

Mills Estruturas e Serviços de Engenharia S.A.

**Individual and consolidated quarterly
information as of
June 30, 2020**

*(A free translation of the original report in
Portuguese, as filed with the Brazilian Securities
and Exchange Commission (CVM), prepared in
accordance with the accounting practices adopted
in Brazil, rules of the CVM and of the International
Financial Reporting Standards - IFRS)*



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Report on the review of quarterly information – ITR

(A free translation of the original report in Portuguese, as filed with the Brazilian Securities and Exchange Commission (CVM), prepared in accordance with the accounting policies adopted in Brazil, CVM rules and the International Financial Reporting Standards - IFRS)

To the Board of Directors and Management
Mills Estrutura e Serviços de Engenharia S.A.
Rio de Janeiro - RJ

Introduction

We have reviewed the interim accounting information, individual and consolidated, of Mills Estrutura e Serviços de Engenharia S.A. ("Company"), included in the Quarterly Information Form – ITR for the quarter ended June 30, 2020, which comprises the balance sheet as of June 30, 2020 and the respective statements of operations and comprehensive loss for the three and six-month periods then ended, changes in shareholder's equity and cash flows for the six-month period then ended, including the explanatory notes.

The Company's Management is responsible for the preparation of this individual and consolidated interim accounting information in accordance with CPC 21(R1) and with international standard IAS 34 - Interim Financial Reporting, issued by the International Accounting Standards Board - IASB, as well as the presentation of this information in accordance with the standards issued by the Brazilian Securities and Exchange Commission, applicable to the preparation of Quarterly Information Form - ITR. Our responsibility is to express our conclusion on this interim accounting information based on our review.

Scope of the review

We conducted our review in accordance with the Brazilian and International Standards for Reviews of Interim Financial Information (NBC TR 2410 - Review of Interim Information Performed by the Auditor of the Entity and ISRE 2410 - Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity, respectively). A review of interim accounting information consists of making inquiries, primarily of management responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical procedures and other review procedures. The scope of a review is substantially less than an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards and consequently, it did not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

**Conclusion on the individual and consolidated interim information**

Based on our review, we are not aware of any fact that might lead us to believe that the individual and consolidated interim accounting information included in the aforementioned quarterly information was not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the CPC 21 (R1) and IAS 34, applicable to preparation of quarterly information – ITR and presented in accordance with the standards issued by the Brazilian Securities and Exchange Commission.

Other matters - Statement of added value

The aforementioned interim accounting information includes the statements of added value (DVA), individual and consolidated, for the six-months period ended June 30, 2020, prepared under the responsibility of the Company's management, presented as supplementary information for the purposes of IAS 34. These statements were submitted to the same review procedures followed together with the review of the Company's quarterly information form – ITR, in order to form our conclusion whether these statements are reconciled to interim accounting information and to the accounting records, as applicable, and whether their form and content are in accordance with the criteria set on the Technical Pronouncement CPC 09 - Statement of Added Value. Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying statements of added value were not prepared, in all material respects, according to the criteria defined in this standard and consistently in accordance with the individual and consolidated interim accounting information taken as a whole.

Rio de Janeiro, August 13, 2020

KPMG Auditores Independentes
CRC SP-014428/O-6 F-RJ

Original report in Portuguese signed by
Luis Claudio França de Araújo
Accountant CRC RJ-091559/O-4

Mills Estruturas e Serviços de Engenharia S.A.

Balance sheets as of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais - R\$)

	Note	Parent Company		Consolidated	
		6/30/2020	12/31/2019	6/30/2020	12/31/2019
Assets					
Current					
Cash and cash equivalents	3	208,562	73,656	289,944	124,910
Accounts receivable from third parties	4	63,858	68,005	93,537	116,803
Accounts receivable from related parties	16.c	2,383	1,451	-	-
Inventories	5	30,885	22,006	45,752	36,337
IRPJ (Corporate Income Tax) and CSLL (Social Contribution Tax) recoverable	6	627	2,376	8,888	7,367
Taxes recoverable	6	2,849	3,205	6,620	6,643
Advances to suppliers		1,187	797	3,918	3,670
Other assets		3,694	4,173	4,837	6,051
Assets held for sale	7	4,224	4,224	4,224	4,224
		<u>318,269</u>	<u>179,893</u>	<u>457,720</u>	<u>306,005</u>
Noncurrent					
Deferred taxes - IRPJ and CSLL	18	240,889	233,619	317,898	309,429
Taxes recoverable	6	1	-	106	-
Judicial deposits	19.a	12,150	12,182	12,432	12,463
Other assets		14	38	1,532	81
		<u>253,054</u>	<u>245,839</u>	<u>331,968</u>	<u>321,973</u>
Financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income	8	50,579	50,579	50,579	50,579
Investments	9	387,977	406,529	-	-
Property, plant and equipment	10	359,364	397,791	500,276	576,575
Intangible assets	11	32,242	32,181	120,769	120,763
		<u>830,162</u>	<u>887,080</u>	<u>671,624</u>	<u>747,917</u>
Total assets		<u>1,401,485</u>	<u>1,312,812</u>	<u>1,461,312</u>	<u>1,375,895</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this individual and consolidated interim accounting information.

Mills Estruturas e Serviços de Engenharia S.A.

Balance sheets as of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais - R\$)

		Parent Company		Consolidated	
	Note	6/30/2020	12/31/2019	6/30/2020	12/31/2019
Liabilities					
Current					
Accounts payable to third parties	12	20,179	16,389	29,857	26,670
Accounts payable to related parties	16.c	2,146	2,893	-	-
Borrowings and financing	13	1,440	1,940	7,029	6,543
Debentures	14	70,342	56,367	76,230	77,417
Leases payable	15	12,188	12,053	13,261	15,171
Payroll and related taxes		19,038	21,244	25,407	27,908
Tax debt refinancing program (REFIS)		1,450	1,434	1,450	1,434
Income taxes payable	20	-	-	2,525	278
Taxes payable	20	6,132	7,290	9,554	9,119
Provision for profit sharing	17	2,491	5,986	3,434	8,840
Dividends and interest on equity payable		-	3	-	3
Other liabilities		205	263	732	849
		<u>135,611</u>	<u>125,862</u>	<u>169,479</u>	<u>174,232</u>
Noncurrent					
Borrowings and financing	13	-	605	2,245	3,671
Debentures	14	86,799	-	102,537	3,926
Leases payable	15	38,397	41,123	40,695	43,484
Provision for tax, civil and labor risks	19	18,857	19,569	23,975	23,648
Tax debt refinancing program (REFIS)		4,694	5,122	4,694	5,122
Taxes payable	20	10,277	-	10,277	641
Provision for post-employment benefits	17	13,170	12,646	13,170	12,646
Other liabilities		431	512	991	1,152
		<u>172,625</u>	<u>79,577</u>	<u>198,584</u>	<u>94,290</u>
Total liabilities		<u>308,236</u>	<u>205,439</u>	<u>368,063</u>	<u>268,522</u>
Equity					
Share capital	21	1,089,503	1,089,379	1,089,503	1,089,379
Capital reserves	21	36,676	37,909	36,676	37,909
Earnings reserves	21	10,295	10,295	10,295	10,295
Treasury shares	21	(15,056)	(20,287)	(15,056)	(20,287)
Equity adjustments	21	(9,923)	(9,923)	(9,923)	(9,923)
Accumulated losses	21	(18,247)	-	(18,247)	-
Total equity		<u>1,093,249</u>	<u>1,107,373</u>	<u>1,093,249</u>	<u>1,107,373</u>
Total liabilities and equity		<u>1,401,485</u>	<u>1,312,812</u>	<u>1,461,312</u>	<u>1,375,895</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this individual and consolidated interim accounting information.

Mills Estruturas e Serviços de Engenharia S.A.

Statements of operations

Three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais - R\$)

	Notes	Parent Company				Consolidated*			
		4/1/2020 to 6/30/2020	4/1/2019 to 6/30/2019	1/1/2020 to 6/30/2020	1/1/2019 to 6/30/2019	4/1/2020 to 6/30/2020	4/1/2019 to 6/30/2019	1/1/2020 to 6/30/2020	1/1/2019 to 6/30/2019
Net revenue from sales and services	23	73,956	70,898	158,270	141,943	98,307	100,455	224,404	171,500
Cost of sales and services	24	(56,031)	(56,431)	(114,487)	(108,963)	(67,264)	(74,421)	(143,205)	(126,954)
Gross profit		17,925	14,467	43,783	32,980	31,043	26,034	81,199	44,546
Sales, general and administrative expenses	24	(30,254)	(32,486)	(58,355)	(61,084)	(44,183)	(40,212)	(87,692)	(68,811)
Allowance for expected credit losses		(769)	(725)	(4,433)	(1,297)	(2,586)	(2,234)	(7,025)	(2,805)
Share of profit in subsidiaries	9	(2,525)	1,805	2,535	1,805	-	-	-	-
Other operating income (expenses), net		212	441	334	731	324	(632)	611	(342)
Profit (loss) before finance income (costs) and taxes		(15,411)	(16,498)	(16,136)	(26,865)	(15,402)	(17,044)	(12,907)	(27,412)
Finance income	25	2,113	2,744	4,125	5,943	3,195	3,326	7,935	6,525
Finance costs	25	(4,251)	(7,074)	(8,818)	(13,759)	(6,685)	(8,104)	(14,755)	(14,788)
Finance income (costs), net		(2,138)	(4,330)	(4,693)	(7,816)	(3,490)	(4,778)	(6,820)	(8,263)
Loss before taxes		(17,549)	(20,828)	(20,829)	(34,681)	(18,892)	(21,822)	(19,727)	(35,675)
Current income and social contribution taxes	18	-	-	-	-	380	-	(2,301)	-
Deferred income and social contribution taxes	18	5,010	7,161	7,270	11,811	5,973	8,155	8,469	12,805
Loss for the period		(12,539)	(13,667)	(13,559)	(22,870)	(12,539)	(13,667)	(13,559)	(22,870)
Basic and diluted loss per share - R\$	22	(0.06)	(0.07)	(0.07)	(0.13)	(0.06)	(0.07)	(0.07)	(0.13)

Mills Estruturas e Serviços de Engenharia S.A.

Statements of comprehensive loss

Three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais - R\$)

	Parent Company				Consolidated*			
	4/1/2020 to 6/30/2020	4/1/2019 to 6/30/2019	1/1/2020 to 6/30/2020	1/1/2019 to 6/30/2019	4/1/2020 to 6/30/2020	4/1/2019 to 6/30/2019	1/1/2020 to 6/30/2020	1/1/2019 to 6/30/2019
Loss for the period	(12,539)	(13,667)	(13,559)	(22,870)	(12,539)	(13,667)	(13,559)	(22,870)
Other comprehensive loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive loss for the period	<u>(12,539)</u>	<u>(13,667)</u>	<u>(13,559)</u>	<u>(22,870)</u>	<u>(12,539)</u>	<u>(13,667)</u>	<u>(13,559)</u>	<u>(22,870)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this individual and consolidated interim accounting information.

(*) In view of the acquisition of control of the subsidiary in May 2019, the consolidated amounts comprise six months of the parent and only two months (May and June 2019) of the subsidiary.

Mills Estruturas e Serviços de Engenharia S.A.

Statements of changes in shareholders' equity

Three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais - R\$)

	<u>Capital reserves</u>			<u>Earnings reserves</u>						
	Share capital subscribed	Stock option premium	Share premium	Legal	Retained earnings	Treasury shares	Equity adjustments	Retained earnings (accumulated losses)	Consolidated/Parent Company	Total
At December 31, 2018	688,319	52,162	(18,448)	32,611	22,664	(20,287)	(6,712)	-	750,309	
Capital increase - Issuance of shares (acquisition of Solaris Equipamentos)	400,405								400,405	
Stock option premium	644	667	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,311	
Loss for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(22,870)	(22,870)	
At June 30, 2019	<u>1,089,368</u>	<u>52,829</u>	<u>(18,448)</u>	<u>32,611</u>	<u>22,664</u>	<u>(20,287)</u>	<u>(6,712)</u>	<u>(22,870)</u>	<u>1,129,155</u>	
At December 31, 2019	<u>1,089,379</u>	<u>56,357</u>	<u>(18,448)</u>	<u>10,295</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(20,287)</u>	<u>(9,923)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,107,373</u>	
Dividends/JCP								3	3	
Stock option premium	124	(1,233)	-	-	-	5,231	-	(4,691)	(568)	
Loss for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(13,559)	(13,559)	
At June 30, 2020	<u>1,089,503</u>	<u>55,124</u>	<u>(18,448)</u>	<u>10,295</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(15,056)</u>	<u>(9,923)</u>	<u>(18,247)</u>	<u>1,093,249</u>	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this individual and consolidated interim accounting information.

Mills Estruturas e Serviços de Engenharia S.A.

Statements of cash flows

Three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais - R\$)

	Parent Company		Consolidated*	
	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2020	6/30/2019
Cash flows from operating activities				
Loss for the period	(13,559)	(22,870)	(13,559)	(22,870)
Adjustments:				
Depreciation and amortization	63,186	64,134	80,002	70,476
Deferred income and social contribution taxes	(7,270)	(11,811)	(8,469)	(12,805)
Provision for tax, civil and labor risks	(1,813)	1,725	(775)	1,832
Accrued expenses on stock options	1,526	667	1,526	667
Post-employment benefits	524	606	524	606
Residual value of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets sold and written off	2,170	4,959	2,421	4,918
Interest and monetary exchange gains and losses, net	7,281	12,812	8,911	13,014
Allowance for expected credit losses	4,433	1,297	7,025	2,805
Provision for slow-moving inventories	296	1,268	644	3,743
Adjustment CPC 48 / IFRS 9	-	44	-	44
Provision for profit sharing	2,361	1,726	2,784	2,024
Share of profit in subsidiaries	(2,535)	(1,805)	-	-
Other provisions (reversals)	(2,646)	(2,960)	(1,925)	(2,149)
(Increase)/decrease in assets and increase/(decrease) in liabilities:				
Trade receivables	(1,217)	(463)	15,885	(3,823)
Acquisitions of rental equipment	(163)	(64)	(311)	(231)
Inventories	(8,225)	(2,698)	(10,059)	(2,088)
Taxes recoverable	371	661	(69)	738
IRPJ (Corporate Income Tax) and CSLL (Social Contribution Tax)	1,734	(980)	1,432	(1,118)
Judicial deposits	9	5,587	9	5,587
Other assets	112	319	(481)	84
Suppliers	5,631	1,645	8,798	1,997

Payroll and related taxes	(2,206)	1,062	(2,561)	1,438
Provision for profit sharing	(5,856)	(6,568)	(8,581)	(6,568)
Taxes payable	8,706	(924)	11,905	(2,093)
Other liabilities	<u>(141)</u>	<u>(25)</u>	<u>(221)</u>	<u>263</u>
Lawsuits settled	(1,194)	(7,160)	(1,225)	(7,160)
Income taxes paid	-	-	(2,889)	-
Interest paid	<u>(1,403)</u>	<u>(2,568)</u>	<u>(2,568)</u>	<u>(3,116)</u>
Net cash generated by operating activities	<u>50,112</u>	<u>37,615</u>	<u>88,174</u>	<u>46,214</u>
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Acquisition of cash due to merger of subsidiary	-	-	-	33,767
Acquisition of PP&E for own use and intangible assets	<u>(4,844)</u>	<u>(1,963)</u>	<u>(5,002)</u>	<u>(2,006)</u>

	Parent Company		Consolidated*	
	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2020	6/30/2019
Net cash generated by (used in) investing activities	<u>(4,844)</u>	<u>(1,963)</u>	<u>(5,002)</u>	<u>31,761</u>
Cash flows from financing activities				
Capital increase	124	643	124	643
Restricted bank deposits	-	88,811	-	88,811
Borrowings and debentures raised	98,374	-	98,374	-
Amortization of borrowings and debentures	(1,101)	(68,261)	(6,560)	(69,881)
Leases paid	<u>(7,759)</u>	<u>(7,539)</u>	<u>(10,077)</u>	<u>(8,816)</u>
Net cash generated by (used in) financing activities	<u>89,637</u>	<u>13,654</u>	<u>81,861</u>	<u>10,757</u>
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	<u>134,906</u>	<u>49,303</u>	<u>165,034</u>	<u>88,732</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	<u>73,656</u>	<u>60,635</u>	<u>124,910</u>	<u>60,635</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	<u>208,562</u>	<u>109,938</u>	<u>289,944</u>	<u>149,367</u>
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	<u>134,906</u>	<u>49,303</u>	<u>165,034</u>	<u>88,732</u>

Until June 30, 2020 the Company wrote off bills that were past due up to five years, totaling R\$ 13,278, which are not recognized in the statement of cash flows because they do not reflect cash movements.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this individual and consolidated interim accounting information.

(*) In view of the acquisition of control of the subsidiary in May 2019, the consolidated amounts comprise six months of the parent and only two months (May and June 2019) of the subsidiary.

Mills Estruturas e Serviços de Engenharia S.A.

Statements of added value

Three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais - R\$)

	Parent Company		Consolidated*	
	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2020	6/30/2019
Revenues:				
Sales of products and services	183,705	165,405	267,891	198,649
Cancelations and discounts	(9,369)	(8,293)	(18,195)	(9,418)
Other revenues	362	826	639	2,009
Recognition of impairment loss on trade receivables	(4,433)	(1,297)	(7,025)	(2,806)
	<u>170,265</u>	<u>156,641</u>	<u>243,310</u>	<u>188,434</u>
Inputs purchased from third parties:				
Cost of sales and services	(1,396)	(6,311)	2,566	(13,436)
Materials, energy, outside services and others	(45,405)	(44,360)	(67,186)	(48,410)
Write-off of assets	<u>(2,170)</u>	<u>(4,959)</u>	<u>(2,421)</u>	<u>(5,047)</u>
Gross added value	121,294	101,011	176,269	121,541
Depreciation, amortization and depletion	(63,186)	(64,134)	(80,003)	(70,476)
Net added value generated by the Company	<u>58,108</u>	<u>36,877</u>	<u>96,266</u>	<u>51,065</u>
Added value received in transfer				
Finance income	4,125	5,943	7,935	6,525
Share of profit loss in subsidiaries	2,535	1,805	-	-
Total added value for distribution	<u>64,768</u>	<u>44,625</u>	<u>104,201</u>	<u>57,590</u>
Distribution of added value:				
Personnel and payroll taxes	43,347	42,078	57,973	49,262
Salaries	33,127	33,168	43,413	38,925
Benefits	7,483	6,899	11,037	7,988

Unemployment benefits	2,737	2,011	3,523	2,349
Taxes and contributions	15,549	11,171	29,102	15,515
Federal	14,673	9,196	26,997	12,870
State	426	1,316	1,477	1,871
Municipal	450	659	628	774
Remuneration on third party capital	19,431	14,246	30,685	15,683
Interest and exchange gains (losses)	8,612	13,477	14,424	14,611
Rentals	10,819	769	16,261	1,072
Remuneration of shareholders	(13,559)	(22,870)	(13,559)	(22,870)
Loss for the period	<u>(13,559)</u>	<u>(22,870)</u>	<u>(13,559)</u>	<u>(22,870)</u>
Added value distributed	<u>64,768</u>	<u>44,625</u>	<u>104,201</u>	<u>57,590</u>

- (*) In view of the acquisition of control of the subsidiary in May 2019, the consolidated amounts comprise six months of the parent and only two months (May and June 2019) of the subsidiary.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this individual and consolidated interim accounting information.

Notes to the quarterly information as of June 30, 2020 and 2019

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

1 Operations

Mills Estruturas e Serviços de Engenharia S.A. (“Mills” or “Company”) is a publicly-traded corporation with registered offices in the City of Rio de Janeiro - Brazil. The Company operates basically in the infrastructure, construction and manufacturing industries, engaging in the following main activities:

- (a) Rental and sale, including import and export, of steel and aluminum tubular structures, shoring and access equipment for construction works, as well as reusable concrete formworks, along with the development of related engineering projects, and the provision of supervisory and optional assembly services.
- (b) Sale, rental and distribution of aerial work platforms and telescopic handlers, as well as parts and components, and technical assistance and maintenance services for such equipment.
- (c) Holding of ownership interests in other companies, as partner or shareholder.

The Company’s bylaws also establish the following activities:

- (a) Rental, assembly, and disassembling of access tubular scaffolding in industrial areas.
- (b) Performance of industrial painting, sandblasting, heat insulation, boilermaker and refractory services, as well as other services inherent in such activities.

The Company’s operations are segmented according to the new organization and management model approved by Management, divided into the following business units: Construction and Rental. The descriptions of the business unit are included in note 26.

The individual and consolidated interim information contained in this quarterly information was approved by the Company’s Board of Directors and authorized for issue on August 13, 2020.

1.1 Merger of Solaris Participações, Equipamentos e Serviços S.A.

The merger of Solaris Participações was approved at the General Extraordinary Meeting held on May 10, 2019. The effects of this acquisition affected the Company’s consolidated results of operations as from that date, with Solaris Equipamentos equity being appraised at its fair value as of April 30, 2019 based on a preliminary economic and financial report issued by an independent appraisal company.

