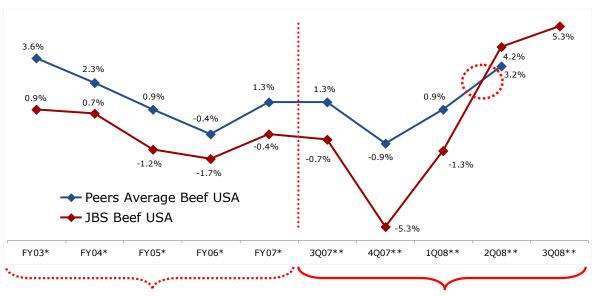


The beef business unit of JBS USA is the main revenue generator of the Company representing 43% of the total revenue. This business unit reached its best historical result besides confirming the tendency of the gradual increase in the EBITDA margin which went from 5.1% in 2Q08 to 5.6% in 3Q08.

The net revenue in 3Q08 reached US\$2,755.8 million, an increase of 4.8% when compared with 2Q08, regardless of a minor reduction in the number of heads killed due to the end of the peak consumption period in the Northern Hemisphere. This increase is due to an increment in revenue from exports (from US\$846.3 million in the 2Q08 to US\$ 880.5 million in the 3Q08) and to the increase in the average sales price (from US\$2.79/kilo in 2Q08 to US\$3.12/kilo in 3Q08) both of which compensated a reduction in the revenue of JBS Australia which was caused due to the devaluation of their Dollar.

The EBITDA margin of the beef business unit of JBS USA excluding JBS Australia was 5.3% in 3Q08, against 4.2% in 2Q08. The American beef business unit continues to improve its operational performance.

# Evolution of the EBITDA Margins of JBS USA (Beef) Compared with its peers in the beef sector



Previous Management

JBS S.A. Management

Source: JBS and estimates of JBS based upon public data from peers  $\,$ 

EBITDA margins of the Companies taking into consideration beef only in the US

\*Fiscal years for the Companies differ one from the other:

FY Tyson: October to September FY Smithfield: May to April

FY National Beef: September to August

FY JBS USA: June to May (altered after the acquisition)

\*\*The relevant quarterly period and adjustments made to the calendar year



# Financial Highlights





US\$ million	3Q08	2Q08	Δ%	3Q07	Δ%
Heads Killed (thousand)	1,680.2	1,811.9	-7.3%	1,488.2	12.9%
Net Revenue	2,755.8	2,630.0	4.8%	2,017.9	36.6%
EBITDA	155.6	132.9	17.1%	-11.6	-
EBITDA Margin %	5.6%	5.1%		-0.6%	

Domestic Market	3Q08	2Q08	$\Delta$ %	3Q07	$\Delta$ %
Net Revenue (million US\$)	1,875.3	1,783.7	5.1%	1,447.2	29.6%
Volume (thousand tons)	574.9	582.5	-1.3%	423.1	35.9%
Average Price (US\$/Kg)	3.26	3.06	6.5%	3.42	-4.6%

Exports	3Q08	2Q08	Δ <b>%</b>	3Q07	Δ%
Net Revenue (million US\$)	880.5	846.3	4.0%	570.7	54.3%
Volume (thousand tons)	281.8	303.3	-7.1%	183.3	53.7%
Average Price (US \$/Kg)	3.12	2.79	12.0%	3.11	0.4%

#### The Pork Business Unit of JBS USA



When analyzing the pork business unit of JBS USA one can observe an increase in production of 5.1% as the market prepares for its period of greatest consumption in the US. The net revenue for the 3Q08 was US\$682.2 million, an increase of 10% in relation to 2Q08 which was US\$619.9 million.

An increase in the average sales price added to a reduction in production costs resulted in a significant operational margin improvement. The EBITDA of this business unit increased 161.8% from US\$19.9 million in 2Q08 to US\$52.1 million in the 3Q08.