The business combination consolidates the leading role of the two companies in the Brazilian rental market of aerial work platforms and results in a more attractive mix of products, with a total fleet of approximately 9 thousand equipment, which also generates a greater capacity to serve its more than 6 thousand active customers and potential customers from the most varied sectors of the economy and regions of Brazil.

Since May 10, 2019, Company holds the direct control of Solaris Equipamentos and all of its shares.

1.2 Covid-19 impacts

On March 20, 2020, the Federal Senate recognized a state of public emergency in Brazil due to the pandemic caused by COVID-19. The virus, which unfortunately had already affected and still affects thousands of people across the world, had also an impact on the global and Brazilian economies, interrupting their growth trend and, in the opinion of economists and market analysts, probably leading to recession in 2020.

The economic and financial impacts caused by COVID-19 began to be observed at the Company as of the end of March, causing, in the second quarter of 2020, a 26% reduction in the consolidated net revenue from rental of the Rental Business Unit compared to the first quarter (with no concentration of any specific sector of the economy), with the month of May 2020 being characterized by a greater reduction in rental activity. Compared to the second quarter of 2019, however, there was a 4.7% increase due to the business combination with Solaris.

The Construction Business Unit, due to the characteristics of its equipment and agreements (which have lower rotation speed), presented greater resilience in this period, with rental activity more in line with that of the first quarter of 2020, closing the second quarter with an increase of 6.1% in its net revenue from rental (28.7% increase compared to the second quarter of 2019).

These performances result from the several actions implemented by Mills to mitigate the economic and financial impacts caused by COVID-19. As previously mentioned, in response to the crisis, the Company set up a multidisciplinary-profile Internal Committee solely to address the various aspects of the issue, increased the frequency of Management meetings and implemented several actions, such as the increase in the number of employees working from home, suspension of traveling, suspension of crowded events and intensification of cleaning procedures, among others, safeguarding the health and safety of its employees and the society in general, as well as the continuity of its operations and its financial health, with emphasis to:

- Maintenance of commercial and operating activities in more than 95% of the branches spread throughout Brazil, guaranteeing the services to the so-called essential sectors, which accounted for approximately 40% of Rental's revenue in 2Q20;
- Receipts originated from operations in the second quarter of 2020 in the amount of approximately R\$ 128 million;
- Rescheduling of invoices receivable from customers offset by the rescheduling of trade payables, with a focus on balancing the Company's cash flow;
- Implementation of expenses matrix management, aiming to identify opportunities to reduce expenses, such as on leases, consultancies, travel, parts, freight and personnel, without compromising the Company's operations;

- Monitoring and adoption, when possible, of Federal Government measures, highlighting the postponement of payment of taxes due in the amount of approximately of R\$ 14 million in the first half of 2020;
- Suspension of investments to preserve cash level, highlighting the adequacy and/or renewal of Rental equipment fleet and the integration of branches, with the latter having an additional limitation due to travel restrictions;
- Reassessment of the Company's debt profile, already resulting in the extension of the payment term of the Solaris debentures for one year, in the total amount of R\$ 22 million;
- Mapping of new opportunities to seek to offset, even if partially, the decrease in revenue and improve the Company's positioning when growth resumes;
- Cash balance of R\$ 290 million, representing R\$ 102 million of net cash (R\$ 60 million at 03/31/2020 and R\$ 33 million at 12/31/2019);

Owing to the foregoing and the several risks and uncertainties to which the Company is subject, Management carried out many stress tests of cash and cash equivalents and covenants considering various economic scenarios for the year 2020 and their possible impacts on the Company, also analyzing the accounting estimates and measurement of its assets and liabilities presented in the individual and consolidated interim financial information as of June 30, 2020, and has not identified to date any significant effects that could affect them.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies

2.1 Basis of presentation

The Company's interim accounting information comprises the individual and consolidated interim accounting statements and has been prepared in accordance with Technical Pronouncement CPC 21 (R1), which addresses interim financial reporting, and in accordance with International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34, issued by the International Accounting Standards Board - IASB.

This interim information does not include all the information and disclosures required in annual financial statements and should, therefore, be read in conjunction with the financial statements of Mills for the year ended December 31, 2019, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting policies adopted in Brazil and the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) issued by the International Accounting Standards Boards (IASB).

In compliance with Brazilian Securities and Exchange Commission (CVM) Circular 003/2011, of April 28, 2011, we present below the notes to the most recent annual financial statements (for the year ended December 31, 2019), which, in view of the lack of significant changes this quarter, are not being reproduced in full in this interim accounting information.

The notes not included in the period ended June 30, 2020 are the following: "Critical accounting judgments and key estimates and assumptions", "Financial risk management" and "Tax debt

refinancing program (REFIS)”, restated, in the disclosure of the financial statements for 2019, in notes 3, 4 and 26, respectively.

2.2 Basis of preparation

The accounting policies, calculation methods, significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions used in this interim accounting information are the same used in the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019, disclosed in notes 2 and 3. These financial statements were filed with CVM on March 18, 2020 and published on the newspaper Valor Econômico and the Official Gazette of the State of Rio de Janeiro on March 27, 2019.

2.3 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Parent Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company obtains, direct or indirectly, most of the voting rights or is exposed or has rights to variable returns based on its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect these returns through the power over the investee.

a. Investments in entities accounted for under the equity method of accounting

The Company’s investments in entities accounted for under the equity method of accounting comprise its interests in subsidiaries.

The details of the Company’s subsidiaries at the end of each reporting period are as follows:

Subsidiary	Core business	Interests - %	
		6/30/2020	12/31/2019
Solaris Equipamentos e Serviços S.A.	Equipment sale and rental and provision of maintenance and technical assistance services.	100%	100%

In the process of consolidation of the interim accounting information, the following eliminations are included:

- (i) Parent’s interests in capital, reserves and retained earnings (accumulated losses) of entities included in consolidation;
- (ii) Asset and liability accounts between entities included in consolidation; and
- (iii) Intragroup revenues and expenses arising from transactions between entities included in consolidation.

The amounts presented in the consolidated accounting information were prepared taking into consideration the amounts calculated on the date of merger of Solaris Participações, in May 2019, as mentioned in note 1.1.

3 Cash and cash equivalents

	Parent Company		Consolidated	
	6/30/2020	12/31/2019	6/30/2020	12/31/2019
Cash and banks	997	18	1,129	113
Short-term investments	207,565	73,638	288,815	124,797
	<u>208,562</u>	<u>73,656</u>	<u>289,944</u>	<u>124,910</u>

Cash and cash equivalents consist basically of deposits and highly liquid short-term investments, which are readily convertible into a known amount of cash and subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

As at June 30, 2020, short-term investments consist of repurchase agreements and bank deposit certificates – CDB, bearing average interest of 96.80% of the interbank deposit certificate – CDI (94.80% as at December 31, 2019).

4 Accounts receivable from third parties

	Parent Company						Consolidated					
	6/30/2020			12/31/2019			6/30/2020			12/31/2019		
Business unit	Trade receivables Gross receivables	ECL	Trade receivables Net receivables	Trade receivables Gross receivables	ECL	Trade receivables Net receivables	Gross receivables	ECL	Net receivables	Gross receivables	ECL	Net receivables
Construction	80,516	(60,203)	20,313	88,304	(66,841)	21,463	80,516	(60,203)	20,313	88,304	(66,841)	21,463
Rental	86,849	(43,304)	43,545	89,088	(42,546)	46,542	142,090	(68,866)	73,224	163,823	(68,483)	95,340
	167,365	(103,507)	63,858	177,393	(109,387)	68,005	222,606	(129,069)	93,537	252,127	(135,323)	116,803
Current	82,465	(18,607)	63,858	86,948	(18,942)	68,005	118,868	(25,331)	93,537	141,903	(25,100)	116,803
Noncurrent	84,900	(84,900)	-	90,445	(90,445)	-	103,738	(103,738)	-	110,223	(110,223)	-

The aging of outstanding invoices issued is considered in the calculation.

The movements in the allowance for expected credit losses of trade receivables of the Company and its subsidiaries are as follows:

	Parent Company		Consolidated	
	6/30/2020	12/31/2019	6/30/2020	12/31/2019
Balance at the beginning of the period	(109,387)	(124,389)	(135,323)	(124,389)
Solaris acquisition adjustment through April/2019	-	-	-	(24,685)
Net impact of ECL on P&L (i)	(4,433)	(8,799)	(7,025)	(11,474)
Write-offs	10,313	23,801	13,279	25,225
Balance at the end of the period	<u>(103,507)</u>	<u>(109,387)</u>	<u>(129,069)</u>	<u>(135,323)</u>

- 1) In the period ended June 30, 2020, the allowance for expected credit losses amounted to R\$ 9,609 (at December 31, 2019 - R\$ 11,145) and the reversal of the allowance for expected credit losses amounted to R\$ 5,176 (at December 31, 2019 - R\$ 6,401), generating a net P&L negative effect of R\$ 4,433 (at December 31, 2019, net P&L negative effect of R\$ 8,799).

Aging schedule of gross receivables:

	Parent Company		Consolidated	
	6/30/2020	12/31/2019	6/30/2020	12/31/2019
Not yet due	52,587	57,680	70,601	96,798
Not yet due (bills with original due dates extended)	1,095	1,709	1,095	1,709
1-60 days past due (*)	9,549	13,360	15,904	20,714
61-120 days past due (*)	6,114	4,086	10,988	7,860
121-180 days past due (*)	3,971	3,285	7,021	4,722
180-360 days past due (*)	9,149	6,828	13,263	10,114
Over 360 days past due (*)	84,900	90,445	103,734	110,210
	<u>167,365</u>	<u>177,393</u>	<u>222,606</u>	<u>252,127</u>

- (*) The analysis above was performed considering the extended due dates of the bills.

5 Inventories

	Parent Company		Consolidated	
	6/30/2020	12/31/2019	6/30/2020	12/31/2019
Goods for resale	1,571	2,252	1,706	2,268
Spare parts and supplies	33,487	23,631	55,321	44,701
Provision for slow-moving inventories	(4,173)	(3,877)	(11,275)	(10,632)
	<u>30,885</u>	<u>22,006</u>	<u>45,752</u>	<u>36,337</u>

- (*) Inventory items without movement for more than one year.

Inventories of spare parts consist mainly of access equipment. All inventories are stated at average cost.

6 Taxes recoverable

	Parent Company		Consolidated	
	6/30/2020	12/31/2019	6/30/2020	12/31/2019
IRPJ (Corporate Income Tax) and CSLL (Social Contribution Tax) (*)	627	2,376	8,888	7,367
PIS and COFINS (taxes on revenue) (**)	2,303	2,522	4,995	4,981
ICMS (State VAT) (***)	191	320	1,055	988
Others	356	363	676	674
	<u>3,477</u>	<u>5,581</u>	<u>15,614</u>	<u>14,010</u>
Current	3,476	5,581	15,508	14,010
Noncurrent	1	-	106	-

- (*) Refers to negative balance of income tax, arising from the withholding income tax on redemption of investments in 2020, which will be adjusted for inflation monthly according to the SELIC rate and offset against federal taxes during 2021.
- (**) PIS and COFINS credits refer basically to amounts recoverable on acquisition of property, plant and equipment offset at the rate of 1/48 per month against non-cumulative PIS and COFINS federal tax obligations.
- (***) Refers to ICMS (State VAT) levied on the Company's operations, arising from the purchase of goods for resale.

7 Assets held for sale

In April 2017, the Company signed contracts consisting of the exchange of receivables for properties which will not be used in its operations. These properties were put up for sale.

In accordance with Technical Pronouncement CPC 31, an asset shall be classified as asset held for sale if its carrying amount will be recovered through a sales transaction instead of continuous use. Consequently, the Company classified these assets received through exchange in the assets held for sale account.

	Parent Company and Consolidated(*)	
	6/30/2020	12/31/2019
Assets held for sale	7,028	7,028
Asset impairment loss (i)	<u>(2,804)</u>	<u>(2,804)</u>
	<u>4,224</u>	<u>4,224</u>

- (*) The balances presented at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 fully refer to the parent company.

The provision for impairment, which is evaluated annually, is the result of the difference between the book value and the market value of the assets, according to appraisal reports by specialists.

8 Financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income

a. Non-controlling interest

On February 8, 2011, the Company acquired 25% of the capital of Rohr S.A. Estruturas Tubulares (“Rohr”) for R\$ 90,000. Rohr is a privately-held company specialized in access engineering and civil construction solutions, which operates mainly in the heavy construction and industrial maintenance sectors.

In the fourth quarter of 2011, the stake in Rohr was increased from 25% to 27.47%, resulting from a buyback by Rohr of 9% of its shares, which are currently in its treasury and will be canceled or proportionally distributed to its shareholders.

The Company assessed that, as at June 30, 2020, it does not have significant influence in conformity with CPC 18 (R2) and there is no change in relation to the assessment as at December 31, 2019 and previous periods.

b. Fair value and impairment loss

In 2019, the Company reviewed the fair value of the financial instrument related to the investment in Rohr S.A. based on an internal study. The fair value of this asset was determined according to economic estimates made under the income approach by forecasting discounted cash flows over a ten-year term plus perpetuity, for evidencing the amount stated in the accounting records considering the long- term maturation of infrastructure and civil construction investments.

The fair value measurement is performed at year-end and since there were no material changes in the conditions previously analyzed, Management understands that there is no change in the estimated fair value of the investment in Rohr as at June 30, 2020 in relation to December 31, 2019, when it amounted to R\$ 50,579.

9 Investments

a. Assets accounted for under the equity method

As disclosed in note 1.1, Solaris Participações was the parent company of Solaris Equipamentos. On May 10, 2019, the acquisition of Solaris Participações by the Company was approved, and as a result of this Business Combination, the Company obtained control of 100% of Solaris Equipamentos.

Solaris Equipamentos is a non listed Company engaged in the sale, rental and distribution of aerial work platforms, telescopic handlers, generators, soil handling equipment, lightning tower, air compressors and other equipment, spare parts and components and provision of technical assistance and maintenance services.

Information on subsidiary	Solaris Equipamentos	
	6/30/2020	12/31/2019
Interests - %	100%	100%
Current assets	143,978	130,470
Noncurrent assets	187,031	223,279
Current liabilities	38,398	52,728

Noncurrent liabilities	25,959	14,713
Equity	266,655	286,307

Information on subsidiary

Solaris Equipamentos

	6/30/2020	6/30/2019
Interests - %	100%	100%
Revenues	80,745	90,074
Expenses	(78,208)	(86,950)
Profit before taxes	2,537	3,124
Current and deferred income and social contribution taxes	(1,102)	(1,014)
Profit for the period	1,435	2,110

Movement of investments in subsidiaries

Parent Company

Balance at the beginning of the period (4/30/2019)	273,137
Identifiable assets measured at fair value on business combination	39,257
Goodwill	88,011
Decrease in investment (b)	(3,309)
Realization of assets measured at fair value (i)	(7,046)
Profit for the period	16,479
Balance at the end of the year (12/31/2019)	406,529
Decrease in investment (b)	(21,087)
Realization of assets measured at fair value (i)	1,100
Profit for the period	1,435
Balance at the end of the period (6/30/2020)	387,977

(i) Balances referring to the realization of the surplus value of assets determined in the business combination process.

b. Capital decrease in subsidiary

After the acquisition of Solaris, as part of the strategy to capture synergies, Management started to make capital decreases (see note 10) through the assignment of rental equipment, inventories, furniture and fixtures and leasehold improvements in the branches where the Company and its subsidiary had the same geographical activity.

Branch	Date	Rental equipment	Inventories	Furniture and fixtures and leasehold improvements	Total
São Luis	10/15/19	3,061	236	12	3,309
Serra	01/30/20	2,137	129	81	2,347

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Maracanaú	03/11/20	5,125	308	10	5,443
Uberlândia	03/24/20	8,178	304	34	8,516
Cabo de Santo Agostinho	06/05/20	4,569	210	3	4,781
Total		<hr/> 23,070	<hr/> 1,187	<hr/> 140	<hr/> 24,396

10 Property, plant and equipment

	Equipment for rental and operational use	Rental equipment in progress	Total equipment for rental and operational use	Leasehold improvements	Buildings and land	Computers and peripherals	Vehicles	Facilities	Furniture and fixtures	Right-of- use Properties	Right- of-use Vehicles	Construction in progress	Total assets in use	Total Parent Company
Cost of PP&E, gross														
Balances at December 31, 2018	1,081,279	-	1,081,279	18,916	22,959	14,803	1,243	9,905	11,003	-	-	175	79,004	1,160,283
Acquisition	229	3,356	3,585	213	-	182	154	-	283	-	-	867	1,699	5,284
Addition due to capital decrease in subsidiary	13,214	-	13,214	-	-	-	-	-	12	-	-	-	12	13,226
Right of use	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	60,107	4,074	-	64,181	64,181
Write-offs/disposals and transfer to inventories held for sale	(61,774)	-	(61,774)	(765)	-	(231)	-	-	(45)	-	-	-	(1,041)	(62,815)
Adjustment for PIS and COFINS credits	(21)	-	(21)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(21)
Reclassification	-	-	-	330	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	333	333
Transfer	88	(3,073)	(2,985)	936	-	2	-	38	(89)	-	-	(974)	(87)	3,072
Balances at December 31, 2019	1,033,015	283	1,033,298	19,630	22,959	14,756	1,397	9,946	11,164	60,107	4,074	68	144,101	1,177,399
Acquisition	163	-	163	275	-	670	368	125	208	-	-	785	2,431	2,594
Right of use	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,207	574	-	-	2,781
Addition due to capital decrease in subsidiary	63,853	-	63,853	281	-	16	-	38	12	-	-	-	347	64,200
Write-offs/disposals	(16,128)	-	(16,128)	(343)	-	(448)	(349)	-	(6)	(199)	-	-	(1,345)	(17,473)
Adjustment for PIS and COFINS credits	(15)	-	(15)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(15)
Transfer	283	(283)	-	120	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(120)	-	-
Balances at June 30, 2020	1,081,171	-	1,081,171	19,963	22,959	14,994	1,416	10,109	11,378	62,115	4,648	733	148,315	1,229,486

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	Equipment for rental and operational use	Rental equipment in progress	Total equipment for rental and operational use	Leasehold improvements	Buildings and land	Computers and peripherals	Vehicles	Facilities	Furniture and fixtures	Right-of- use Properties	Right- of-use Vehicles	Construction in progress	Total assets in use	Total Parent Company
Balances at December 31, 2018	(653,745)	-	(653,745)	(7,861)	(4,002)	(14,436)	(936)	(4,469)	(7,390)	-	-	-	(39,094)	(692,839)
Depreciation	(106,290)	-	(106,290)	(1,875)	(617)	(323)	(98)	(871)	(807)	(10,857)	(2,243)	-	(17,691)	(123,981)
Addition due to capital decrease in subsidiary	(10,153)	-	(10,153)	-	-	-	-	-	(1)	-	-	-	(1)	(10,154)
Write-offs/disposals and transfer to inventories held for sale	46,746	-	46,746	637	-	231	-	-	33	-	-	-	900	47,646
Adjustment for PIS and COFINS credits	-	-	-	(191)	-	-	-	(89)	-	-	-	-	(280)	(280)
Transfer	(47)	-	(47)	-	-	-	-	-	47	-	-	-	47	-
Balance at December 31, 2019	(723,489)	-	(723,489)	(9,290)	(4,619)	(14,529)	(1,034)	(5,429)	(8,118)	(10,857)	(2,243)	-	(56,119)	(779,608)
Depreciation	(52,646)	-	(52,646)	(1,005)	(309)	(88)	(84)	(441)	(396)	(5,412)	(1,229)	-	(8,964)	(61,610)
Addition due to capital decrease in subsidiary	(43,845)	-	(43,845)	(213)	-	(3)	-	(2)	(1)	-	-	-	(219)	(44,064)
Write-off/	14,222	-	14,222	177	-	448	256	-	5	199	-	-	1,085	15,307
Adjustment for PIS and COFINS credits	-	-	-	(102)	-	-	-	(45)	-	-	-	-	(147)	(147)
Balance at June 30, 2020	(805,758)	-	(805,758)	(10,433)	(4,928)	(14,172)	(862)	(5,917)	(8,510)	(16,070)	(3,472)	-	(64,364)	(870,122)
Annual depreciation rates - %	10	-	-	10	4	20	20	10	10	20	33.3	-	-	-
Property, plant and equipment, net														
Balance at December 31, 2019	309,526	283	309,809	10,340	18,340	227	363	4,517	3,046	49,250	1,831	68	87,982	397,791
Balance at June 30, 2020	275,413	-	275,413	9,530	18,031	822	554	4,192	2,868	46,045	1,176	733	83,951	359,364