# Financial Highlights

Domestic Market

US\$ million	3Q08	2Q08	Δ%	3Q07	$\Delta$ %
Animals Killed (thousand)	3,240.2	3,083.2	5.1%	2,951.3	9.8%
Net Revenue	682.2	619.9	10.0%	570.3	19.6%
EBITDA	52.1	19.9	161.8%	15.5	236.1%
EBITDA Margin %	7.6%	3.2%		2.7%	

#### Breakdown of the Net Revenue

Net Revenue (million US\$)	576.9	512.3	12.6%	501.0	15.1%
Volume (thousand tons)	268.9	266.8	0.8%	208.7	28.8%
Average Price (US\$/Kg)	2.15	1.92	11.7%	2.40	-10.6%
Exports	3Q08	2Q08	$\Delta$ %	3Q07	$\Delta$ %
Net Revenue (million US\$)	105.3	107.6	-2.1%	69.3	51.9%
Volume (thousand tons)	41.8	50.4	-17.1%	27.8	50.7%
			10.10/	0.50	0.00/
Average Price (US\$/Kg)	2.52	2.13	18.1%	2.50	0.8%

2Q08

 $\Delta$ %

3Q07

3Q08

#### The INALCA JBS Business Unit



The EBITDA of INALCA JBS had a significant increase of 13.1% resulting from a reduction in operational costs partially due to the closure of the plant in Cadeo, whose production was transferred in its entirety to Ospedaletto. The net revenue was €143.1 million, boosted by a good performance in the production and sales of canned meats.

The international operations of INALCA JBS in Angola, Congo, Algeria and Russia performed excellently with a revenue increase of 22.2%. This result confirms the strategic position of the subsidiaries of INCALCA JBS on the international market.

## Financial Highlights

€million	3Q08	2Q08	Δ%	
Heads Killed (thousand)	119.9	111.1	7.9%	
Net Revenue	143.1	140.3	2.0%	
EBITDA	7.6	6.7	13.1%	
EBITDA Margin %	5.3%	4.8%		

Domestic Market	3Q08	2Q08	Δ%	
Net Revenue (million €)	99.1	106.7	-7.1%	
Volume (thousand tons)	24.4	26.7	-8.5%	
Average Price (€/Kg)	4.06	4.00	1.5%	
3 ( , 3)				
(	·			
Exports	3Q08	2Q08	Δ%	
	<b>3Q08</b> 44.0	<b>2Q08</b> 33.6	Δ <mark>%</mark> 30.8%	
Exports				

#### JBS Brasil Business Unit

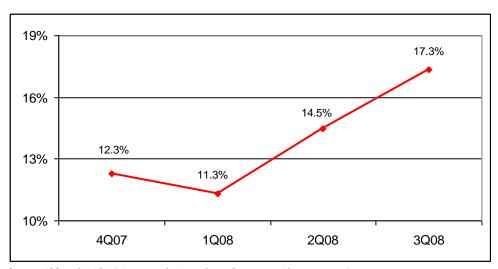


The EBITDA of this business unit increased 45.3% from R\$63.0 million in 2Q08 to R\$91.5 million in the 3Q08. This increase is due to the exchange variation of Real in relation to the US dollar and the price stability of the cattle, despite a considerable reduction in exports to the E.U..

As a result of the reduction of the beef slaughter capacity in the market combined with JBS constant slaughter, the Company increased its market share in the Brazilian market. See graph I.

This growth can be seen by the increase in net revenues of 27.6%, from US\$ 1,148.9 million in 2Q08 to R\$ 1,465.6 million in 3Q08, driven by increases in prices and volumes of exports. The increase in the average export price offset a reduction in the average price in the domestic market.

Graph I – Market Share of cattle slaughtering in JBS Brasil



Source: JBS and MAPA (Ministério da Agricultura, Pecuária e Abastecimento)

## Financial Highlights

R \$ million	3Q08	2Q08	∆%	3Q07	Δ%
Heads Killed (thousand)	914.7	861.4	6.2%	793.3	15.3%
Net Revenue	1,465.6	1,148.9	27.6%	1,027.7	42.6%
EBITDA	91.5	63.0	45.3%	175.8	-47.9%
EBITDA Margin %	6.2%	5.5%		17.1%	





Domestic Market	3Q08	2Q08	$\Delta$ %	3Q07	Δ%
Net Revenue (million R\$)					
Fresh and Chilled Beef	577.2	364.4	58.4%	284.5	102.9%
Processed Beef	55.6	61.8	-10.0%	39.7	40.2%
Others	144.1	158.3	-9.0%	126.0	14.4%
TOTAL	776.9	584.5	32.9%	450.2	72.6%
Volume (thousand tons)					
Fresh and Chilled Beef	112.9	71.6	57.6%	87.0	29.7%
Processed Beef	23.2	25.5	-8.8%	23.4	-0.7%
Others	95.5	85.7	11.5%	87.7	8.9%
TOTAL	231.6	182.8	26.7%	198.2	16.9%
Average Price (R \$/Kg)					
Fresh and Chilled Beef	5.1	5.1	0.5%	3.3	56.5%
Processed Beef	2.4	2.4	-1.3%	1.7	41.2%
Others	1.5	1.8	-18.4%	1.4	5.0%
Exports	3Q08	2Q08	Δ <b>%</b>	3Q07	Δ%
Net Revenue (million R\$)					
Fresh and Chilled Beef	593.4	449.9	31.9%	462.0	28.4%
Processed Beef	95.3	114.5	-16.8%	115.6	-17.5%
TOTAL	688.7	564.4	22.0%	577.6	19.2%
Volume (thousand tons)					
Fresh and Chilled Beef	88.0	72.2	21.8%	75.4	16.7%
Processed Beef	13.9	19.1	-27.4%	23.0	-39.7%
TOTAL	101.9	91.4	11.5%	98.4	3.5%
Average Price (R \$/Kg)					
Fresh and Chilled Beef	6.7	6.2	8.3%	6.1	10.1%
Processed Beef	6.9	6.0	14.7%	5.0	36.7%

# JBS Argentina Business Unit



As forecast at the end of the first semester, the return to normality in this market allowed a significant increase in slaughter from 100.7 thousand head in 2Q08 to 239.7 thousand head in 3Q08. The increase in slaughter and resumption of exports resulted in a substantial recovery in this unit. EBITDA which was -\$11.7 million Argentine pesos in 2Q08 jumped to \$19.6 million Argentine pesos in the 3Q08 and net revenue increased 80.0%, \$215.7 million Argentine pesos in 2Q08 \$388.3 million to \$388.3 million Argentine pesos in 3Q08.

# Financial Highlights

\$ Argentinean Pesos million	3Q08	2Q08	Δ%	3Q07	∆%
Heads Killed (thousand)	239.7	100.7	138.0%	136.0	76.2%
Net Revenue	388.3	215.7	80.0%	233.1	66.6%
EBITDA	19.6	-11.7	-	2.5	673.0%
EBITDA Margin %	5.1%	-5.4%		1.1%	

Domestic Market	3Q08	2Q08	$\Delta \%$	3Q07	Δ%
Net Revenue (million Argentinean Pesos)					
Fresh and Chilled Beef	55.2	53.0	4.1%	24.7	123.6%
Processed Beef	50.4	53.3	-5.5%	35.7	41.1%
Others	35.9	21.6	66.0%	23.9	50.1%
TOTAL	141.4	127.9	10.6%	84.3	67.8%
Volume (thousand tons)					
Fresh and Chilled Beef	10.0	7.7	29.7%	4.7	113.6%
Processed Beef	7.9	8.3	-4.4%	6.4	23.6%
Others	30.6	13.2	130.9%	17.4	76.1%
TOTAL	48.5	29.2	65.8%	28.5	70.4%
Preços Médios (Pesos/Kg)					
Fresh and Chilled Beef	5.53	6.89	-19.7%	5.29	4.7%
Processed Beef	6.34	6.41	-1.1%	5.55	14.2%
Others	1.17	1.63	-28.1%	1.38	-14.7%