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	Equipment for rental and operational use	Rental equipment in progress	Total equipment for rental and operational use	Leasehold improvements	Buildings and land	Computers and peripherals	Vehicles	Facilities	Furniture and fixtures	Right-of- use Properties	Right- of-use Vehicles	Construction in progress	Total assets in use	Total Consolidated
Cost of PP&E, gross														
Balances at December 31, 2018	1,081,279	-	1,081,279	18,916	22,959	14,803	1,243	9,905	11,003	-	-	175	79,004	1,160,283
Addition due to acquisition of subsidiary	428,030	5,957	433,987	7,083	-	2,302	896	569	2,954	6,320	2,562	-	22,686	456,673
Surplus value of property, plant and equipment	39,091	-	39,091	-	-	-	166	-	-	-	-	-	166	39,257
Acquisition	1,350	4,843	6,193	213	-	413	154	33	351	-	-	867	2,030	8,223
Right of use	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	61,626	4,987	-	66,613	66,613
Write-offs/disposals and transfer to inventories held for sale	(70,301)	-	(70,301)	(932)	-	(271)	-	-	(68)	-	-	-	(1,271)	(71,572)
Adjustment for PIS and COFINS credits	(507)	-	(507)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(507)
Reclassification	-	-	-	330	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	333	333
Transfer	1,199	(4,196)	(2,997)	936	-	2	-	38	(77)	-	-	(974)	(75)	(3,072)
Balances at December 31, 2019	1,480,141	6,604	1,486,745	26,546	22,959	17,247	2,459	10,548	14,163	67,946	7,549	68	169,485	1,656,232
Acquisition	221	90	311	305	-	670	368	125	291	-	-	785	2,544	2,855
Right of use	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,683	187	-	-	2,870
Write-offs/disposals	(18,402)	-	(18,402)	(639)	-	(467)	(349)	-	(78)	(199)	-	-	(1,732)	(20,134)
Adjustment for PIS and COFINS credits	(192)	-	(192)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(192)
Transfer	2,027	(2,027)	-	120	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(120)	-	-
Balances at June 30, 2020	1,463,795	4,667	1,468,462	26,332	22,959	17,450	2,478	10,673	14,376	70,430	7,736	733	173,167	1,641,631

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Accumulated depreciation	Equipment for rental and operational use	Rental equipment in progress	Total equipment for rental and operational use	Leasehold improvements	Buildings and land	Computers and peripherals	Vehicles	Facilities	Furniture and fixtures	Right-of-use Properties	Right-of-use Vehicles	Construction in progress	Total assets in use	Total Consolidated
Balances at December 31, 2018	(653,745)	-	(653,745)	(7,861)	(4,002)	(14,436)	(936)	(4,469)	(7,390)	-	-	-	(39,094)	(692,839)
Addition due to acquisition of subsidiary	(270,061)	-	(270,061)	(4,470)	-	(1,348)	(879)	(337)	(2,078)	(1,326)	(486)	-	(10,924)	(280,985)
Surplus value of property, plant and equipment	(7,046)	-	(7,046)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(7,046)
Depreciation	(131,211)	-	(131,211)	(2,445)	(617)	(549)	(102)	(898)	(939)	(13,751)	(3,105)	-	(22,406)	(153,617)
Write-offs/disposals and transfer to inventories held for sale	54,073	-	54,073	761	-	231	-	-	41	-	-	-	1,033	65,259
Adjustment for PIS and COFINS credits	-	-	-	(191)	-	-	-	(89)	-	-	-	-	(280)	(280)
Transfer	(48)	-	(48)	-	-	2	-	-	46	-	-	-	47	-
Balances at December 31, 2019	(1,008,036)	-	(1,008,036)	(14,206)	(4,619)	(16,100)	(1,917)	(5,794)	(10,319)	(15,077)	(3,591)	-	(71,623)	(1,079,659)
Surplus value of property, plant and equipment	1,100	-	1,100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,100
Depreciation	(68,553)	-	(68,553)	(1,392)	(309)	(251)	(87)	(459)	(489)	(6,857)	(2,042)	-	(11,886)	(80,439)
Write-offs/disposals	16,432	-	16,432	390	-	458	256	-	54	199	-	-	1,357	17,789
Adjustment for PIS and COFINS credits	-	-	-	(102)	-	-	-	(45)	-	-	-	-	(147)	(147)
Balances at June 30, 2020	(1,059,057)	-	(1,059,057)	(15,310)	(4,928)	(15,893)	(1,748)	(6,298)	(10,754)	(21,735)	(5,633)	-	(82,299)	(1,141,356)
Annual depreciation rates - %	10	-	-	10	4	20	20	10	10	20	33.3	-	-	-
Property, plant and equipment, net														
Balance at December 31, 2019	472,106	6,605	478,711	12,340	18,340	1,147	542	4,754	3,845	52,867	3,958	68	97,863	576,575
Balance at June 30, 2020	404,738	4,667	409,405	11,022	18,031	1,557	730	4,375	3,622	48,695	2,103	733	90,868	500,276

Rental equipment can be summarized as follows: access scaffolding, formworks, shoring, aerial work platforms and telescopic handlers.

We present below the main acquisitions and reclassifications accumulated through June 30, 2020, by group of assets:

	Parent Company	Consolidated
Shoring	153	153
Aerial work platforms and telescopic handlers	-	140
Reusable concrete formworks	2	2
Machinery and equipment	8	16
Vehicles	368	368
Construction in progress	665	665
Facilities	125	125
Furniture and fittings	208	291
Leasehold improvements	395	425
Computers and peripherals	670	670
	2,594	2,855

The depreciation for the period, allocated to cost of services and general and administrative expenses, amounts to R\$ 66,588 and R\$ 13,414 as at June 30, 2020 (R\$ 127,443 and R\$ 34,802 as at December 31, 2019), respectively.

Certain items of property, plant and equipment are pledged as collateral for borrowings (note 13).

The purchase and sale of rental equipment are being presented in the statement of cash flows as operating activity.

a. Review of estimated useful life

There was no change in the remaining estimated useful lives of fixed assets, and, thus, there was no change in the depreciation rate for the period ended June 30, 2020.

b. Provision for impairment of assets

Management did not identify indications of impairment for the Rental Business Unit (CGU) during 2019, and nor until the base date as of June 30, 2020, based on CPC 01. As a result, it did not perform tests nor apply impairment adjustments since it believes there are no adjustments to the provision for impairment of assets of this Business Unit to be set up. For the Construction Business Unit, management believes there are indications of impairment and performed an impairment test at December 31, 2019.

The recovery amount of this group of Construction assets was determined based on economic market projections, made under the income approach, by forecasting discounted cash flow for a period of ten years plus perpetuity, for the purpose of substantiating the amount recorded in the accounts, given the long-term maturity of investments in infrastructure and civil construction. Revenue was projected based on the Gross Domestic Product (GDP) plus the variation of the IGPM (General Market Price Index). Costs were projected based on a gross margin target, which stabilizes at 65%. The expenses were projected according to the variation of the IPCA (Extended Consumer Price Index). The need for working capital and investments to maintain

the asset tested was also considered. The respective flows were discounted at a discount rate of 12.5% for the period 2020 and 2021 and 11.8% for the other years, plus perpetuity. A growth rate of 1% in actual terms in perpetuity was considered.

Management did not identify indications of impairment for the Construction and Rental Business Units during the six-months of 2020.

11 Intangible assets

	Software	Trademarks and patents	Intangible assets in progress	Goodwill on investments	Total Parent Company
Balances at December 31, 2018	53,221	3,156	183	13,376	69,936
Acquisition	922	-	2,294	-	3,216
Reclassification	-	-	(333)	-	(333)
Balances at December 31, 2019	54,143	3,156	2,145	13,376	72,820
Acquisition	868	-	1,545	-	2,413
Transfer	1,447	-	(1,447)	-	-
Balances at June 30, 2020	56,458	3,156	2,243	13,376	75,233
Accumulated amortization					
Balances at December 31, 2018	(30,833)	(878)	-	(4,232)	(35,943)
Amortization	(4,260)	-	-	-	(4,260)
Adjustment for PIS and COFINS credits	(436)	-	-	-	(436)
Balances at December 31, 2019	(35,528)	(878)	-	(4,232)	(40,639)
Amortization	(2,134)	-	-	-	(2,134)
Adjustment for PIS and COFINS credits	(218)	-	-	-	(218)
Balances at June 30, 2020	(37,880)	(878)	-	(4,232)	(42,990)
Annual amortization rates - %	20	-	-	-	-
Intangible assets, net					
Balances at December 31, 2019	18,615	2,278	2,145	9,144	32,181
Balances at June 30, 2020	18,575	2,278	2,245	9,144	32,242

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	Software	Trademarks and patents	Intangible assets in progress	Goodwill on investments	Total Consolidated
Balances at December 31, 2018	53,221	3,156	184	13,376	69,937
Addition due to acquisition of subsidiary	1,741	8	-	-	1,749
Goodwill due to acquisition of subsidiary	-	-	-	88,011	88,011
Acquisition	1,016	-	2,294	-	3,310
Reclassification	-	-	(334)	-	(334)
Balances at December 31, 2019	55,977	3,164	2,145	101,387	162,673
Acquisition	913	-	1,545	-	2,458
Transfer	1,447	-	(1,447)	-	-
Balances at June 30, 2020	58,337	3,164	2,243	101,387	165,131
Accumulated amortization					
Balances at December 31, 2018	(30,833)	(878)	-	(4,232)	(35,943)
Addition due to acquisition of subsidiary	(1,116)	-	-	-	(1,116)
Amortization	(4,415)	-	-	-	(4,415)
Adjustment for PIS and COFINS credits	(436)	-	-	-	(436)
Balances at December 31, 2019	(36,800)	(878)	-	(4,232)	(41,910)
Amortization	(2,234)	-	-	-	(2,234)
Adjustment for PIS and COFINS credits	(218)	-	-	-	(218)
Balances at June 30, 2020	(39,252)	(878)	-	(4,232)	(44,362)
Annual amortization rates - %	20	-	-	-	-
Intangible assets, net					
Balances at December 31, 2019	19,177	2,286	2,145	97,155	120,763
Balances at June 30, 2020	19,083	2,286	2,245	97,155	120,769

a. Impairment loss on goodwill

Goodwill recognized in the Parent Company arose on the acquisition of Jahu in 2008 and the acquisition of GP Sul in 2011, and is being considered as contribution of the Construction business unit, which represents a Cash-Generating Unit (CGU) to which the goodwill is allocated.

The recoverable amount of this asset was determined according to the same assumptions described in note 10 and Management concluded that no provision for impairment of this asset is required.

b. Goodwill

The goodwill arising from the merger of Solaris Participações presented in the consolidated financial statements is initially measured as the excess of the consideration transferred over the net assets acquired (net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed). Subsequent to initial recognition, in the amount of R\$ 88,011, goodwill, which has indefinite useful life, is measured at cost, less any accumulated impairment losses.

In the consolidated financial statements, the goodwill is classified in intangible assets, while in the Parent Company balance sheet, it is included in investments.

As this goodwill arises from a recent market transaction, which best represents the recoverable amount of this asset, Management has not identified any fact or event that would justify a provision for impairment of goodwill during the acquisition period, May 10, 2019, until the period ended December 31, 2019, and also for the period ended June 30, 2020.

12 Suppliers

	<u>Parent Company</u>		<u>Consolidated</u>	
	6/30/2020	12/31/2019	6/30/2020	12/31/2019
Domestic suppliers - Third parties	19,493	15,885	26,330	23,329
Foreign suppliers - Third parties	686	504	3,527	3,341
	<u>20,179</u>	<u>16,389</u>	<u>29,857</u>	<u>26,670</u>

As at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, suppliers' balances refer basically to installment purchase of spare parts and supplies, services and PP&E.

13 Borrowings and financing

Borrowings were used to finance the expansion of the Company's investments and for its general use and expenses. They bear interest at the TLP (Long-term Interest Rate) and CDI (Interbank Deposit Certificate).

The Company entered into rental equipment financing agreements that bear interest at the TLP rate plus interest of 0.20% to 0.90% p.a. and CDI plus 3.10% to 3.63% p.a., with monthly amortization through October 2021.

	<u>Parent Company</u>		<u>Consolidated</u>	
	6/30/2020	12/31/2019	6/30/2020	12/31/2019
Current	1,440	1,940	7,029	6,543
Noncurrent	-	605	2,245	3,671
Total - Borrowings and financing	<u>1,440</u>	<u>2,545</u>	<u>9,274</u>	<u>10,214</u>

The financial institutions with which the Company has borrowing and financing agreements as of June 30, 2020 are as follows:

Company	Financial institutions
Mills	Banco do Brasil
Mills	Itaú BBA
Solaris Equipamentos	Banco do Brasil
Solaris Equipamentos	Banco ABC

The table below shows the pledged guarantees outstanding at the financial reporting dates:

	<u>Parent Company</u>		<u>Consolidated</u>	
	6/30/2020	12/31/2019	6/30/2020	12/31/2019
Guarantees provided:				
Collateral assignment (*)	<u>15,072</u>	<u>26,993</u>	<u>29,121</u>	<u>41,042</u>

(*) Refers to equipment purchased under the Federal Equipment Financing Program (FINAME) and working capital.

The installments to fall due at the end of the period ended June 30, 2020 are shown below:

	Parent Company	Consolidated
2020	835	3,859
2021	605	5,415
	<u>1,440</u>	<u>9,274</u>

The Company's loan related to FINAME and related to Itaú BBA has restrictive clauses of covenants with the following pre-established relationships:

1. Financial ratio from quotient of division of the net debt (iii) by EBITDA (i), shall be equal to or lower than three (3); and
2. Financial ratio from quotient of division of the EBITDA by net financial expenses (iv), shall be equal to or higher than two (2).
3. "EBITDA" means, based on the Company's four immediately preceding consolidated financial statements, profit or loss before income and social contribution, less income and plus expenses generated by finance income and costs and nonoperating income and expenses, depreciation and amortization, and nonrecurring income and expenses.

The definitions of items (iii) and (iv) are already presented in note 19.

As of June 30, 2020, the Company achieved the covenants indexes defined above.

14 Debentures

Description	Series	Issued amount	Beginning	Maturity	Finance charges	Parent Company		Consolidated	
						6/30/2020	12/31/2019	6/30/2020	12/31/2019
1 st issue – Solaris Equipamentos (i) Single	80,000	March 2014	February 2022	100% of CDI + 4%	-	-	21,626	24,976	
2 nd issue - Mills (ii)	2nd series 109,060	August 2012	August 2020	IPCA + 7.00 p.a.	58,638	56,428	58,638	56,428	
Issue cost					(15)	(61)	(15)	(61)	
					<u>58,623</u>	<u>56,367</u>	<u>80,249</u>	<u>56,367</u>	
4 rd issue - Mills (iii)	Single 100,000	March 2020	March 2025	CDI + 2.35%	100,347	-	100,347	-	
Issue cost					(1,829)	-	(1,829)	-	
					<u>98,518</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>98,518</u>	<u>-</u>	
Total Parent Company					157,141	56,367	-	-	
Total Consolidated					-	-	178,767	81,343	
Current					70,342	56,367	76,230	77,417	
Noncurrent					86,799	-	102,537	3,926	

i. 1st issue of debentures (subsidiary – Solaris Equipamentos)

On March 20, 2014, the subsidiary Solaris Equipamentos approved its first issue of simple, nonconvertible, registered, unsecured debentures, in a single series, totaling R\$80,000 and unit face value of R\$10 totaling 8,000 units issued. These debentures have final maturity on March 20, 2019 and bear interest equivalent to DI plus spread of 2.4% p.a., with monthly payments of interest and amortized in 49 monthly consecutive installments, commencing on March 20, 2015.

On June 3, 2017, the debenture holders approved the first amendment to the Private Indenture of Debentures, which includes the following main changes:

- (a) Change of the initial maturity of debentures, from March 20, 2019 to March 20, 2020.
- (b) Change of the amortization date of debentures and amortization percentages, in order to grant a 9-month grace period on the balance payment, that is, the installments of principal amortization from June 20, 2017 to January 20, 2018, became due beginning on February 20, 2018.
- (c) Change of the spread from 2.40% to 4.50%, beginning on June 20, 2017.
- (d) Change of the percentage of premium applicable to the total early redemption and extraordinary optional amortization of debentures.

On March 14, 2018, the debenture holders approved the second amendment to the Private Indenture of Debentures, which includes the following main changes:

- (a) Change of the maturity of debentures, from March 20, 2020 to February 20, 2021.
- (b) Change of the amortization of the nominal unit value of debentures, which started to be amortized on March 20, 2015 and will have a total of 63 monthly installments, with final maturity on February 20, 2021.
- (c) Waiver of debenture holders related to the accelerated maturity of debentures in 2017, since the Company presented a ratio obtained by the division of Net Debt by EBITDA greater than 2.5.
- (d) The ratio obtained by the division of Net Debt by EBITDA should not be greater than or equal to 3.0 in the year ended December 31, 2018 and should not be greater than or equal to 2.5 in the year ending December 31, 2019 (including), through the maturity date.
- (e) Change of the spread from 4.50% to 4.00%, beginning on March 21, 2018 through the maturity date.
- (f) Change of the percentage of premium applicable to the total early redemption and extraordinary optional amortization of debentures.
- (g) On March 25, 2019, the debenture holders granted previous approval for certain corporate transactions, among which one in which the Company became a wholly owned subsidiary of Mills as disclosed in the material fact of December 21, 2018.

At the Debenture Holders Meeting held on April 17, 2020, the debenture holders decided to enter into an amendment to the “Private Indenture of First Issue of Simple Debentures, Nonconvertible, Unsecured, in a Single Series, with Additional Guarantee Real, for Public

Distribution, with Restricted Placement Efforts, of Solaris Equipamentos e Serviços S.A.”, of March 19, 2014, as amended between the Company, as issuer of the Debentures, and the Trustee, representing the communion of Debenture Holders, in order, mainly, to include a twelve-month grace period for the repayment of principal as from April 2020, maturing on February 20, 2022, also establishing a new remuneration surcharge of 5%.

In the period ended June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the subsidiary shows the pledged guarantees outstanding in the amount of R\$ 37,464.

Covenants

The subsidiary's debenture indentures require compliance with debt and interest coverage ratios under preset parameters, as follows:

- (a) Maintenance of the financial ratio within the limit below established on the dates of its respective annual calculation.
- (b) The ratio obtained by the division of Net Debt by EBITDA should not be greater than or equal to 2.5 in the year ended December 31, 2019 and should not be greater than or equal to 2.5 in the year ending December 31, 2020 (including), through the maturity date.

As at December 31, 2019, the Subsidiary's net debt totaled R\$ 18,609 (R\$ 28,089 as at December 31, 2018), and the total Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization - EBITDA was R\$ 72,485 (R\$ 32,376 as at December 31, 2018), generating a financial ratio (net debt / EBITDA) of 0.26 (0.87 as at December 31, 2018).

Therefore, for the year ended December 31, 2019 the Parent Company achieved all covenants to which it was subject. The covenants are measured at the end of every fiscal year.

ii. 2nd issue of debentures (Parent Company - Mills)

The second issue of Company debentures, of a total of 27,000 simple, nonconvertible, registered, unsecured debentures, in two series, was approved on August 3, 2012, totaling R\$270,000 and unit face value of R\$10. The transaction costs associated with this issue, in the amount of R\$ 1,810, are being recognized as borrowing costs, in accordance with the contractual terms of the issue.

2nd series - 10,906 second series debentures, totaling R\$109,060, with maturity on August 15, 2020, subject to adjustment for inflation based on the accumulated variation of the IPCA. The face value of the second series debentures will be amortized in three annual installments as from the sixth year of their issue and interest paid annually will correspond to 5.50% p.a. At a general meeting held on March 22, 2017 debenture holders decided that interest paid annually will correspond to 7.00% p.a. of the amount adjusted for inflation as described above.

The main decisions made at the general meeting held by debenture holders on March 22, 2017, were:

- (c) Replacement of EBITDA by Operating Cash Flow - FCO, for the calculation of covenants for the purpose of early maturity;

- (d) Pledge of collateral consisting of a fiduciary transfer made by the Company in up to 60 days as of March 22, 2017 by opening a restricted account, on behalf of debenture holders, in an amount equivalent to 50% of the outstanding balance, measured monthly;
- (e) Keeping of EBITDA in covenants for the purpose of clearance of restricted account and restrictions on dividend distribution and loans between related parties;
- (f) Renegotiation of the interest rates as described above;
- (g) Limitation of dividends above the minimum legal level of 25%;
- (h) Restriction on loans between related parties.

If the original covenants (EBITDA) are met for two consecutive quarters, the clearance of restricted account occurs. These indicators are now assessed as from this date. In the event of non-compliance therewith, the restricted account is reestablished by replacing EBITDA with Operating Cash Flow (OCF (iii)) for the calculation of covenants.

The main decisions made at the general meeting held by debenture holders on February, 22, 2019, were:

- (i) Prior consent for the merger, into the Company, of Solaris Participações, Equipamentos e Serviços S.A., in connection with the business combination disclosed in a material news release dated December 21, 2018;
- (j) Permission to carry out intercompany loan operations with its subsidiaries or affiliated companies in the amount of up to R\$ 25,000 (twenty-five million reais);
- (k) The change in the mechanism of the Debentures restricted account, provided for in the respective fiduciary assignment agreements, in order to allow the use of part of such funds in the repayment of the Debenture installments; and

Other related matters on the meeting agenda, according to the minutes of the debenture holders' meetings available, fully disclosed on the website www.mills.com.br/ri and on the CVM website.