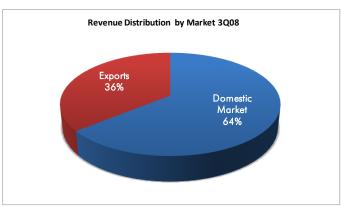


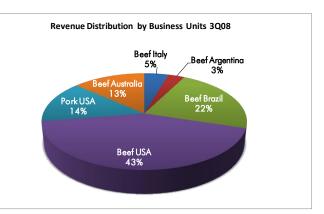


Exports	3Q08	2Q08	$\Delta$ %	3Q07	Δ%
Net Revenue (million Argentinean Pesos)					
Fresh and Chilled Beef	91.1	30.8	196.0%	52.9	72.3%
Processed Beef	136.8	48.1	184.6%	84.3	62.3%
Others	19.0	9.0	111.6%	11.7	62.0%
TOTAL	246.9	87.8	181.2%	148.9	65.9%
Volume (thousand tons)					
Fresh and Chilled Beef	4.3	1.1	288.7%	4.3	-0.7%
Processed Beef	10.3	4.5	127.9%	8.9	16.2%
Others	3.6	2.0	86.3%	3.7	-2.7%
TOTAL	18.3	7.6	140.5%	17.0	7.7%
Average Price (Pesos/Kg)					
Fresh and Chilled Beef	21.25	27.91	-23.9%	12.25	73.5%
Processed Beef	13.23	10.59	24.9%	9.47	39.7%
Others	5.21	4.58	13.6%	3.13	66.5%

# **TABLES AND CHARTS**

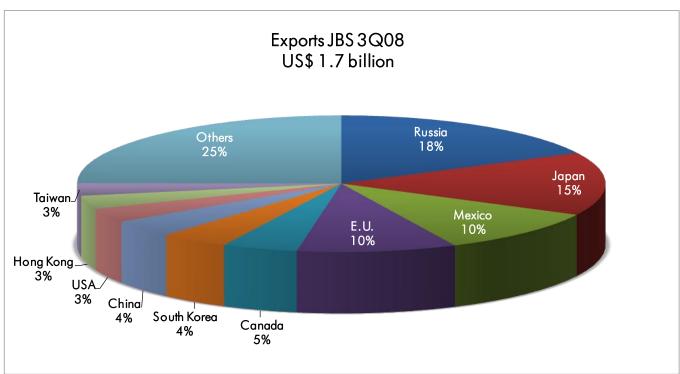
Graph II – JBS Consolidated Gross Revenue Distribution 3Q08





Source: JBS

Graph III – JBS Consolidated Exports Distribution 3Q08



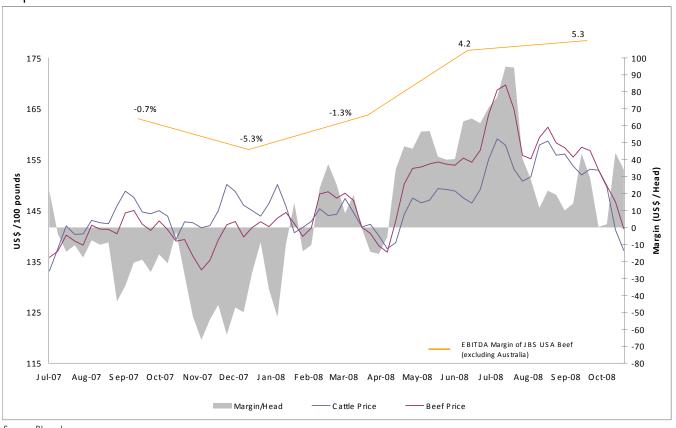
Source: JBS

Graph IV – Breakdown of the Production Costs by Business Units (%)

9M08 (%)	Consolidated	JBS Brasil	Argentina	USA Beef	USA Pork	Inalca JBS
R aw material (Cattle)	86.4%	86.8%	83.3%	86.6%	81.1%	92.1%
Processing (including ingredients and packaging)	6.2%	8.0%	12.4%	5.8%	7.1%	2.3%
Labor Cost	7.4%	5.2%	4.3%	7.7%	11.7%	5.6%

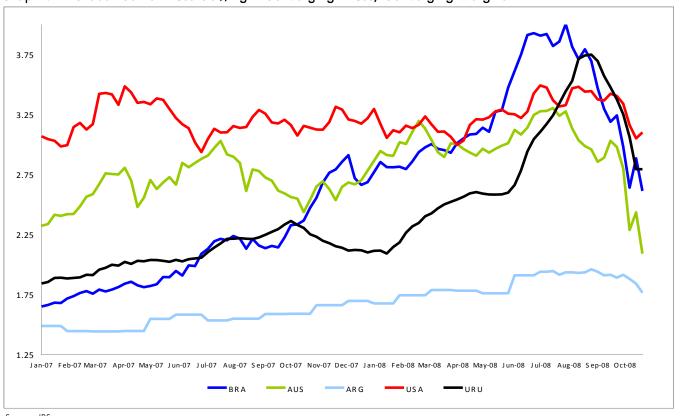
Source: JBS

Graph V - Cutout Price vs. Cattle Price in the US



Source: Bloomberg

Graph VI – Global Cattle Prices US\$/Kg – Converging Prices, Converging Margins



Source: JBS

## **CONTACTS**



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# FINANCIAL STATEMENT – JBS S.A. CONSOLIDATED

# JBS S.A.

	Balance sheets					
(In thousands of Reais)						
	Com	oany	Consolidated			
	September, 2008	June, 2008	September, 2008	June, 2008		
ASSETS						
CURRENT ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	243,725	82,476	840,982	400,296		
Short-term investments	1,380,768	2,046,278	1,414,594	2,069,591		
Trade accounts receivable, net	809,911	561,742	2,169,036	1,828,260		
Inventories	821,150	828,692	2,380,535	2,144,677		
Recoverable taxes	435,622	405,228	605,257	559,451		
Prepaid expenses	2,778	2,913	83,671	56,564		
Other current assets	25,768	21,321	241,872	212,719		
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	3,719,722	3,948,650	7,735,947	7,271,558		
NON-CURRENT ASSETS						
Long-term assets						
Credits with related parties	1,090,481	342,990	36,392	25,780		
Judicial deposits and others	10,091	9,532	42,909	41,498		
Deferred income taxes	20,308	17,666	343,392	290,123		
Recoverable taxes	36,537	35,064	56,758	51,682		
Total long-term assets	1,157,417	405,252	479,451	409,083		
Permanent assets						
Investments in subsidiaries	4,140,512	3,531,627	976,567	1,036,849		
Other investments	10	10	8,679	5,456		
Property, plant and equipment, net	1,608,524	1,457,037	3,838,459	3,440,831		
Intangible assets, net	9,615	9,615	165,139	183,342		
Deferred charges	3,934	2,650	5,773	4,506		
Total Permanent assets	5,762,595	5,000,939	4,994,617	4,670,984		
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS	6,920,012	5,406,191	5,474,068	5,080,067		

# JBS S.A.

	Balance sh	neets			
(In thousands of Reais)					
	Com	nany	Consolidated		
	September,	June, 2008	September,	June, 2008	
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EG	WITY				
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Trade accounts payable	250,974	257,552	1,409,778	1,303,079	
Loans and financings	1,432,960	1,298,887	1,949,938	2,322,907	
Payroll, social charges and tax	00.007	7.4.70	000 005	054.405	
obligation Oll Library	80,007	74,673	299,335	254,635	
Other current liabilities	139,128	107,178	186,483	222,677	
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	1,903,069	1,738,290	3,845,534	4,103,298	
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Loans and financings	2,675,492	2,221,459	2,801,711	2,344,707	
Deferred income taxes	57,207	58,091	464,685	409,019	
Provision for contingencies	43,086	45,979	47,143	53,959	
Debit with third parties for investment	175,051	162,909	175,051	162,909	
Other non-current liabilities	22,559	22,050	113,592	172,970	
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	2,973,395	2,510,488	3,602,182	3,143,564	
MINORITY INTEREST	-	-	(971)	(1,300)	
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY					
<u>Capital stock</u>	4,495,581	4,495,581	4,495,581	4,495,581	
Capital reserve	821,432	858,204	821,432	858,204	
R evaluation reserve	119,927	121,643	119,927	121,643	
Retained earnings	326,330	(369,365)	326,330	(369,365)	
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	5,763,270	5,106,063	5,763,270	5,106,063	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	10,639,734	9,354,841	13,210,015	12,351,625	
		·	-		

JBS S.A.