Covenants

The debenture indentures require compliance with debt and interest coverage ratios under preset parameters, as follows:

- (1) Financial ratio resulting from the ratio of the Net Debt division (i) by EBITDA (iv), should be equal to or less than three (3);
- (2) Financial ratio resulting from the quotient of dividing EBITDA by Net Financial Expenses (ii), must be equal to or greater than two (2).

iii. 4th issue of debentures (Parent Company - Mills)

The Company's Board of Directors approved on March 3, 2020 the 4th issue of simple, nonconvertible, secured, single-series debentures ("Issue" and "Debentures", respectively), maturing 60 months as from the issue date.

The Issue will be comprised of 100,000 Debentures with the unit value of R\$ 1,000.00, totaling R\$ 100,000, with the respective guarantees provided in the Issue documents, which will be offered with restricted placement efforts, under the terms of CVM Instruction 476 of January 16, 2009, as effective ("Restricted Offer"). The principal will be amortized quarterly, with interest corresponding to the CDI rate plus 2.35% per year.

The net proceeds raised by the Company through the Restricted Offer and the Issue will be used in the payment of debts, adjustment and/or renovation of the equipment fleet and improvement of the Company's cash, in the normal course of its business.

In the period ended June 30, 2020, the Company shows the pledged guarantees outstanding in the amount of R\$ 202,277.

Covenants

The debenture indentures require compliance with debt and interest coverage ratios under preset parameters, as follows:

- (1) Financial ratio resulting from the ratio of the Net Debt (i) by EBITDA (iv) should be equal to or less than two (2);
- (2) For purposes of calculating the Fourth Issue covenants, calculations will be made disregarding the effects of IFRS 16.
 - (i) "Net Debt" means, based on the Company's immediately preceding consolidated financial statements, (a) the sum of the Company's onerous debts, on a consolidated basis, to companies, including borrowings from third parties and/or related parties and issue of fixed-income securities, whether convertible or not, in the local and/or international capital markets, as well as guarantees provided by the Company, excluding debts arising from tax installment payments; (b) less the sum of the Company's cash and cash equivalents (cash and short-term investments), on a consolidated basis;
 - (ii) "Net Financial Expenses" mean, based on the Company's four immediately preceding consolidated financial statements, the balance of the difference between the consolidated gross financial income and the consolidated gross financial expenses;
 - (iii) "OCF" means, based on the Company's four immediately preceding consolidated financial statements, net cash generated by operating activities less interest and net inflation gains and losses, acquisitions of rental PP&E items and interest paid; and
 - (iv) "EBITDA" means, based on the Company's four immediately preceding consolidated financial statements, profit or loss before income and social contribution, less income and plus expenses generated by financial and non-operating results, depreciation and amortization, and nonrecurring income and expenses.

Considering non-recurring expenses for the purpose of determining adjusted EBITDA, at the end of the period ended June 30, 2020, all original covenants have been met.

As at June 30, 2020, the balances of debentures including transaction costs are R\$ 76,638 in current liabilities and R\$ 103,974 in noncurrent liabilities. The net amounts of transaction costs are, respectively, R\$ 76,230 and R\$ 102,537 (as at December 31, 2019, the gross balance of debentures is R\$ 72,060 in current liabilities and R\$ 9,814 in noncurrent liabilities, and R\$ 71,976 and R\$ 9,814 net of transaction costs).

15 Leases

On initial adoption of CPC 06 (R2), the Company used the modified retrospective approach, since such approach does not require comparative information and the right-of-use asset is measured at the same amount of the lease liability. The standard defines that an arrangement is or contain a lease when it transfers the right to control the use of an identified asset for a certain period, in exchange for a consideration.

The Company also elected to adopt the recognition exemptions provided in the standard for short-term or low-value leases. The impact of the adoption of CPC 06 (R2) on the statement of operations is the replacement of the straight-line cost of leases (operating lease) by the straight-line cost of depreciation of the right-of-use asset included in these arrangements and by the interest expense on the lease liabilities calculated using the effective borrowing rates at the inception of these transactions.

During the period ended June 30, 2020, the Company and its subsidiaries obtained one-off discounts in the rents of its branches and adopted the practical expedient, according to changes included in CPC 06 (R2) - Leases, approved by CVM Resolution 859, in which the lessee may choose not to evaluate the rental discounts obtained related to Covid-19 as a modification of the lease.

As a result, these amounts were treated as variable part of the lease contract, with a direct effect on income statement without the need for remeasurement of assets and liabilities, the total amount of these discounts was R\$ 918 at the parent company and R\$ 938 in the consolidated.

The information on the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of lease transactions used by the Company is presented below:

a. Recognition

The lease liability is initially measured at present value, discounted using the nominal incremental borrowing rate of the group, net of the following effects:

- (a) Variable lease payments based on an index or a rate;
- (b) Amounts paid by the lessee under a residual value guarantee;
- (c) Exercise price under a purchase option if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise the option;

Right-of-use assets are measured according to the following items:

- (a) Initial amount of the lease liability;
- (b) Any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received; and
- (c) Any initial direct costs.

Payments of short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognized as cost or expense, since according to the standard they are exempt from the treatment as leases.

b. Critical judgments on the determination of the lease term

In determining the lease term, management considers all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive for the exercise of an extension or termination option of a lease agreement. Extension options (or periods after termination options) are included in the lease term only when there is reasonable assurance that the lease will be extended (or will not be terminated). This assessment is reviewed whenever there is an event or significant change in circumstances that affects such assessment and is within the lessee's control. During the current year, the financial effect of the review of lease terms in order to reflect the effect of the exercise of extension options are shown below: in January 2019, IFRS 16/ CPC 06 (R2) became effective. The rights of use are recognized in assets, subject to depreciation and leases are recognized in liabilities, as are finance leases, subject to adjustment for inflation and amortized by the lease payment.

As a result of the initial adoption of the standard, the Company and Subsidiary recorded R\$ 66,669 related to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities at January 1, 2019.

The movement in the right-of-use asset and lease liability during the period ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

c. Movement in the right-of-use – Asset

Right-of-use	Parent Company		Consolidated	
	6/30/2020	12/31/2019	6/30/2020	12/31/2019
Vehicles				
Balance at January 1	1,831	-	3,958	-
Initial adoption	-	3,649	-	6,211
Remeasurement (*)	-	43	-	(1,158)
Additions/updating of agreements	695	500	695	2,613
Write-offs	(122)	(118)	(509)	(123)
Accumulated depreciation	<u>(1,228)</u>	<u>(2,242)</u>	<u>(2,042)</u>	<u>(3,583)</u>
Net PP&E	1,176	1,831	2,103	3,958
	Parent Company		Consolidated	
	6/30/2020	12/31/2019	6/30/2020	12/31/2019
Properties				
Balance at January 1	49,250	54,137	52,867	60,458
Remeasurement (*)	-	5,539	-	7,358
Additions/updating of agreements	2,401	2,214	2,842	2,521
Write-offs	(194)	(1,783)	(266)	(2,391)
Accumulated depreciation	<u>(5,412)</u>	<u>(10,858)</u>	<u>(6,749)</u>	<u>(15,079)</u>
Net PP&E	46,045	49,250	48,695	52,867

d. Movement in lease – Liabilities

	Parent Company		Consolidated	
	6/30/2020	12/31/2019	6/30/2020	12/31/2019
Lease liabilities				
Vehicles				
Balance at January 1	1,890	3,649	3,746	6,211
Remeasurement (*)	-	43	-	(1,158)
Updating of agreements	695	500	695	1,914
Write-offs	(122)	(118)	(509)	(118)
Payments	(1,317)	(2,396)	(2,186)	(3,946)
Finance charges	62	212	145	842
Leases payable - Vehicles	1,208	1,890	1,891	3,745
Properties				
Balance at January 1	51,286	54,137	54,908	60,458
Remeasurement (*)	-	5,539	-	7,358
Updating of agreements	2,401	2,214	2,841	2,521
Write-offs	(194)	(1,770)	(264)	(2,391)
Payments	(6,442)	(13,958)	(7,891)	(18,512)
Finance charges	2,324	5,123	2,471	5,474
Leases payable – Properties	49,377	51,286	52,065	54,908
Total leases payable	50,585	53,176	53,956	58,653
Current	12,188	12,053	13,261	15,171
Noncurrent	38,397	41,123	40,695	43,482

(*) Remeasurement calculated in the 4th quarter of 2019 based on CVM guidance through Circular Letter CVM/SNC/SEP 02/2019, where the Parent Company and the Subsidiary adjusted the amount of initial recognition, which was net of PIS and COFINS, to be presented gross of such taxes.

e. Contractual flows by terms and discount rates

The discount rates were calculated based on the nominal basic interest rate readily observable, adjusted by the Company's credit risk, to the lease terms. The table below shows the rates used and the agreement terms.

Agreement terms	Properties	Rate p.a. Vehicles
2020	7.90%	7.94%
2021	8.02%	8.05%
2022	8.49%	8.40%
2023	8.95%	-
2024	9.42%	-
2025	9.55%	-
2026	9.81%	-
2029	10.07%	-

The Company presents in the table below the analysis of the maturity of lease liabilities based on nominal and actual flows during the period ended June 30, 2020:

Payment terms	Projected inflation (*)	Parent Company		Consolidated	
		Properties	Vehicles	Properties	Vehicles
2020	3.04%	7,424	721	8,905	1,543
2021	3.44%	12,954	544	14,234	1,056
2022	4.08%	11,843	-	11,927	-
2023	4.23%	8,632	-	8,632	-
2024	4.43%	7,491	-	7,491	-
2025 to 2027	4.56%	13,054	-	13,054	-
2028 to 2029	4.69%	3,024	-	3,024	-
Nominal rate flow		64,422	1,265	67,267	2,599
Implicit finance charges		(15,045)	(57)	(15,202)	(708)
Actual rate flow		49,377	1,208	52,065	1,891
Current		11,226	962	11,915	1,345
Noncurrent		38,151	246	40,150	546

(*) Rate obtained according to IPCA projection for NTN-Bs.

The Company has the potential right for PIS/COFINS recoverable embedded in the consideration for real estate and vehicles, with the potential effects of PIS/COFINS shown in the following table:

	Tax rate	Parent Company		Consolidated	
		Nominal	Present value	Nominal	Present value
Consideration	-	65,687	50,585	69,866	53,957
Potential PIS/COFINS	9.25%	6,076	4,679	6,463	4,991

16 Related parties

a. Transactions and balances

There were no loans between the Company and its officers during the periods ended June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019.

As at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the Company had no consulting service agreements with members of the Board of Directors.

b. Management compensation

The amounts relating to compensation paid to members of the Company's management are as follows:

	Parent Company				Consolidated			
	6/30/2020		6/30/2019		6/30/2020		6/30/2019	
	Three-month period	Six-month period	Three-month period	Six-month period	Three-month period	Six-month period	Three-month period	Six-month period
Salaries and payroll charges - officers	1,535	5,408	1,299	3,010	1,860	6,095	3,854	3,854
Fees paid to Board of Directors members	1,044	2,088	900	1,542	1,044	2,088	1,542	1,542
Profit sharing	1,755	1,755	1,712	1,712	2,137	2,137	1,712	1,712
Share-based payments	-	6,068	231	461	-	6,068	461	461
Total	<u>4,334</u>	<u>15,319</u>	<u>4,142</u>	<u>6,725</u>	<u>5,041</u>	<u>16,388</u>	<u>7,569</u>	<u>7,569</u>

c. Related-party transactions

The amounts related to intercompany transactions refer to the sublease of equipment among companies, as shown below:

Company	Nature	6/30/2020			
		Trade receivables	Trade payables	Sublease income	Sublease expense
Solaris Equipamentos	Sublease of equipment	2,383	2,146	9,964	4,646

17 Employee benefits

a. Post-employment benefits

The post-employment benefits granted and to be granted to former employees related to health care are provisioned based on an actuarial calculation prepared by an independent actuary, using future projections related to various parameters of the benefits evaluated, such as inflation and interest, among other aspects. The actuarial assumptions adopted for the calculation were determined considering the long term of the projections to which they refer. Actuarial gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income in the "Equity adjustments" account and presented in equity.

The amounts related to these benefits were calculated based on a valuation prepared by an

independent actuary as at December 31, 2019, and are recognized in the financial statements in accordance with IAS 19 (CPC 32 R1). For the period ended June 30, 2020, we did not identify any significant changes in the assumptions that would require the reperformance of the actuarial calculations.

	Parent Company and Consolidated (*)	
	6/30/2020	12/31/2019
Post-employment benefit	13,170	12,646

(*) The balances presented at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 fully refer to the parent company.

b. Stock option and restricted stock plan

The Company has stock option plans approved by shareholders at their general meeting aimed at integrating its executives in the Company development process in the medium and long terms. These plans are managed by the Company and the grants are approved by the Board of Directors.

Share options in thousands						
Plans	Grant date	Final exercise date	Share options granted	Share options exercised	Share options canceled	Outstanding share options
2010 Program	5/31/2010	5/31/2016	1,475	(1,369)	(106)	-
2011 Program	4/16/2011	4/16/2017	1,184	(597)	(587)	-
2012 Program	6/30/2012	5/31/2018	1,258	(402)	(856)	-
2013 Program	4/30/2013	4/30/2019	768	(91)	(677)	-
2014 Program	4/30/2014	4/30/2020	260	-	(260)	-
2016 Program	4/28/2016	4/28/2024	1,700	(265)	(831)	604

In order to price the cost of the Top Mills Special Plan relating to its equity component, the applicable volatilities were determined at the risk-free rates and stock prices based on valuations of 6.6 times the EBITDA, less net debt, and the Company used the Black-Sholes model to calculate the fair value.

On March 31, 2014, the Company approved at the Board of Directors meeting:

- (i) the creation of the 1/2014 Stock Option program;
- (ii) the definition of the criteria to set the strike price of options and their payment terms;
- (iii) the definition of the terms and conditions of exercise of options;
- (iv) and (iv) the authorization for the Executive Officers to grant the stock options to the beneficiaries eligible under the 2014 Program.

At the Board of Directors meeting held on May 21, 2015, the Company decided to sell the Company's shares held in treasury in order to exercise the option to purchase the profit-sharing bonds under the 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013 and 2014 Stock Option Programs (see note 23.b).

On April 28, 2016, the Company decided at the Board of Directors meeting to approve the Company's new stock option plan, according to the 1/26 program.

The plans granted as from 2010 were classified as equity instruments and the weighted average fair value of the options granted was determined according to the Black-Scholes valuation model, considering the following assumptions:

Program Grant		Weighted average fair value by option - R\$	Weighted average price of the share at the grant date - R\$	Strike price at the grant date - R\$	Volatility at the grant date	Dividend yield at the grant date	Annual risk-free interest rate at the grant date	Maximum strike period at the grant date
2010	First	3.86	11.95	11.50	31.00%	1.52%	6.60%	6 years
2010	Second	5.49	14.10	11.50	31.00%	1.28%	6.37%	6 years
2011	Single	6.57	19.15	19.28	35.79%	1.08%	6.53%	6 years
2012	Basic	21.75	27.60	5.86	37.41%	0.81%	3.92%	6 years
2012	Discretionary	12.57	27.60	19.22	37.41%	0.81%	3.92%	6 years
2013	Basic	24.78	31.72	6.81	35.34%	0.82%	3.37%	6 years
2013	Discretionary	11.92	31.72	26.16	35.34%	0.82%	3.37%	6 years
2014	Basic	22.46	28.12	7.98	33.45%	0.75%	12.47%	6 years
2014	Discretionary	11.16	28.12	30.94	33.45%	0.75%	12.47%	6 years
2016	Discretionary	2.63	4.31	2.63	71.45%	1.51%	14.25%	8 years

The strike price of the shares granted under the Plan is set by the Company's Board of Directors.

The table below presents the accumulated balances of the plans in the balance sheet and the effects on the statements of operations.

	6/30/2020	12/31/2019
2002 Plan:		
Capital reserve	1,446	1,446
Number of shares exercised (thousands)	3,920	3,920
Top Mills, Special CEO and Ex-CEO Plans:		
Capital reserve	1,148	1,148
Number of shares exercised (thousands)	1,055	1,055
Mills Rental Executive Plan:		
Capital reserve	4,007	4,007
Number of shares exercised (thousands)	391	391
2010 Plan:		
Capital reserve	5,693	5,693
Number of exercisable options (thousands)	-	-
Number of shares exercised (thousands)	1,369	1,369
Number of shares canceled (thousands)	106	106
2011 Program (2010 Plan):		
Capital reserve	7,329	7,329
Number of exercisable options (thousands)	-	-
Number of shares exercised (thousands)	597	597
Number of shares canceled (thousands)	587	587
2012 Program (2010 Plan):		
Capital reserve	14,162	14,162
Number of exercisable options (thousands)	-	-
Number of shares exercised (thousands)	402	402
Number of shares canceled (thousands)	856	856
2013 Program (2010 Plan):		
Capital reserve	11,900	11,900
Number of exercisable options (thousands)	-	513
Number of shares exercised (thousands)	91	91
Number of shares canceled (thousands)	677	164
2014 Program (2010 Plan):		
Capital reserve	4,701	4,701
Number of exercisable options (thousands)	-	158
Number of shares exercised (thousands)	-	-
Number of shares canceled (thousands)	260	102
2016 Program:		
Capital reserve	2,315	2,111
Number of exercisable options (thousands)	604	649
Number of shares exercised (thousands)	265	220
Number of shares canceled (thousands)	831	831
Total recognized as equity (six-month period)	52,701	52,497
Profit (loss) effect	204	412

As of June 30, 2020, the capital reserve balances attributable to the stock option plans already closed until 2014 were transferred to retained earnings in the amount of R\$ 4,691.

c. Restricted shares incentive program

The Company has a restricted shares incentive program approved by shareholders at their general meeting aimed at integrating its executives in the Company's development process in the medium and long terms. These plans are managed by the Company and the grants are approved by the Board of Directors.

Plans	Grant date	Final exercise date	Shares in thousands			
			Share options granted	Shares options exercised	Shares options canceled	Share options
2018 Program	11/19/2018	11/18/2021	868	590	278	-
2019 Program	8/14/2019	12/31/2021	858	-	-	858

In order to price the cost of the restricted stock plan relating to its equity component, the applicable volatilities were determined at the risk-free rates, the dividend yield and the stock prices, with the Black-Scholes model being used to calculate the fair value.

On June 18, 2018, the Company approved at the Board of Directors meeting the proposal to create a Restricted Stock Incentive Plan of the Company, with the subsequent call to the Company's Extraordinary General Meeting to resolve on its approval.

At the Extraordinary General Meeting held on July 18, 2018, the Company approved the Restricted Stock Incentive Plan, as proposed by the Board of Directors.

On August 18, 2018, the Company decided at a Board of Directors meeting to adopt the Company's Restricted Stock Incentive Program, within the scope of the Company's Restricted Shares Incentive Plan approved by the Extraordinary General Meeting held on July 18, 2018.

At the Board of Directors meeting held on November 18, 2018, the Company approved the restricted stock granting to the beneficiaries of the Company's Restricted Stock Incentive Program, approved at the Board of Directors Meeting held on August 3, 2018, within the scope of the Company's Restricted Stock Incentive Plan approved by the Company's Extraordinary General Meeting held on July 18, 2018.

At the Board of Directors meeting held on August 14, 2019, the Company approved the restricted stock granting to the beneficiaries of the Company's Restricted Stock Incentive Program, approved at the Board of Directors Meeting held on August 14, 2019, within the scope of the Company's Restricted Stock Incentive Plan approved by the Company's Extraordinary General Meeting held on July 18, 2018.

The plans granted were classified as equity instruments and the weighted average fair value of the options granted was determined according to the Black-Scholes valuation model, considering the following assumptions:

Program	Weighted average fair value by share - R\$	Weighted average price of the share at the grant date - R\$	Strike price at the grant date - R\$	Volatility at the grant date	Dividend yield at the grant date	Annual risk free interest rate at the grant date	Maximum strike period at the grant date
2018	3.17	3.18	0.00	54.56%	0.00%	5.04%	36 months

Program	Weighted average fair value by share - R\$	Weighted average price of the share at the grant date - R\$	Strike price at the grant date - R\$	Volatility at the grant date	Dividend yield at the grant date	Annual risk free interest rate at the grant date	Maximum exercise period at the grant date
2019	7.43	7.44	0.00	55.71%	0.00%	2.36%	29 months

	6/30/2020	12/31/2019
2018 Plan:		
Capital reserve	-	2,759
Number of exercisable options (thousands)	-	868
Number of shares exercised (thousands)	590	-
Number of shares canceled (thousands)	278	-
2019 Plan:		
Capital reserve	2,423	1,101
Number of exercisable options (thousands)	858	858
Number of shares canceled (thousands)	-	-
Total recognized as equity (six-month period)	2,423	3,860
Profit (loss) effect	1,325	3,783

By resolution of the Board of Directors, on 08/14/2019, the Company anticipated the settlement of the Company's restricted shares program, referring to the 2018 fiscal year, to January 2020.

The total number of planned actions related to the 2018 ILP was 867,798 shares. 54,371 shares were canceled, due to the loss of rights by some beneficiaries, remaining 813,427 shares. Considering the value of the share on the date of delivery to the beneficiaries was R\$ 9.92 per share, the basic calculation amount for social security charges applicable to this type of benefit was R\$ 8,069. From this total, the amount of 223,692 equivalent to income tax at source was deducted, and the beneficiaries received a net amount of 589,735 shares. Considering the average value of treasury shares, of R\$ 8.87 per share, the result written off from the treasury stock account was R\$ 5,231, as it is payment via equity instrument, with no cash effect for the Company. The amount of R\$ 4,691 was recognized on accumulated losses and the amount of R\$ 2,759 previously constituted as a capital reserve was also absorbed.

d. Profit sharing program

The provision for profit sharing is recorded on an accrual basis, as an expense. The determination of the amount, which is paid in the year following the recording of the provision, is made according to the Profit Sharing Agreement negotiated annually with the category union, in accordance with Law 10,101/00, as amended by Law 12,832/13.

The Company's Profit Sharing Program is based on the achievement of Adjusted EBITDA and the captures of synergies arising from the business combination with Solaris Equipamentos and corporate and individual targets. All Mills and subsidiary employees with at least 90 days worked are eligible.

As at June 30, 2020, the liability amount is R\$ 2,491 in the parent company and R\$ 3,434 in the consolidated (R\$ 5,986 and R\$ 8,840, respectively, as at December 31, 2019).

18 Income tax and social contribution

a. Reconciliation of the income tax and social contribution benefit (expense)

The reconciliation of income and social contribution tax expense between statutory and effective rates is as follows:

	Parent Company				Consolidated			
	4/1/2020 to 6/30/2020	4/1/2019 to 6/30/2019	1/1/2020 to 6/30/2020	1/1/2019 to 6/30/2019	4/1/2020 to 6/30/2020	4/1/2019 to 6/30/2019	1/1/2020 to 6/30/2020	1/1/2019 to 6/30/2019
Loss for the period before income and social contribution	(17,549)	(20,828)	(20,829)	(34,681)	(18,892)	(21,822)	(19,727)	(35,675)
Statutory income and social contribution tax rate	34%	34%	34%	34%	34%	34%	34%	34%
Income and social contribution taxes at statutory rate	5,966	7,082	7,082	11,792	6,424	7,419	6,708	12,129
Nondeductible provisions (*) and permanent differences	(33)	79	(300)	19	(71)	736	(541)	560
Prior years adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	116
Share of profit (loss) of subsidiaries	(923)	-	488	-	-	-	-	-
Total current and deferred income and social contribution taxes	<u>5,010</u>	<u>7,161</u>	<u>7,270</u>	<u>11,811</u>	<u>6,353</u>	<u>8,155</u>	<u>6,168</u>	<u>12,805</u>
Effective rate	29%	34%	35%	34%	34%	37%	31%	36%

(*) Non-deductible expenses comprise expenses on the accrual of cancellations, gifts, debt waivers and non-compensatory fines.

b. Movement in deferred income and social contribution taxes during the period, not considering the offset of balances:

Description	Parent Company				Consolidated	
	12/31/2019	Additions	Write-offs	6/30/2020	12/31/2019	6/30/2020
GP Andaimes Sul Locadora goodwill	(672)	-	-	(672)	(672)	(672)
Jahu goodwill	(2,437)	-	-	(2,437)	(2,437)	(2,437)
Adjustment IFRS 9 – Cash and cash equivalents	(30)	-	-	(30)	(30)	(30)
Finance leases	2,543	-	(1,112)	1,431	(11,422)	(10,581)
Adjustment for inflation of judicial deposits	(1,900)	-	8	(1,892)	(1,900)	(1,892)
Debentures	(21)	(663)	57	(627)	(21)	(628)
Accelerated depreciation	(2,259)	-	376	(1,883)	(2,595)	(2,156)
Property, plant and equipment hedge	(288)	-	65	(223)	(288)	(223)
Exchange gain - accrual basis	(516)	(164)	-	(680)	(516)	(680)
SCG III goodwill	-	-	-	-	4,194	2,883
Fair value adjustment (Rohr)	3,612	-	-	3,612	3,612	3,612
Adjustment IFRS 9 – Cash and cash equivalents (initial adoption)	36	-	-	36	36	36
ECL adjustment on initial adoption of CPC 48/IFRS 9	588	-	-	588	1,219	1,219
IFRS 16 Leases	706	240	-	946	660	917
Post-employment benefit	771	178	-	949	771	949
Post-employment benefit (initial adjustment)	3,529	-	-	3,529	3,529	3,529
Bonus payable	875	107	-	982	875	982
Other provisions	-	-	-	-	1,413	560
Impairment losses	953	-	-	953	953	953
Impairment allowance (Rohr)	8,906	-	-	8,906	8,906	8,906
Tax losses	188,726	11,162	-	199,888	267,450	278,711
Provision for profit sharing	2,035	804	(1,991)	848	2,310	1,000
Provision for slow-moving inventories	1,318	101	-	1,418	3,614	3,833
Provision for discounts and cancellations	693	755	(778)	670	693	670
Allowance for expected credit losses	7,736	-	(1,106)	6,630	8,974	8,749
Provision for realization of ICMS tax credit	29	-	-	29	29	29
Provision for costs and expenses	162	74	-	236	162	236
Provision for tax, civil and labor risks	6,654	1,288	(1,530)	6,412	8,041	8,153
Stock options	11,292	-	(669)	10,623	11,292	10,623
Exchange loss	579	68	-	647	579	647
	233,619	13,950	(6,680)	240,889	309,429	317,898

c. Deferred taxes that are recognized directly in shareholders' equity

The balance of deferred taxes recognized in shareholders' equity as at June 30, 2020 is R\$ 5,736.

d. The bases and expectations for realization of the deferred income tax and social contribution are presented below:

Nature	Bases for realization
<i>Stock option</i>	Exercise of options
Discount to present value	Tax realization of the loss/gain
Property, plant and equipment hedge	Depreciation of the asset
Provision for slow-moving inventories	Write-off or sale of the asset
Provision for impairment	Realization of the provision
Fair value adjustment - Rohr	Sale of stake in the investment
Provision for costs and expenses	Payment
Provision for loss on lawsuit Murilo Pessoa	Receipt of the amount
Allowance for expected credit losses	Filing of lawsuits and past-due receivables
Leases	Realization of assets over the straight-line depreciation period
Provision for tax, civil and labor risks	Tax realization of the loss or settlement of the lawsuit
Provision for realization of tax credit	Realization of tax credit
Provision for discounts and cancellations	Reversal/realization of the provision
Taxes with required payment suspended	Payment or reversal of the provision
Accelerated depreciation	Tax depreciation over five years
GP Andaimes Sul Locadora goodwill	Disposal/impairment of the asset
Jahu goodwill	Disposal/impairment of the asset
Adjustment for inflation of judicial deposits	Withdrawal of the deposit
Exchange differences	Payment of the borrowing
Tax losses	Expectation of future taxable profits (i)
Bonus payable	Payment
Debentures	Amortization of the borrowing cost
Impairment	Reversal/realization of the provision
Hedge provision (sale)	Derivative contracting/settlement
Provision for post-employment benefits	Reversal/realization of the provision

The Company prepared the impairment analysis of the deferred tax asset recognized as at December 31, 2019 and concluded that there are sufficient evidences that taxable profits will be generated against which the recognized tax losses and other temporary additions can be utilized, within a period lower than 10 years. The determination of the amount of future taxable profits is based on projections of revenues, costs and finance income and costs, which reflect the Company's economic and operational environments. For the base date as of June 30, 2020, there were no significant changes regarding expectations of future profitability for offset of tax losses and other temporary additions in less than ten years.

The actions aiming at generating taxable profit are those already in course through the implementation of the commercial strategy focused on the recovery of price, extended market coverage with the diversification of the customer base and increase in profitability, in the Rental business unit, and focus on the adjustment of products and efforts to markets where the Company always had a higher differential: larger and higher complexity works, in the Construction business unit.

19 Provisions for tax, civil and labor risks and judicial deposits

The Company is a party to tax, civil and labor proceedings that have arisen in the normal course of business and is discussing the related matters both at the administrative and judicial levels. These proceedings are backed by judicial deposits, when applicable.

Based on the opinion of the Company's outside legal counsel, management understands that the appropriate legal measures already taken in each situation are sufficient to cover potential losses and preserve the Company's equity, being reassessed periodically.

The Company does not have any contingent assets recognized.

Breakdown of the provision for tax, civil and labor risks:

	Parent Company		Consolidated	
	6/30/2020	12/31/2019	6/30/2020	12/31/2019
Tax (i)	5,071	5,030	5,399	5,030
Civil (ii)	1,197	1,547	1,970	2,311
Labor (iii)	10,148	10,489	14,165	13,804
Success fees (iv)	2,441	2,503	2,441	2,503
	<u>18,857</u>	<u>19,569</u>	<u>23,975</u>	<u>23,648</u>

- 1) Refers to the writ of mandamus filed for by the Company when challenging the increase in the PIS and COFINS rates (established by the non-cumulative regime of these contributions, with the enactment of Laws 10,637/2002 and 10,833/2003). The Company maintains a judicial deposit for this provision, related to the differences in rates;
- 2) The Company has lawsuits filed against it relating to civil liability and compensation claims. Some of these lawsuits were settled through agreements in an amount below the provision.
- 3) The Company is a defendant in various labor lawsuits. Most of the lawsuits involve claims for compensation due to occupational diseases, overtime, hazardous duty premium and equal pay.
- 4) Contingent fees are generally set at up to 10% of the amount of the claim, payable to outside legal counsel according to the success achieved in each claim. Payment is contingent upon an outcome of the lawsuits favorable to the Company.

Movement in the provision for tax, civil and labor risks:

	Parent Company		Consolidated	
	6/30/2020	12/31/2019	6/30/2020	12/31/2019
Balance at January 1	<u>19,569</u>	<u>25,142</u>	<u>23,648</u>	<u>25,142</u>
Solaris Equipamentos acquisition adjustment through April/2019	-	-	-	4,795
Provision	1,607	4,107	3,241	5,599
Adjustment for inflation	1,102	1,988	1,101	1,988
Reversals/write-off	<u>(3,421)</u>	<u>(11,668)</u>	<u>(4,015)</u>	<u>(13,876)</u>
Balance at the end of the period	<u>18,857</u>	<u>19,569</u>	<u>23,975</u>	<u>23,648</u>

The main movement in 2019 is related to the unfavorable decision to the Company in regard to a civil contingency, as mentioned in item ("ii") above.

a. Breakdown of judicial deposits

	Parent Company		Consolidated	
	6/30/2020	12/31/2019	6/30/2020	12/31/2019
Tax (i)	8,973	8,734	9,013	8,771
Labor (ii)	3,177	3,448	3,317	3,591
Civil (iii)	-	-	102	101
	<u>12,150</u>	<u>12,182</u>	<u>12,432</u>	<u>12,463</u>

- (ii) As at June 30, 2020, the composition of judicial deposits of a tax nature totaled R\$ 8,973. The reconciliation of this amount basically refers to challenging the constitutionality of the increase in the PIS and COFINS rates, totaling R\$ 4,631, as stated below in tax contingencies item “i”, (sub item “a”), and, also, judicial deposits made in favor of certain municipalities associated with the interpretation of our legal counsel as regards the levy of Service Tax (ISS) on asset rental income. The balance recognized under this item is R\$ 3,474. Since 2003, with the enactment of Supplementary Law 116 and based on the opinion of its legal counsel, the Company has not made judicial deposits of this nature.
- (iii) Judicial deposits are linked to lawsuits in which the Company is defendant in several labor claims. Most of the lawsuits involve claims for compensation resulting from occupational diseases, overtime, hazardous duty and equal pay.
- (iv) Judicial deposits related to a lawsuit for property damages and pain and suffering for which the Company is the defendant.

The Company is a party to tax, civil and labor lawsuits involving risks of loss classified by management as possible according to the assessment of its legal counsel, for which no provision was recognized as estimated below:

	Parent Company		Consolidated	
	6/30/2020	12/31/2019	6/30/2020	12/31/2019
Tax (i)	61,445	63,929	73,906	76,818
Civil (ii)	14,779	13,152	15,235	13,596
Labor (iii)	10,979	11,332	12,133	12,480
	<u>87,203</u>	<u>88,414</u>	<u>101,274</u>	<u>102,894</u>

(i) Tax (main items):

- (a) Tax Assessment Notice of ICMS (State VAT) received by subsidiary Sullair, of approximately R\$ 59,000 of principal which amounts to R\$ 200,000 including fine and interest. In summary, this tax assessment notice challenges the payment of ICMS levied on the transportation of rental assets in 2012 and 2013. After administrative defense, the possible loss amount was reduced to R\$ 4,000, as it was recognized that most of the assets included in the Tax Assessment Notice were for lease and not for inventories and that no ICMS tax is levied on the transaction. The other lawsuits refer basically to collection proceedings of tax credits overdue, INSS offsets on termination amounts paid and motions against the tax collection proceeding filed by the Federal Government, for the collection of differences of COFINS and tax credits arising from the increase in tax rate from 1% to 3%.
- (b) Disallowance of allegedly nondeductible expenses, included in PIS and COFINS, by the Brazilian Federal Revenue Service, involving former Mills Formas, due to agreements entered into with various customers, under which Mills Formas was responsible for carrying out the services that were previously carried out by the employees of the former Mills do Brasil;

- (c) Assessment of deficiency by the Finance Department of the State of Rio de Janeiro consisting of ICMS and fine allegedly due on transfers of goods without the payment of the related tax.
- (d) Non-recognition by the INSS (National Institute of Social Security) of the possibility of offsetting payments improperly made as social security contribution, based on the method established by Law 9,711/98;
- (e) Imposition by the Brazilian Federal Revenue of fine allegedly due on installment payment of credits derived from voluntary reporting;
- (f) Assessment by the Brazilian Federal Revenue Service of alleged deficiency in Tax on Profit (ILL), judged unconstitutional by the STF (Federal Supreme Court).
- (g) Non-approval of the credits of the negative balance compensation statements originated from the rectification of the DIPJ for the calendar year 2012. The Brazilian Federal Revenue Service considered these compensation statements not declared, according to article 74, paragraph 3, item VI of Law 9,430/96. The Company filed for a writ of mandamus seeking to guarantee its net and certain right to have the compensation statements analyzed, since these do not fit into any of the legal assumptions alleged by the Brazilian Federal Revenue Service.
- (ii) **Civil**
Lawsuits filed against the Company relating to compensation for pain and suffering and property damages.
- (a) The change was mainly caused by the change in the likelihood of loss from remote to possible, related to a lawsuit for pain and suffering and property damages.
- (iii) **Labor**
The Company is a defendant in various labor lawsuits. Most of the lawsuits involve collection of termination amounts, compensation for pain and suffering, inclusion of premium in the compensation, reinstatement and salary adjustments, and related effects.

20 Taxes payable

	Parent Company		Consolidated	
	6/30/2020	12/31/2019	6/30/2020	12/31/2019
IRPJ/CSLL (income tax and social contribution)	-	-	2525	278
IRRF (withholding income tax) *	6,002	943	6,010	955
PIS and COFINS (taxes on revenue)*	9,691	5,564	12,916	7,168
Deferred PIS and COFINS	-	-	-	588
INSS (Social Security Contribution)	66	-	113	31
ICMS (State VAT)	136	198	222	328
ISS (Service Tax)	116	178	145	234
Others	398	408	425	457
	<u>16,409</u>	<u>7,290</u>	<u>22,356</u>	<u>10,038</u>
Current	6,132	7,290	12,079	9,397
Noncurrent (*)	10,277	-	10,277	641

- (*) Non-approval of the credits of the negative balance compensation statements originated from the rectification of the DIPJ for the calendar years 2012 and 2013 and ECF for 2014. At the time of the offset, the credit was recorded as a credit to current income tax and social contribution expenses. The disallowance was then recorded as a debit to profit or loss in the same line item and the corresponding entry was a tax liability whose offset was considered improper, mainly PIS and COFINS and withholding taxes.

21 Equity

a. Share capital

The Company's fully subscribed and paid-in capital as at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 is R\$ 1,093,249, comprising 251,907 thousand registered ordinary shares without par value. Each ordinary share entitles to one vote in the shareholders' meetings.

The table below shows the shareholding structure at the reporting dates:

Shareholders	6/30/2020		12/31/2019	
	Number of shares (in thousands)	Percentage	Number of shares (in thousands)	Percentage
Andres Cristian Nacht ¹	13,817	5.49%	13,817	5.49%
Snow Petrel LLC	23,677	9.40%	23,677	9.40%
Other signatories of the Company shareholders agreement ⁴	23,044	9.15%	23,044	9.15%
Nacht Family (total)	60,538	24.04%	60,538	24.04%
SCG III Fundo de Investimento em Participações ⁶	51,556	20.47%	51,556	20.47%
Sullair Argentina S.A. ⁵	22,096	8.77%	22,096	8.77%
Fundo de Investimento em participações Axxon				
Brazil Private Equity Fund II ²	12,294	4.88%	12,294	4.88%
Fama Investimentos Ltda. ³	9,123	3.62%	9,123	3.62%
Others	96,300	38.22%	96,259	38.22%
	251,907	100.00 %	251,866	100.00 %

1. On December 19, 2017, it became the holder of a material ownership interest from 11.79% to 7.87%, divided among Antonia Nacht, Pedro Nacht and Tomas Nacht, resulting in 2,295,736 shares for each of them. On April 13, 2016, it became the holder of a material ownership interest according to information officially received by the Company and disclosed to CVM.
2. On July 20, 2016, it became the holder of a material ownership interest according to information officially received by the Company and disclosed to CVM.
3. On March 25, 2019, it became the holder of a material ownership interest according to information officially received by the Company and disclosed to CVM.
4. Signatories to the Shareholders' Agreement, excluding Andres Cristian Nacht and Snow Petrel S.L. Considers the position on 12/28/2016, already reported to the CVM, in accordance with CVM Instruction 358/02.
5. On May 10, 2019, the Shareholders' Agreement was signed after the Business Combination with Solaris Equipamentos and Sullair Argentina became the holder of 22,096,641 shares of the Company.

6. On May 10, 2019, a Shareholders' Agreement was signed after the Business Combination with Solaris Equipamentos and SCG III Fundo de Investimentos em Participações became the holder of 51,556,496 shares of the Company.

b. Earnings reserves

b.1 Legal reserve

The legal reserve is set up annually by allocating 5% of the profit for the year until it reaches a ceiling of 20% of share capital. The purpose of the legal reserve is to ensure the integrity of the capital and it can be used only to offset losses and increase capital.

b.2 Retained earnings

Consists of the retention of the remaining balance of retained earnings in order to fund the business growth project set out in the Company's investment plan, according to the capital budget proposed by the Company's management, to be submitted for approval at the General Meeting, pursuant to Article 196 of the Brazilian Corporation Law.

c. Capital reserve

The capital reserve includes the transaction costs incurred in capital funding amounting to R\$ 15,069, net of taxes, relating to the primary public offering of shares, the stock option premium reserve amounting to R\$ 55,124, the stock option plans for employees, and the share issue cost in May 2016 of R\$ 3,379, totaling a capital reserve of R\$ 36,676 as at June 30, 2020 (R\$ 37,909 as at December 31, 2019).

d. Treasury shares

The balance of treasury shares as at June 30, 2020 is 1,688,687 shares totaling R\$ 15,056 (2,278,422 shares totaling R\$ 20,287 as at December 31, 2019) and includes the cost of the canceled shares amounting to R\$ 557, the amount of the buyback of shares in 2015 of R\$ 19,777, the amount of the sale of shares of R\$ 47, and the payment of the long-term incentive program 2018 in the amount of R\$ 5,231 (note 17.c).

22 Earnings per share

a. Basic

Basic earnings (loss) per share are calculated by dividing the profit (loss) attributable to owners of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares issued during the period.

	Parent Company and Consolidated*			
	6/30/2020		6/30/2019	
	Three-month period	Six-month period	Three-month period	Six-month period
Loss attributable to owners of the Company	(12,539)	(13,559)	(13,667)	(22,870)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares issued (thousands)	207,475	207,475	182,333	182,333
Basic loss per share from continuing operations	(0.06)	(0.07)	(0.07)	(0.13)

b. Diluted

Diluted earnings (loss) per share are calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding to assume conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares. The Company has one category of dilutive potential ordinary shares: stock options. For stock options, a calculation is made to determine the number of shares that would be acquired at fair value (determined as the average annual market price of the Company's share), based on the monetary value of the subscription rights linked to the outstanding stock options. The number of shares calculated as described above is compared with the number of shares issued, assuming the exercise of the stock options.