Statements of income for the period o	f three months end	ed September 30, 2	2008 and 2007	
(In thousands of Reais)				
	C		Caracita	-1 - d
	Compo 2008	2007	Consolid 2008	atea
CD OS C ODED ATIMO DEVENILIE			-	
GROSS OPERATING REVENUE Sales of products:				
Domestic Sales	910,975	541,907	5,143,431	3,542,723
Foreign Sales	720,771	608,428	2,850,894	1,858,624
	1,631,746	1,150,335	7,994,325	5,401,347
SALES DEDUCTIONS				
Returns and discounts	(72,648) (93,479)	(58,378) (64,220)	(105,815) (117,048)	(85,986
S ales taxes	(73,477)	(64,220)	(117,046)	(81,796
	(166,127)	(122,598)	(222,863)	(167,782
NET SALE REVENUE	1,465,619	1,027,737	7,771,462	5,233,565
Cost of goods sold	(1,212,848)	(747,514)	(6,830,491)	(4,744,477
Cost of goods sold	(1,212,040)	(747,514)	(0,030,471)	(4,/44,4//
GR OS S INCOME	252,771	280,223	940,971	489,088
OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSE)				
General and administrative expenses	(32,767)	(19,337)	(120,790)	(100,972
Selling expenses	(145,230)	(99,402)	(402,358)	(257,466
Financial income (expense), net	416,142	(129,960)	408,690	(189,044
Equity in subsidiaries	275,867	(83,615)		-
Goodwill amortization	(44,733)	(426)	(44,733)	(426
Non-recurring expenses	(35,691)	(1,653)	(35,691)	(1,653)
	433,588	(334,393)	(194,882)	(549,561)
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	686,359	(54,170)	746,089	(60,473)
			·	
NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSE), NET	4,094	(50)	4,442	4,982
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TAXES	690,453	(54,220)	750,531	(55,491)
Current income taxes	884	(22,618)	824	(24,012)
Deferred income taxes	2,642	(1,466)	(57,738)	(1,513
	3,526	(24,084)	(56,914)	(25,525
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE MINORITY INTEREST	693,979	(78,304)	693,617	(81,016)
Minority interest (expense) income	-	-	362	2,712
NET INCOME (LOSS)	693,979.00	(78,304.00)	693,979	(78,304)
		•	0/0,///	(70,304)
NET INCOME (LOSS) PER THOUSAND SHARES	492	(73)		
Statement of EBITDA (Earnings before income taxes, interest, depreciation and amortization and non-operating income (expense), net				
Income (loss) before taxes	690,453.00	(54,220.00)	750,531	(55,491)
Financial income (expense), net	(416,142)	129,960	(408,690)	189,044
Depreciation and amortization	16,761	14,328	52,684	44,219
Non-operating income (expense), net	(4,094)	50 92.415	(4,442)	(4,982)
Equity in subsidiaries  Non-recurring expenses	(275,867) 35,691	83,615 1,653	35,691	1,653
Goodwill Amortization	44,733	426	44,733	426
AMOUNT OF EBITDA	91,535.00	175,812.00	470,507	174,869
ANTOSTA OF EDITOR	71,000.00	170,012.00	7,0,001	174,007

This release contains forward-looking statements relating to the prospects of the business, estimates for operating and financial results, and those related to growth prospects of JBS. These are merely projections and, as such, are based exclusively on the expectations of JBS' management concerning the future of the business and its continued access to capital to fund the Company's business plan. Such forward-looking statements depend, substantially, on changes in market conditions, government regulations, competitive pressures, the performance of the Brazilian economy and the industry, among other factors and risks disclosed in JBS' filed disclosure documents and are, therefore, subject to change without prior notice