	Parent Company and Consolidated*			
	6/30/2020		6/30/2019	
	Three-month period	Six-month period	Three-month period	Six-month period
Loss attributable to owners of the Company	(12,539)	(13,559)	(13,667)	(22,870)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares issued (thousands)	207,475	207,475	182,333	182,333
Basic loss per share from continuing operations	(0.06)	(0.07)	(0.07)	(0.13)

(*)

The stock options did not influence the calculation above as at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2020 because the potential ordinary shares are antidilutive.

23 Net revenue from rental, sales and services

The information on net revenue from sales and services below refers only to the nature of the revenue per type of service:

	Parent Company				Consolidated			
	6/30/2020		6/30/2019		6/30/2020		6/30/2019	
	Three-month period	Six-month period	Three-month period	Six-month period	Three-month period	Six-month period	Three-month period	Six-month period
Rentals	78,173	167,775	65,861	134,617	99,697	228,004	92,605	161,361
Sales of new equipment	734	2,851	6,176	10,803	2,777	8,130	9,720	14,347
Sales of semi new equipment	3,560	5,500	1,409	2,631	4,951	8,675	2,477	3,699
Sales of semi new equipment (others)	74	499	3,217	4,936	76	502	3,217	4,936
Technical assistance	334	1,338	1,243	3,858	6,164	14,947	1,586	4,202
Indemnities	1,092	2,048	3,148	5,868	1,092	2,048	4,693	7,414
Others (i)	1,907	3,694	1,292	2,691	2,329	4,132	1,292	2,690
Total gross revenue	85,874	183,705	82,346	165,404	117,086	266,438	115,590	198,649
Taxes on sales and services	(7,336)	(16,066)	(7,597)	(15,168)	(10,239)	(23,839)	(9,615)	(17,186)
Cancelations and discounts	(4,582)	(9,369)	(3,851)	(8,540)	(8,540)	(18,195)	(5,520)	(9,963)
	73,956	158,270	70,898	141,943	98,307	224,404	100,455	171,500

(i) Refers to revenue from recovery of expenses of equipment or machinery damaged by the lessee (customer).

24 Cost of sales and services and sales, general and administrative expenses (by nature)

Cost of sales and services consist mainly of expenses on

- (i) personnel for supervising the works, technical assistance, assembly, handling, maintenance of equipment and designers;
- (ii) freight for equipment transportation, when the responsibility lies with the Company, and for equipment transfer;
- (iii) rental of third parties' equipment;
- (iv) expenses directly related to warehouse management, storage, handling and maintenance of rental and resale assets, comprising expenses on personal protective equipment (PPE) used in operating activities (handling, storage and maintenance), inputs (gas of pilers, gases for welding, wood, paints, among others) and maintenance of machinery and equipment (pilers, welding machines, hydroblasting equipment, carving equipment and tools in general);
- (v) provision for slow-moving inventories and provision for impairment;

Sales, general and administrative expenses refer to current expenses, such as, salaries, benefits, travels, representations of various departments, including Sales, Marketing, Engineering and Administrative Backoffice (HR and Investor Relations); and corporate expenses of the head office and the various branches (rents, fees, security, upkeep and cleaning, mainly); provision for stock option programs, provision for contingencies, and some non- permanent disbursements.

Parent Company

Nature	As at June 30, 2020 - Three-month period			As at June 30, 2020 - Six-month period			As at June 30, 2019 - Three-month period			As at June 30, 2019 - Six-month period		
	Direct project and rental costs	Sales, general and administrative and other expenses	Total	Direct project and rental costs	Sales, general and administrative and other expenses	Total	Direct project and rental costs	Sales, general and administrative and other expenses	Total	Direct project and rental costs	Sales, general and administrative and other expenses	Total
Personnel	(8,274)	(15,554)	(23,828)	(19,440)	(27,628)	(47,068)	(10,751)	(13,456)	(24,207)	(21,557)	(24,471)	(46,028)
Third parties	(534)	(6,704)	(7,238)	(999)	(13,586)	(14,585)	(411)	(6,354)	(6,765)	(892)	(10,607)	(11,499)
Freight	(2,293)	(84)	(2,377)	(5,018)	(291)	(5,309)	(2,034)	(110)	(2,144)	(4,255)	(386)	(4,641)
Construction/maintenance and repairs	(11,088)	(781)	(11,869)	(22,221)	(1,889)	(24,110)	(8,368)	(601)	(8,969)	(16,384)	(1,439)	(17,823)
Equipment rental and others	(6,466)	919	(5,547)	(10,372)	(447)	(10,819)	(239)	(193)	(432)	(394)	(373)	(767)
Travel	(473)	(281)	(754)	(1,267)	(1,149)	(2,416)	(1,059)	(819)	(1,878)	(2,111)	(1,407)	(3,518)
Cost of sales	(291)	-	(291)	(1,396)	-	(1,396)	(3,599)	-	(3,599)	(6,311)	-	(6,311)
Depreciation/amortization	(25,842)	(5,911)	(31,753)	(51,551)	(11,635)	(63,186)	(26,179)	(5,786)	(31,965)	(52,480)	(11,654)	(64,134)
Write-off of assets	(895)	21	(874)	(1,574)	187	(1,387)	(1,521)	-	(1,521)	(2,842)	-	(2,842)
Cost of sales of semi new equipments (others)	(25)	-	(25)	(463)	-	(463)	(1,930)	-	(1,930)	(2,100)	-	(2,100)
Stock option	-	(763)	(763)	-	(1,526)	(1,526)	-	(332)	(332)	-	(667)	(667)
Provisions	-	37	37	-	620	620	-	(797)	(797)	-	(1,724)	(1,724)
Provision for profit sharing	-	(727)	(727)	-	(2,361)	(2,361)	-	(291)	(291)	-	(1,726)	(1,726)
Others	150	(426)	(276)	(186)	1,350	1,164	(340)	(3,747)	(4,087)	363	(6,630)	(6,267)
Total	(56,031)	(30,254)	(86,285)	(114,487)	(58,355)	(172,842)	(56,431)	(32,486)	(88,917)	(108,963)	(61,084)	(170,047)

Consolidated

Nature	As at June 30, 2020 - Three-month period			As at June 30, 2020 - Six-month period			As at June 30, 2019 - Three-month period			As at June 30, 2019 - Six-month period		
	Direct project and rental costs	Sales, general and administrative and other expenses	Total	Direct project and rental costs	Sales, general and administrative and other expenses	Total	Direct project and rental costs	Sales, general and administrative and other expenses	Total	Direct project and rental costs	Sales, general and administrative and other expenses	Total
Personnel	(10,020)	(21,081)	(31,101)	(26,388)	(37,689)	(64,077)	(14,451)	(17,984)	(32,435)	(25,257)	(28,999)	(54,256)
Third parties	(585)	(8,692)	(9,277)	(1,131)	(17,674)	(18,805)	(602)	(6,529)	(7,131)	(1,083)	(10,782)	(11,865)
Freight	(4,186)	713	(3,473)	(7,569)	(605)	(8,174)	(2,487)	(816)	(3,303)	(4,708)	(1,092)	(5,800)
Construction/maintenance and repairs	(15,269)	(1,215)	(16,484)	(32,043)	(2,815)	(34,858)	(14,262)	(794)	(15,056)	(22,278)	(1,632)	(23,910)
Equipment rental and others	(991)	171	(820)	(855)	(793)	(1,648)	(6)	(302)	(308)	(161)	(482)	(643)
Travel	(981)	(500)	(1,481)	(2,046)	(1,787)	(3,833)	(1,382)	(1,144)	(2,526)	(2,434)	(1,732)	(4,166)
Cost of sales	(1,246)	-	(1,246)	(3,865)	-	(3,865)	(5,200)	-	(5,200)	(7,912)	-	(7,912)
Depreciation and amortization	(32,915)	(6,945)	(39,860)	(66,588)	(13,414)	(80,002)	(32,324)	(5,947)	(38,271)	(58,625)	(11,851)	(70,476)
Write-off of assets	(1,008)	21	(987)	(1,709)	187	(1,522)	(1,609)	-	(1,609)	(2,930)	-	(2,930)
Cost of sales of semi new equipments (others)	(25)	-	(25)	(463)	-	(463)	(1,930)	-	(1,930)	(2,101)	-	(2,101)
Stock option	-	(763)	(763)	-	(1,526)	(1,526)	-	(332)	(332)	-	(667)	(667)
Provisions	-	(319)	(319)	-	(451)	(451)	-	(962)	(962)	-	(1,889)	(1,889)
Provision for profit sharing	-	(493)	(493)	-	(2,784)	(2,784)	-	(589)	(589)	-	(2,024)	(2,024)
Others	(38)	(5,080)	(5,118)	(548)	(8,341)	(8,889)	(168)	(4,813)	(4,981)	535	(7,660)	(7,125)
Total	(67,264)	(44,183)	(111,447)	(143,205)	(87,692)	(230,897)	(74,421)	(40,212)	(114,633)	(126,954)	(68,810)	(195,764)

25 Finance income and costs

a. Finance income

	Parent Company				Consolidated			
	6/30/2020		6/30/2019		6/30/2020		6/30/2019	
	Three-month period	Six-month period	Three-month period	Six-month period	Three-month period	Six-month period	Three-month period	Six-month period
Interest income	432	985	403	969	609	1,468	590	1,156
Investment income	1,430	2,396	2,190	4,466	1,893	3,372	2,440	4,716
Discounts obtained	164	219	17	124	195	260	22	129
Exchange and inflation gains	87	525	134	384	159	1,004	274	524
Others	-	-	-	-	339	1,831	-	-
	<u>2,113</u>	<u>4,125</u>	<u>2,744</u>	<u>5,943</u>	<u>3,195</u>	<u>7,935</u>	<u>3,326</u>	<u>6,525</u>

b. Finance costs

	Parent Company				Consolidated			
	6/30/2020		6/30/2019		6/30/2020		6/30/2019	
	Three-month period	Six-month period	Three-month period	Six-month period	Three-month period	Six-month period	Three-month period	Six-month period
Interest on borrowings	(147)	(682)	(155)	(331)	(261)	(926)	(342)	(518)
Exchange and inflation losses	(663)	(1,374)	(848)	(1,159)	(1,816)	(4,677)	(848)	(1,159)
Interest on debentures	(1,956)	(3,885)	(4,511)	(8,798)	(2,361)	(4,763)	(5,006)	(9,292)
Commissions and bank fees	(112)	(176)	(52)	(109)	(563)	(812)	(184)	(241)
IOF (tax on financial transactions)	(9)	(14)	(3)	(5)	(13)	(69)	(6)	(8)
Lease charges	(1,107)	(2,242)	(1,301)	(2,654)	(1,167)	(2,400)	(1,414)	(2,768)
Others	(257)	(445)	(204)	(703)	(504)	(1,108)	(304)	(802)
	<u>(4,251)</u>	<u>(8,818)</u>	<u>(7,074)</u>	<u>(13,759)</u>	<u>(6,685)</u>	<u>(14,755)</u>	<u>(8,104)</u>	<u>(14,788)</u>

26 Segment information

Information by operating segment is being presented in accordance with CPC 22 Operating Segments (IFRS 8).

The Company's reportable segments are business units that offer different products and services and are managed separately since each business requires different technologies and market strategies. The main information used by management to assess the performance of each segment is as follows: total property, plant and equipment since these are the assets that generate the Company's revenue and the profit before finance income and costs reported by each segment to evaluate the return on these investments. The information on liabilities by segment is not being reported since it is not used by the Company's chief decision makers to

manage the segments. Management does not use analyses by geographic area to manage its businesses.

The Company's segments have completely different activities, as described below, and therefore their assets are specific to each segment. The assets were allocated to each reportable segment according to the nature of each item.

On September 28, 2015, aimed at obtaining synergy gains and greater productivity, the Company consolidated the commercial management of the Heavy Construction and Construction business units. The result of such consolidation was the creation of the new business unit Construction. From that date, segment information is presented according to this new structure.

a. Construction business unit

The Construction business unit operates in the heavy construction market and provides formworks, shoring, nonmechanized access equipment, mast climbing platforms and scaffolds to the residential and office building construction sector, using cutting edge technology in formworks, shoring and special equipment systems to do construction works, and it has the largest product and service portfolio with customized solutions that meet the specific needs of each project and generate efficiency and cut costs. With presence in several states, this business unit draws on a team of engineers and specialized technicians who play an advisory and support role to meet deadlines and optimize costs and safety, providing technical assistance and helping planning works, detailing projects, and overseeing the assembly.

b. Rental business unit

The Rental business unit operates in the aerial work platforms and telescopic handlers rental and sales market, for height works in all sectors of the construction, trade, and manufacturing industries. The BU ensures productivity, profitability and safety, has the most advanced product line for lifting people and cargo, and offers its customers operation training certified by the IPAF (world areal access authority). Its presence in several Brazilian cities not only reinforces the agility of its commercial service but it also broadens the technical assistance through certified professionals.

The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies. The Company assesses the performance by segment based on pretax profit or loss as well as on other operating and financial indicators.

Statement of operations by business segment - Six-month period

	Construction		Rental		Others (*)		Parent Company	
	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2020	6/30/2019
Net revenue	33,331	36,130	124,939	105,830	-	(17)	158,270	141,943
(-) Costs	(14,900)	(18,440)	(48,036)	(38,043)	-	-	(62,936)	(56,483)
(-) Expenses	(15,099)	(18,663)	(31,642)	(30,578)	21	(189)	(46,720)	(49,430)
(-) Allowance for expected credit losses	976	(452)	(5,409)	(845)	-	-	(4,433)	1,297
(-) Depreciation and amortization	(24,421)	(27,092)	(38,765)	(37,042)	-	-	(63,186)	(64,134)
(+) Other revenues	250	399	84	332	-	-	334	731
(+) Share of profit (loss) of subsidiaries	-	-	2,535	1,805	-	-	2,535	1,805
Profit (Loss) before finance income (costs) and taxes	(19,863)	(28,118)	3,706	1,459	21	(206)	(16,136)	(26,865)
Finance income	2,384	3,085	1,803	2,800	(62)	58	4,125	5,943
Finance costs	(4,206)	(6,856)	(4,472)	(6,736)	(140)	(167)	(8,818)	(13,759)
Profit (loss) before IRPJ/CSL	(21,685)	(31,889)	1,037	(2,477)	(181)	(315)	(20,829)	(34,681)
(-) IRPJ/CSL	7,151	10,463	59	1,437	60	(89)	7,270	11,811
Profit (loss) for the period	(14,534)	(21,426)	1,096	(1,040)	(121)	(404)	(13,559)	(22,870)

	Construction		Rental		Others (*)		Consolidated	
	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2020	6/30/2019
Net revenue	33,331	36,130	191,073	135,386	-	(16)	224,404	171,500
(-) Costs	(14,900)	(18,440)	(61,717)	(49,889)	-	-	(76,617)	(68,329)
(-) Expenses	(15,099)	(18,663)	(59,200)	(38,108)	21	(190)	(74,278)	(56,960)
(-) Allowance for expected credit losses	976	(452)	(8,001)	(2,353)	-	-	(7,025)	(2,805)
(-) Depreciation and amortization	(24,421)	(27,092)	(55,581)	(43,384)	-	-	(80,002)	(70,476)
(+) Other revenues	250	399	361	(741)	-	-	611	(342)
Profit (Loss) before finance income (costs) and taxes	(19,863)	(28,118)	6,935	911	21	(206)	(12,907)	(27,412)
Finance income	2,384	3,085	5,613	3,406	(62)	34	7,935	6,525
Finance costs	(4,206)	(6,856)	(10,409)	(7,790)	(140)	(142)	(14,755)	(14,788)
Profit (loss) before IRPJ/CSL	(21,685)	(31,889)	2,139	(3,473)	(181)	(314)	(19,727)	(35,675)
(-) IRPJ/CSL	7,151	10,463	(1,043)	2,380	60	102	6,168	12,805
Profit (loss) for the period	(14,534)	(21,426)	1,096	(1,093)	(121)	(212)	(13,559)	(22,870)

Statement of operations by business segment - Three-month period

	Construction		Rental		Others (*)		Parent Company	
	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2020	6/30/2019
Net revenue	17,238	18,582	56,718	52,316	-	-	73,956	70,898
(-) Costs	(6,561)	(10,256)	(23,628)	(19,996)	-	-	(30,189)	(30,252)
(-) Expenses	(8,048)	(9,302)	(16,587)	(16,787)	292	(610)	(24,343)	(26,699)
(-) Allowance for expected credit losses	1,553	1	(2,322)	(727)	-	-	(769)	(726)
(-) Depreciation and amortization	(12,099)	(13,470)	(19,654)	(18,495)	-	-	(31,753)	(31,965)
(+) Other revenues	150	243	62	198	-	-	212	441
(+) Share of profit (loss) of subsidiaries	-	-	(2,525)	1,805	-	-	(2,525)	1,805
Profit (Loss) before finance income (costs) and taxes	(7,767)	(14,202)	(7,936)	(1,686)	292	(610)	(15,411)	(16,498)
Finance income	1,138	1,407	1,014	1,313	(39)	24	2,113	2,744
Finance costs	(2,016)	(3,403)	(2,152)	(3,336)	(83)	(335)	(4,251)	(7,074)
Profit (loss) before IRPJ/CSL	(8,645)	(16,198)	(9,074)	(3,709)	170	(921)	(17,549)	(20,828)
(-) IRPJ/CSL	3,096	5,195	1,963	1,852	(49)	114	5,010	7,161
Profit (loss) for the period	(5,549)	(11,003)	(7,111)	(1,857)	121	(807)	(12,539)	(13,667)

	Construction		Rental		Others (*)		Consolidated	
	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2020	6/30/2019
Net revenue	17,238	18,582	81,069	81,873	-	-	98,307	100,455
(-) Costs	(6,561)	(10,256)	(29,131)	(31,840)	-	-	(35,692)	(42,096)
(-) Expenses	(8,048)	(9,302)	(28,139)	(24,354)	292	(611)	(35,895)	(34,267)
(-) Allowance for expected credit losses	1,553	1	(4,139)	(2,235)	-	-	(2,586)	(2,234)
(-) Depreciation and amortization	(12,099)	(13,470)	(27,761)	(24,800)	-	-	(39,860)	(38,270)
(+) Other revenues	150	243	174	(875)	-	-	324	(632)
Profit (Loss) before finance income (costs) and taxes	(7,767)	(14,202)	(7,927)	(2,231)	292	(611)	(15,402)	(17,044)
Finance income	1,138	1,407	2,096	1,919	(39)	-	3,195	3,326
Finance costs	(2,016)	(3,403)	(4,586)	(4,390)	(83)	(311)	(6,685)	(8,104)
Profit (loss) before IRPJ/CSLL	(8,645)	(16,198)	(10,417)	(4,702)	170	(922)	(18,892)	(21,822)
(-) IRPJ/CSLL	3,096	5,055	3,306	2,795	(49)	305	6,353	8,155
Profit (loss) for the period	(5,549)	(11,143)	(7,111)	(1,907)	121	(617)	(12,539)	(13,667)

Assets by business segment

	Construction		Rental		Others (*)		Parent Company	
	6/30/2020	12/31/2019	6/30/2020	12/31/2019	6/30/2020	12/31/2019	6/30/2020	12/31/2019
Property, plant and equipment								
Acquisition cost	449,783	458,877	779,703	718,522	-	-	1,229,486	1,177,399
(-) Accumulated depreciation	(323,004)	(308,260)	(547,118)	(471,348)	-	-	(870,122)	(779,608)
	126,779	150,617	232,585	247,174	-	-	359,364	397,791
Other assets	344,852	214,391	672,406	674,178	24,862	26,452	1,042,120	915,020
Total assets	471,631	365,008	904,991	921,352	24,862	26,452	1,401,485	1,312,812
	Construction		Rental		Others (*)		Consolidated	
	6/30/2020	12/31/2019	6/30/2020	12/31/2019	6/30/2020	12/31/2019	6/30/2020	12/31/2019
Property, plant and equipment								
Acquisition cost	449,783	458,877	1,191,848	1,197,367	-	-	1,641,631	1,656,244
(-) Accumulated depreciation	(323,004)	(308,260)	(818,352)	(771,412)	-	-	(1,141,356)	(1,079,672)
	126,779	150,617	373,496	425,955	-	-	500,275	576,572
Other assets	344,852	214,391	591,324	558,481	24,862	26,452	961,037	799,323
Total assets	471,631	365,008	964,820	984,436	24,862	26,452	1,461,312	375,895

(*) Refer to the remaining operations of the former business units Manufacturing Services and Events.

27 Financial instruments

27.1 Category of financial instruments

The classification of financial instruments, by category, can be summarized as follows:

			Parent Company carrying amount		Consolidated carrying amount	
	Classification	Level	6/30/2020	12/31/2019	6/30/2020	12/31/2019
Financial assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	Fair value through profit or loss	1	208,562	73,656	289,944	124,910
Swap	Fair value through profit or loss	1	-	-	1,517	43
Rohr Investment	Fair value through other comprehensive income	3	50,579	50,579	50,579	50,579
Accounts receivable from third parties	Amortized cost	-	63,858	68,005	93,537	116,803
Accounts receivable from related parties	Amortized cost	-	2,383	1,451	-	-
Financial liabilities						
Borrowings and financing	Amortized cost	-	1,440	2,545	9,274	10,214
Debentures	Amortized cost	-	157,141	56,367	178,767	81,343
Accounts payable to third parties	Amortized cost	-	20,179	16,389	29,857	26,670
Accounts payable to related parties	Amortized cost	-	2,146	2,893	-	-
Stock option plans	Amortized cost	-	55,124	56,357	55,124	56,357

27.2 Fair value of financial instruments

A number of the Company's accounting policies and disclosures require a fair value measurement, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes is determined according to the methods below. When applicable, additional information on the assumptions used to calculate the fair values is disclosed in specific notes applicable to such asset or liability.

The Company applies CPC 40/IFRS 7 for financial instruments measured in the balance sheets at fair value, which requires disclosure of fair value measurements at the level of the following fair value measurement hierarchy:

- **Level 1** - quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.
- **Level 2** - inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability either directly (e.g. as prices) or indirectly (e.g. derived from prices).

- **Level 3** - inputs, for the asset or liability, but which are not based on observable market inputs (non-observable inputs).

a. Fair value of cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of short-term investments with first-tier financial institutions and are indexed to the variation of the Interbank Deposit Certificates (CDI). Considering that the CDI rate already reflects the interbank market position, it is assumed that the carrying amounts of the investments approximate their fair values.

b. Fair value of Rohr investment

As at June 30, 2020, the Company has an investment measured at fair value through other comprehensive income - Investment Rohr in the amount of R\$ 50,579 (R\$ 50,579 as at December 31, 2019), as presented in note 10. This financial instrument is classified in level 3.

The fair values of trade receivables and trade payables, considered for applying the discounted cash flow method, are substantially similar to their carrying amounts.

27.3 Financial instrument at amortized cost

a. Borrowings and financing

Amortized cost of a financial asset or financial liability is the amount by which the financial asset or financial liability is measured at the initial recognition less capital repayments, any changes in amortization or interest and impairment.

The fair values of financial liabilities, considering the discounted cash flow methodology as the calculation criterion, are substantially similar to the respective carrying amounts.

b. Debentures

Debt	Indicator	Consolidated carrying amount	
		6/30/2020	12/31/2019
1 st issue of debentures - Solaris Equipamentos	CDI	21,626	24,976
2 nd issue of debentures:			
2 nd series	IPCA	58,638	56,428
4 th issue of debentures	CDI	100,347	-
	Total	180,611	81,403

27.4 Sensitivity analysis

The following table shows a sensitivity analysis of the financial instruments, describing the interest rate risks that could generate material losses to the Company, with the most probable scenario (scenario I) according to management's assessment, considering a one- year time horizon. Additionally, other two scenarios are presented, pursuant to CVM Instruction 475/2008, in order to show a 25% and 50% deterioration in the risk variable considered, respectively (scenarios II and III):

				<u>Parent Company</u>	
				<u>Profit (loss) effect</u>	
Short-term investments	Indicator	Accounting	Probable	25%	50%
Short-term investments	CDI	207,565	2,597	1,948	1,298

				<u>Parent Company</u>	
				<u>Profit (loss) effect</u>	
Debt	Indicator	Accounting	Probable	25%	50%
BNDES	TLP	1,440	83	101	119
2 nd issue of debentures	IPCA				
2 nd series		58,623	6,238	6,771	7,305
4 th issue of debentures	CDI	98,518	2,258	2,822	3,387
Total		158,581	8,579	9,695	10,810

				<u>Consolidated</u>	
				<u>Profit (loss) effect</u>	
Short-term investments	Indicator	Accounting	Probable	25%	50%
Short-term investments	CDI	288,815	4,445	3,334	2,223

				<u>Consolidated</u>	
				<u>Profit (loss) effect</u>	
Debt	Indicator	Accounting	Probable	25%	50%
1 st issue of debentures - Solaris Equipamentos	CDI	21,626	1,592	1,720	1,848
Working capital	CDI	7,834	425	470	515
BNDES	TLP	1,440	83	101	119
2 nd issue of debentures	IPCA				
2 nd series		58,623	6,238	6,771	7,305
4 th issue of debentures	CDI	98,518	2,258	2,822	3,387
Total		188,041	10,596	11,885	13,173

				<u>3/31/2020</u>		
				Probable I	Scenario II	Scenario III
					25%	50%
Scenarios						
Rates						
Active CDI (%)				2.25%	1.69%	1.13%
Passive CDI (%)				2.25%	2.81%	3.38%
TLP (%)				4.94%	6.18%	7.41%
IPCA (%)				3.40%	4.25%	5.10%

Source: Focus Report of July 24, 2020.

The sensitivity analysis presented above takes into account changes in a certain risk, keeping steady the other variables, associated with other risks.

27.5 Liquidity risk

The table below analyzes the main financial liabilities by maturity bracket, corresponding to the remaining period in the balance sheet through the contractual maturity date, when the Company expects to make the payment.

The interest rates (CDI and TLP) estimated for future commitments reflect the market rates in each period.

	Past due	Up to one month	More than one month and less than three months	More than three months and less than one year	Between one and two years	Between two and five years	Total Parent Company
At June 30, 2020							
Borrowings and financing	-	148	277	433	539	-	1,397
Debentures	-	-	60,478	918	26,966	93,712	182,074
Leases payable - Properties	-	1,162	2,854	9,990	12,311	38,105	64,422
Leases payable - Vehicles	-	233	282	483	267	-	1,265
Accounts payable to third parties	975	13,966	4,311	927	-	-	20,179
Accounts payable to related parties	-	-	-	2,146	-	-	2,146
At December 31, 2019							
Borrowings and financing	-	279	450	1,324	-	618	2,671
Debentures	-	-	-	60,423	-	-	60,423
Leases payable - Properties	-	1,047	2,078	7,012	21,518	30,563	62,218
Leases payable - Vehicles	-	196	392	1,049	141	-	1,778
Accounts payable to third parties	7,185	10,207	1,918	29	-	-	19,339
Accounts payable to related parties	-	-	-	2,893	-	-	2,893

	Past due	Up to one month	More than one month and less than three months	More than three months and less than one year	Between one and two years	Between two and five years	Total Consolidated
At June 30, 2020							
Borrowings and financing	-	252	2,593	736	5,558	-	9,139
Debentures	-	120	60,721	1,257	45,697	97,671	205,467
Leases payable - Properties	-	1,389	3,308	11,577	12,888	38,105	67,267
Leases payable - Vehicles	-	370	557	1,343	329	-	2,599
Accounts payable to third parties	6,873	16,376	5,556	1,052	-	-	29,857
At December 31, 2019							
Working capital	-	112	1,778	2,466	-	3,876	8,232
Borrowings and financing	-	279	450	1,324	-	618	2,671
Debentures	-	842	2,975	78,890	-	3,949	86,656
Leases payable - Properties	-	1,344	2,625	8,842	22,498	30,563	65,872
Leases payable - Vehicles	-	338	676	2,328	523	-	3,865
Accounts payable to third parties	1,685	19,511	4,977	309	-	-	26,482

27.6 Credit quality of financial assets

(i) Cash and cash equivalents and restricted bank deposits

	Parent Company		Consolidated	
	6/30/2020	12/31/2019	6/30/2020	12/31/2019
Bank account				
Bank (i)	997	18	1,129	113
Short-term investments				
Bank (i)	207,565	73,638	288,815	124,797
Restricted bank deposits (i)	-	-	-	-
Total cash and cash equivalents and restricted bank deposits	208,562	73,656	289,944	124,910

- 1) Major financial institutions widely operating in Brazil, among the ten banks with the largest total assets in Brazil.

27.7 Capital management

The purpose of managing the Company's desirable capital structure is to protect its equity, allow for business continuity, offer good conditions for its employees and stakeholders and a satisfactory return for shareholders. The Company's general strategy has remained unchanged since 2010.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may, for example, in accordance with its bylaws, increase its capital, issue new shares, and approve the issue of debentures and the buyback of its shares.

The Company uses as the main performance indicator to assess its gearing ratio between the total net debt ratio (total bank debt less total cash and cash equivalents) and the Operating Cash Flow accumulated in the last 12 months.

	Parent Company		Consolidated	
	6/30/2020	12/31/2019	6/30/2020	12/31/2019
Total bank debt	158,581	58,911	188,041	91,557
Borrowings and financing	1,440	2,545	9,274	10,215
Gross debentures (see note 14)	157,141	56,367	178,767	81,342
Cash and cash equivalents	208,562	73,656	289,944	124,910
Restricted bank deposits	-	-	-	-
Net debt	49,981	14,745	101,903	33,353
Equity	1,093,249	1,107,373	1,093,249	1,107,373
Net debt to Equity	0.05	0.01	0.09	0.03

The Company is not subject to any external capital requirement.

Credit facilities available

	Parent Company	
	6/30/2020	12/31/2019
Unsecured bank credit facilities, reviewed annually and with payment upon request:		
Used	-	14,843
Not used	87,200	203,200
Secured bank credit facilities with varying maturity dates that can be extended by common agreement:		
Used	1,440	14,843
Not used	-	-

27.8 Derivative financial instruments

The Subsidiary contracts, in certain situations, derivative financial instruments to manage its exposure to exchange rate risk.

							Consolidated
							6/30/2020
	Reference in 2018	Receivable (long position)	Payable (short position)	Maturity	Long position	Long position	Balance Swap
Banco do Brasil	8,678	Exchange variation + 7.75% p.a.	100% CDI + 3.63%	8/13/2021	6,118	(4,601)	1,517

28 Insurance

The Company and its subsidiaries have insurance contracts taking into account the nature and degree of risks, in amounts considered sufficient to cover any losses on their assets and/or liabilities.

Nature	Parent Company		Consolidated	
	6/30/2020	12/31/2019	6/30/2020	12/31/2019
Operational risks	1,820,409	1,339,943	3,015,592	2,219,677
Property damages	480,142	480,642	613,678	613,678
Civil liability	110,000	110,000	110,500	110,500

29 Subsequent events

a. Capital reduction

At the Extraordinary General Meeting on July 6, 2020, the shareholders approved a capital reduction by Solaris in Cachoeirinha branch (State of Rio Grande do Sul - RS) in the amount of R\$ 4,110, with the capital reducing from the current R\$ 217,756 to R\$ 213,646.

At the Extraordinary General Meeting on August 3, 2020, the shareholders approved a capital reduction by Solaris in Camaçari branch (State of Bahia - BA) in the amount of R\$ 7,252, with the capital reducing from the current R\$ 213,646 to R\$ 206,394.

Earnings Release

MILLS 2Q20

B3:MILS3

Teleconference and Webcast

Date: August 14, 2020, Friday

Time: 11am (Rio de Janeiro) | 10am
(New York) | 3pm (London)

Teleconference: +1 (844) 204-8942 (US/Toll free) or +1
(412) 717-9627 (Other countries) | Code: Mills

Webcast: [click here](#)

The financial and operational information contained in this press release, except as otherwise indicated, is in accordance with the accounting policies adopted in Brazil, which are in compliance with the International Financial Reporting Standards - IFRS.

Mills
*
SOLARIS

[B]³
BRASIL
BOLSA
BALCÃO

NOVO
MERCADO
EM REDES

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Small Cap
SMLL

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IBRA

1. Management comments

Rio de Janeiro, August 13, 2020 - Mills Estruturas e Serviços de Engenharia S.A. (Mills) presents its results for the second quarter of 2020 (2Q20).

For a better understanding of the 2Q20 results, we would like to focus on the COVID-19 theme and the measures adopted by Mills to combat this crisis, considering that, unfortunately, an increase in the number of victims during this quarter was already expected, as well as an increase of the impacts on companies and the general population.

The economic and financial impacts caused by COVID-19 began to be observed in the Company in the end of March, causing, in 2Q2020, a 26.4% reduction in the consolidated net rental revenue of the Rental Business Unit in relation to the first quarter (with no concentration of any specific sector of the economy), with the month of May 2020 being characterized by the greatest retraction in the rental activity. Compared to the second quarter of 2019, however, there was an increase of 4.7% due to the business combination with Solaris. Rental's adjusted Ebitda closed 2Q20 at R\$ 17.3 million, lower than 2Q19 and 1Q20 due to the pandemic.

The Construction Business Unit, due to the characteristics of its equipment and contracts (which have a lower turnover speed), presented a greater resilience in this period, with a rental activity more aligned to that seen in the first quarter of 2020, ending the 2Q20 with a 6.1% increase in its net rental revenue (28.7% increase compared to the second quarter of 2019). It is important to highlight the adjusted Ebitda of Construction Business Unit, which closed 2Q20 at a positive R\$ 3.2 million, in line with the recovery strategy of this Business Unit, being the best result since 3Q15.

Such performances are a reflection of the various actions taken by Mills to mitigate the economic and financial impacts caused by COVID-19. In response to the crisis, the Company installed an Internal Committee with a multidisciplinary profile exclusively to address the various aspects of the topic, increased the frequency of Management meetings and implemented several actions, such as increasing the home office mode, suspending travel, events with agglomeration and the intensification of cleaning procedures, among others, ensuring the health and safety of its employees and society in general, as well as the continuity of its operations and its financial health, highlighting in this case:

- ✓ Maintenance of commercial and operational activities in more than 95% of branches spread throughout Brazil, guaranteeing the attendance to the so-called essential sectors, which were responsible for approximately 40% of Rental business unit rental revenue in 2Q20;
- ✓ Receipts from the operation in 2Q2020 in the amount of approximately R\$ 128 million;
- ✓ Rescheduling of invoices receivable from customers offset by reprogramming of accounts payable to suppliers, with a focus on balancing the Company's cash flow;
- ✓ Implementation of matrix management of expenses, aiming to identify opportunities to contain expenses, such as rents, consultancies, travel, parts, freight and personnel, without compromising the Company's operations;
- ✓ Monitoring and adoption, when possible, of Federal Government measures, highlighting the postponement of payment of taxes in the approximate amount of R\$ 14 million in 2Q2020;

1. Management comments

- ✓ Suspension of investments to preserve cash, highlighting the adequacy and/or renewal of the Rental equipment fleet and the integration of branches, with the latter having an additional limitation due to travel restrictions;
- ✓ Reassessment of the Company's debt profile, already resulting in the extension of the payment term for the Solaris debentures by one year, in the total amount of R\$ 22 million;
- ✓ Mapping of new opportunities to seek to compensate, even partially, the reduction in revenue and improve the Company's positioning when growth resumes;
- ✓ Cash balance of R\$ 290 million on 06/30/2020, representing R\$ 102 million of net cash (R\$ 60 million on 03/31/2020 and R\$ 33 million on 12/31/2019).

Considering the actions taken, the Company's liquidity, the profile of its revenues, of its team, the performance of 2Q20 and the projections made through the various stress tests from different economic scenarios for the year 2020 and its possible impacts on Company, we remain confident in overcoming this crisis.

More information on the 2Q20 results can be found on the following pages.

Good reading!

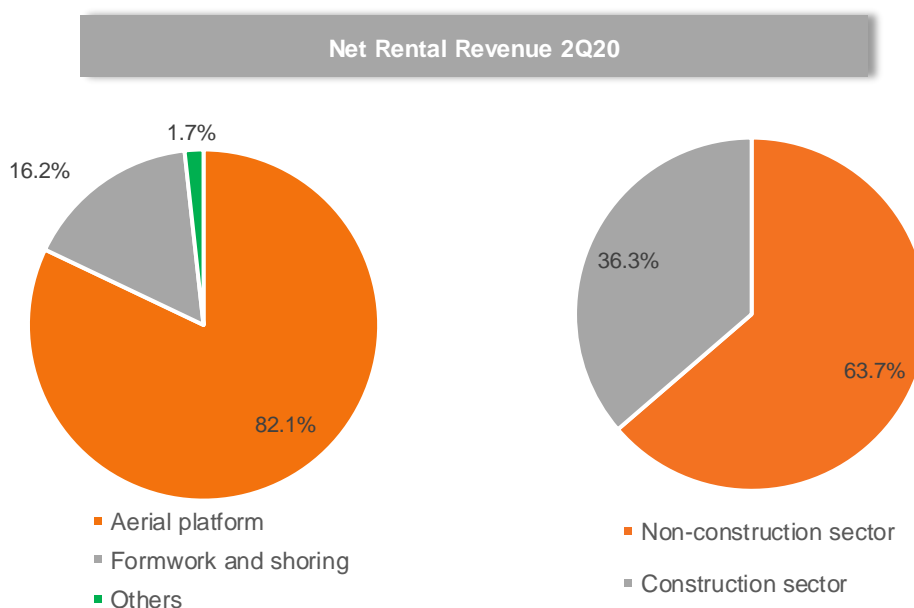
* For a better understanding of this report, when we mention "combined" information we refer to the sum of Mills and Solaris results for the specified period. When not mentioned or when the term "consolidated" is used, it refers to the effects of Solaris on Mills from May 2019, when the business combination was carried out.

2. Highlights

The main consolidated highlights of 2Q20 were:

- Adjusted EBITDA* of R \$ 20.6 million in 2Q20, 6.7% higher than 2Q19;
- Adjusted Operating Cash Flow¹ of R\$ 45.7 million in 2Q20, 37.6% higher than 1Q20;
- Cash balance of R\$ 289.9 million on June 30, 2020, gross debt of R\$ 188.0 million and, thus, net cash of R\$ 101.9 million;
- Construction business unit Adjusted EBITDA of R\$ 3.2 million, the best result of this unit since 3Q15.

Consolidated Data in R\$ million	2Q19 (A)	1Q20 (B)	2Q20 (C)	1S19 (D)	1S20 (E)	(C)/(A)	(C)/(B)	(E)/(D)
Net revenue	100.5	126.1	98.3	171.5	224.4	-2.1%	-22.0%	30.8%
CVM EBITDA	21.3	42.6	24.5	43.1	67.1	15.0%	-42.6%	55.8%
CVM EBITDA margin (%)	21.2%	33.8%	24.9%	25.1%	29.9%			
EBIT	-17.0	2.5	-15.4	-27.4	-12.9	9.6%	717.0%	52.9%
EBIT margin (%)	-17.0%	2.0%	-15.7%	-16.0%	-5.8%			
Adjusted EBITDA*	19.3	39.1	20.6	35.0	59.6	6.7%	-47.4%	70.5%
Adjusted EBITDA margin* (%)	20.0%	31.0%	20.9%	21.3%	26.6%			
Adjusted operating cash flow ³	17.7	33.2	45.7	36.0	78.9	158.5%	37.6%	119.2%
Adjusted free cash flow to the firm ³	17.1	30.4	43.2	34.4	73.6	152.1%	42.2%	113.9%



* Excluding the effect of IFRS 16 and non-recurring items (restructuring expenses of the Construction unit, liabilities of the Industrial Services business unit and expenses related to the business combination project with Solaris)

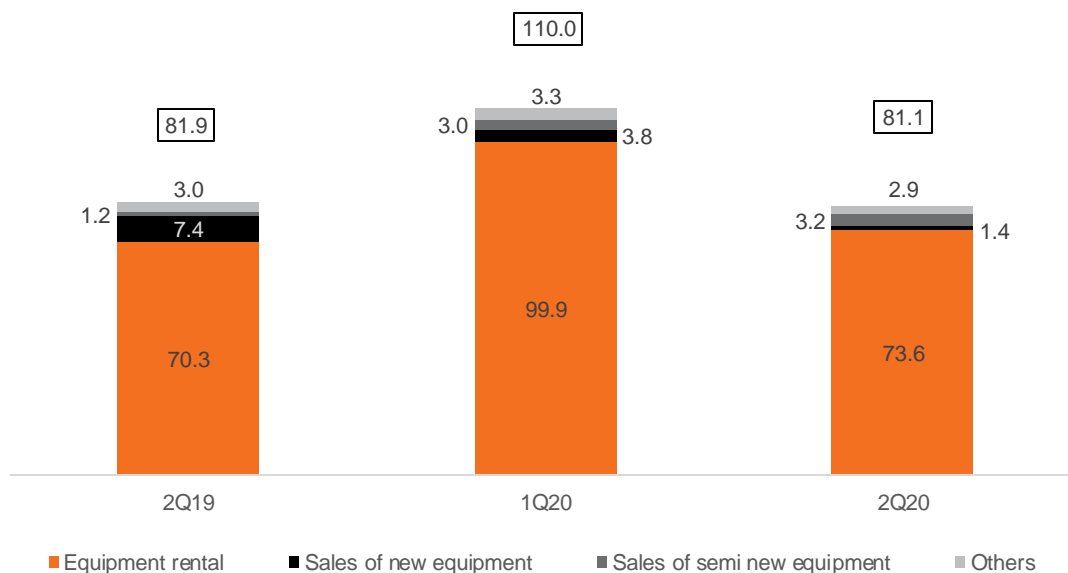
¹For the adjusted operating cash flow, interest on debentures and Finaime, investment in leases, interest and monetary variations net assets and liabilities (cash) are disregarded and considers expenses related to IFRS16. For the free cash flow for the adjusted firm, interest on debentures and Finaime and interest and net monetary and asset variations and liabilities (cash) are disregarded.

3. Rental

In R\$ Million

3.1 Consolidated Net Revenue

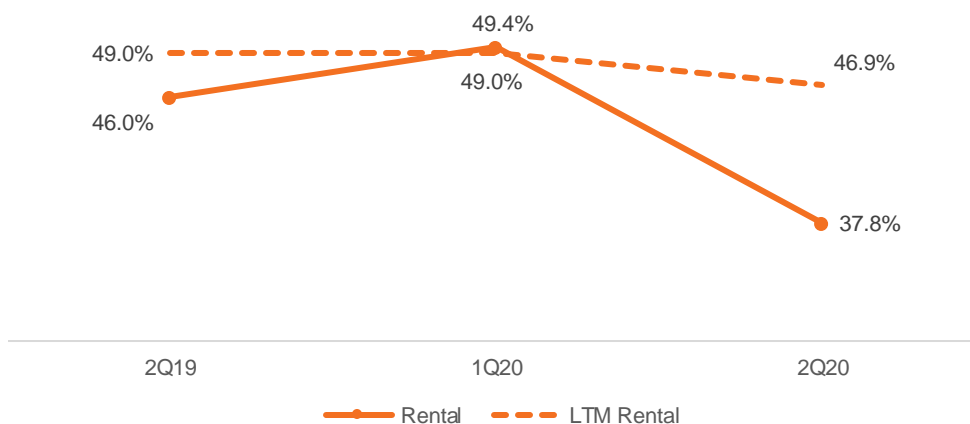
Net Revenue by Type



Rental business unit net revenue in 2Q20 totaled R\$81.1 million, 26.3% lower than the previous quarter due mainly to the economic impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic, with the closure of the activities of several industrial plants, shopping centers and other establishments. The 26.4% drop in rental revenue is in line with the 23.2% drop in average rented volume in the period.

With May as the worst month of 2Q20, we noticed signs of recovery in rental activities throughout June, ending the quarter with a utilization rate of 39.0%, which represents 79% of the pre-crisis level.

3.2 Utilization Rate (Physical)¹



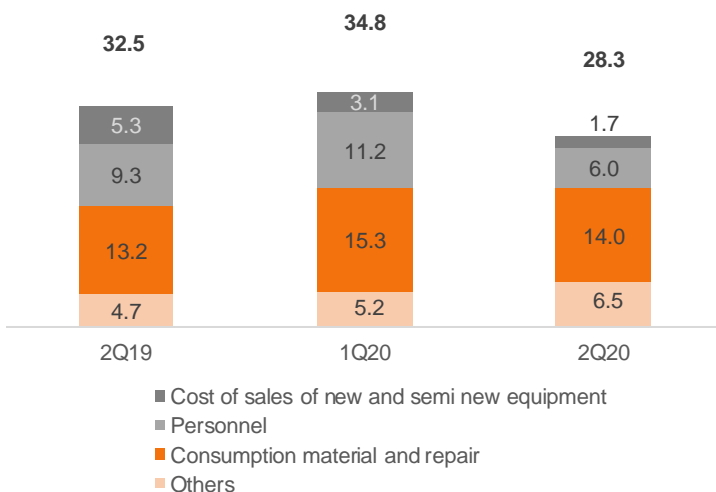
¹ Average of the period

3. Rental

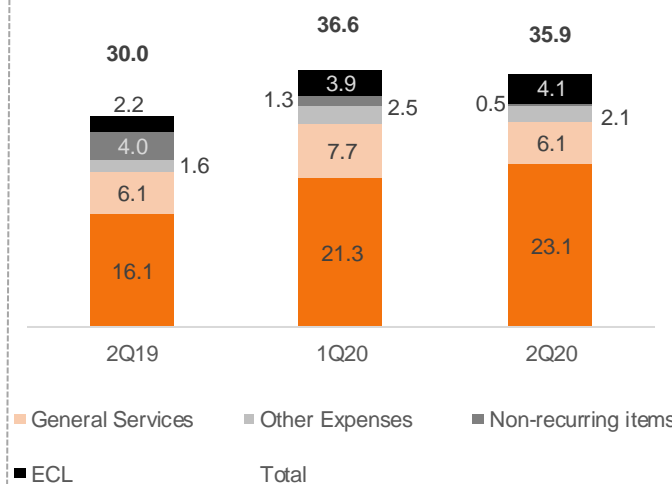
In R\$ Million

3.3 Consolidated Costs and Expenses

Costs by type



SG&A opening



In 2Q20, consolidated costs (excluding depreciation and IFRS16) reached R\$ 28.3 million, of which: 49.5% with consumables (such as batteries, paints, electrical, hydraulic materials, etc.), which are directly linked to the volume rented, 21.2% with personnel and 6.0% with the cost of selling new and semi new equipment. The 18.6% drop in relation to the previous quarter is mainly due to: (i) the reclassifications of expenses to SG&A, in the amount of R\$ 2.9 million, which in 1Q20 were allocated to COGS; (ii) the reduction in the consumption of parts for machine maintenance due to the drop in the rented balance; and (iii) the drop in new and semi new equipment sales costs (proportional to the lower revenue).

Expenses (excluding depreciation and IFRS16) totaled R\$ 35.9 million in the quarter, of which R\$ 16.8 million refer to personnel expenses (commercial staff, national operations and administrative). The drop of 1.9% in relation to the previous quarter is mainly due to: (i) the reduction in spending on general services, such as rent from branches; and (ii) the reduction of non-recurring expenses for integration with Solaris. Disregarding the reclassifications from COGS to SG&A mentioned above and excluding depreciation, non-recurring expenses and ECL, there was a 17.4% reduction in SG&A in 2Q20 compared to 1Q20, mainly due to the actions implemented through matrix management of expenses for cash preservation. Non-recurring expenses are dealt with in item 6 of this Earnings Release.

3.4 EBITDA Rental

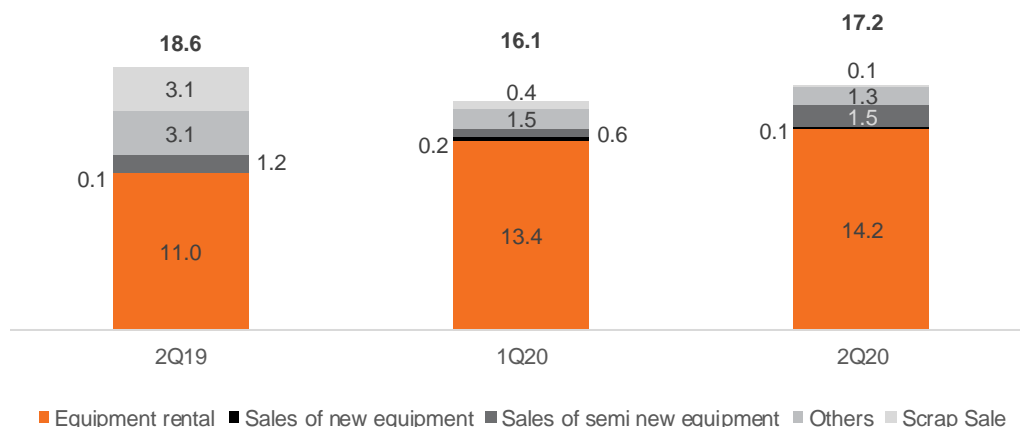
Consolidated Data in R\$ million	2Q19 (A)	1Q20 (B)	2Q20 (C)	1S19 (D)	1S20 (E)	(C)/(A)	(C)/(B)	(E)/(D)
Net Revenue	81.9	110.0	81.1	135.4	191.1	-1.0%	-26.3%	41.1%
CVM EBITDA	22.6	42.7	19.8	44.3	62.5	-12.2%	-53.5%	41.2%
CVM EBITDA margin (%)	27.6%	38.8%	24.5%	32.7%	32.7%			
Adjusted EBITDA*	23.3	39.9	17.3	42.7	57.2	-25.8%	-56.6%	33.9%
Adjusted EBITDA margin* (%)	28.5%	36.3%	21.3%	31.5%	29.9%			
EBIT	-2.2	14.9	-7.9	0.9	6.9	253.0%	-153.3%	668.2%
EBIT margin (%)	-2.7%	13.5%	-9.8%	0.7%	3.6%			

4. Construction

In R\$ Million

4.1 Net revenue by type

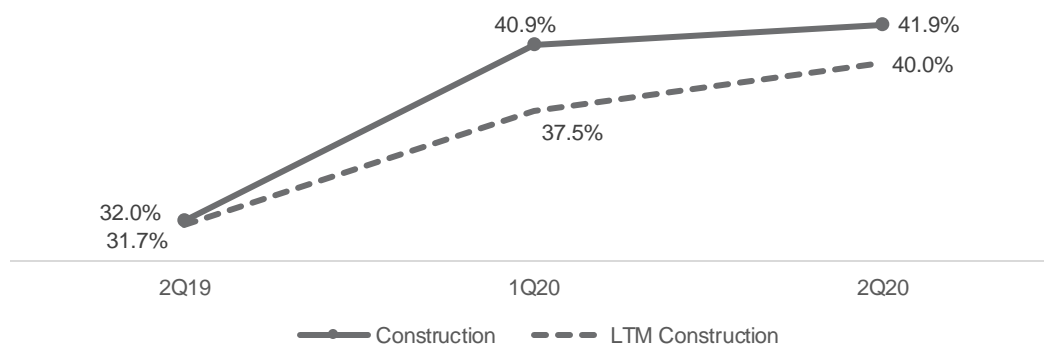
Net Revenue by Type



Construction business unit net revenue totaled R\$ 17.2 million in 2Q20, 7.1% higher than the amount presented in the previous quarter, mainly due to the increase in rental revenue and semi new equipment sales. As already mentioned, due to the characteristics of its equipment and contracts (which have a lower turnover speed), the net rental revenue from Construction business unit was not significantly affected by the pandemic in this period, ending the quarter at R\$ 14.2 million and accounting for 82.5% of 2Q20 net revenue. The average volume rented in the quarter was 2.0% higher than in the previous quarter and there was R\$ 1.6 million in sales of semi new equipment/scrap, ending the quarter with approximately 53 thousand tons of capacity.

As widely publicized, the Company has reduced its equipment capacity in recent years as a result of the postponement of the recovery of the infrastructure sector, the low utilization rate and the need to open physical space in the branches to absorb the Rental business unit equipment that is coming from Solaris. Even with this adaptation, the Company maintains its characteristics of national service to major infrastructure works, with the capacity to cope with the pipeline of works expected for the coming years.

3.2 Utilization Rate (Physical)

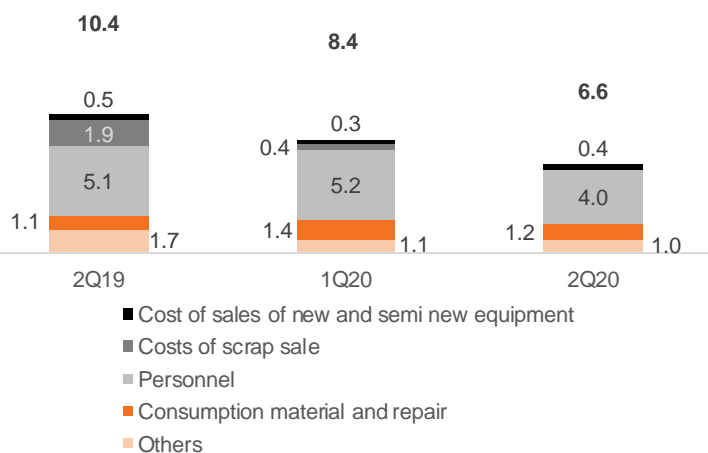


4. Construction

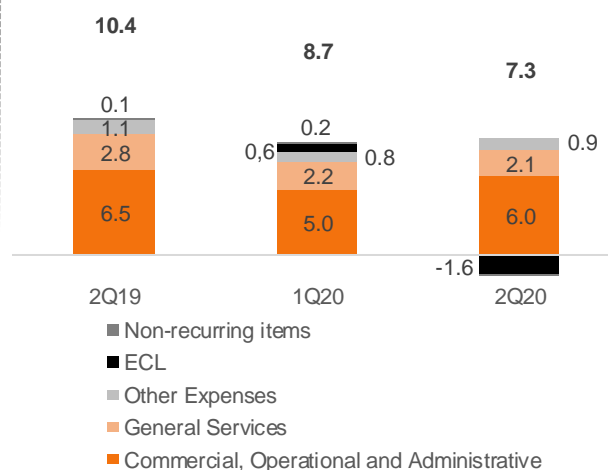
In R\$ Million

4.3 Costs and Expenses

Costs by type



SG&A opening



In 2Q20, costs (excluding depreciation and IFRS16) reached R\$ 6.6 million, 21.6% lower than the previous quarter, mainly to the reduction of expenses with personnel due to the lower economic activity and headcount reduction.

Expenses (excluding depreciation and IFRS16) totaled R\$ 7.3 million in the quarter, of which R\$ 4.2 million with personnel. In 2Q20, there was also a reversal of ECL in the amount of R\$ 1.6 million, reflecting the good level of receipts in the period.

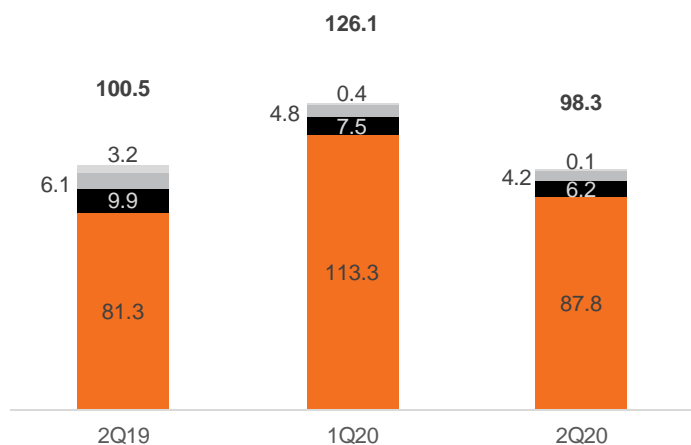
4.4 Construction EBITDA

Consolidated Data in R\$ million	2Q19 (A)	1Q20 (B)	2Q20 (C)	1S19 (D)	1S20 (E)	(C)/(A)	(C)/(B)	(E)/(D)
Net Revenue	18.6	16.1	17.2	36.1	33,3	-7.2%	7.1%	-7.7%
CVM EBITDA	-0.7	0.2	4.3	-1.0	4,6	691.0%	-1818.5%	543.9%
CVM EBITDA margin (%)	-3.9%	1.4%	25.1%	-2.8%	13,7%			
Adjusted EBITDA*	-4.1	-0.8	3.2	-7.7	2,4	180.1%	495.3%	131.3%
Adjusted EBITDA margin* (%)	-28.5%	-5.1%	18.8%	-21.4%	7,3%			
EBIT	-14.2	-12.1	-7.8	-28.1	-19,9	45.3%	35.8%	29.4%
EBIT margin (%)	-76.4%	-75.2%	-45.1%	-77.8%	-59,6%			

5. Financial Highlights

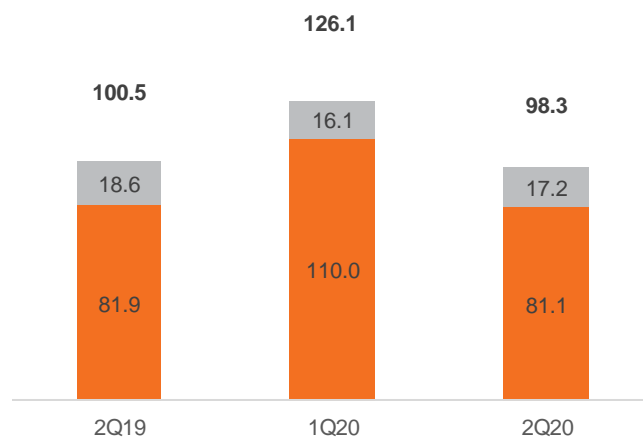
Consolidated Data in R\$ million

Net revenue by type



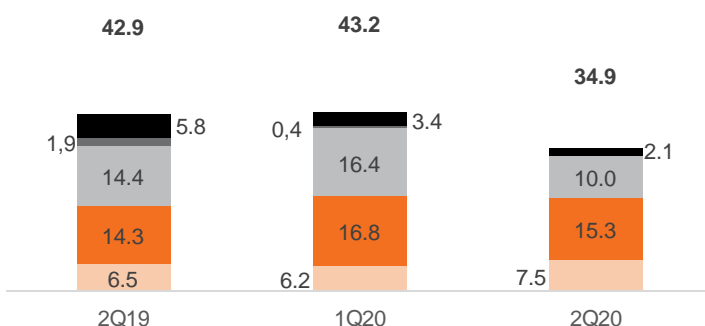
Total
 ■ Scrap Sale
 ■ Others
 ■ Sales of new and semi new equipment

Net revenue by business unit



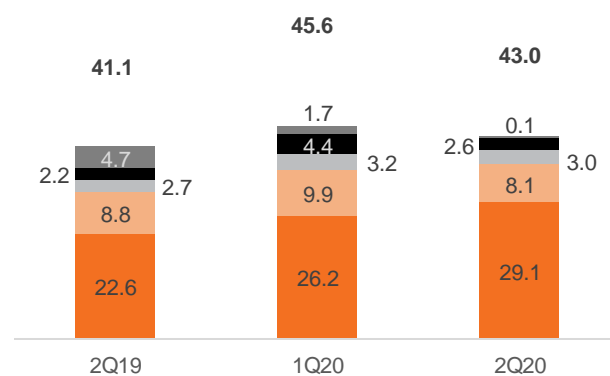
■ Rental
 ■ Construction

COGS ex-depreciation¹



■ Cost of sales of new and semi new equipment
 ■ Costs of scrap sale
 ■ Personnel
 ■ Consumption material and repair
 ■ Others

SG&A ex-depreciation¹



■ Commercial, Operational and Administrative
 ■ General Services
 ■ Other Expenses
 ■ ECL
 ■ Non recurring

¹ Excluding IFRS 16 effects.

6. Non-Recurring Items

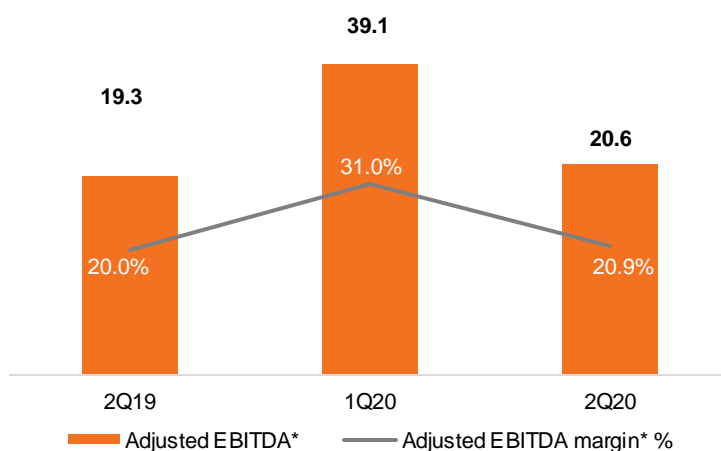
In 2Q20, the pace of integration of the branches was reduced, both due to the actions necessary to preserve cash and the restrictions on travel by employees. As a result, the completion of the project to integrate the branches was postponed from 2020 to 2021.

Non-recurring items - in R\$ million	2Q19 (A)	1Q20 (B)	2Q20 (C)	(C)/(A)	(C)/(B)
Total non-recurring expenses	-2.8	-1.7	-0.1	-95.1%	-92.1%
Resizing expenses	1.8	-0.2	0.0	-97.7%	-121.9%
Branches demobilization	-0.1	-0.2	0.0	-134.4%	-121.9%
Result of sale of semi new equipment	1.2	-	-		
Cost of sale of semi new equipment	-0.4	-	-		
Revenue of scrap sale	3.1	-	-		
Cost of scrap sale	-1.9	-	-		
Business combination between Mills and Solaris	-4.0	-1.3	-0.5	-68.2%	-62.9%
Expenses to capture synergies	-3.2	-1.2	-0.5	-85.2%	-59.8%
Other incorporation expenses	-0.8	-0.1	0.0	-100.0%	-100.0%
Other non-recurring expenses	-0.6	-0.3	0.3	-147.8%	-207.6%
Mills SI Expenses	-0.6	-0.3	0.3	-147.8%	-207.6%

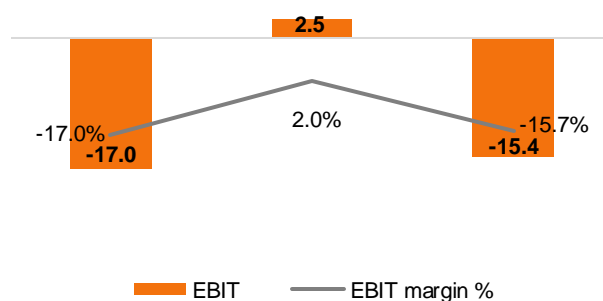
7. Adjusted EBITDA

The consolidated Adjusted Ebitda (excluding non-recurring items and the effects of IFRS16) was R\$ 20.6 million, with a 20.9% margin in 2Q20 compared to R\$ 39.1 million, with a 31.0% margin, in 1Q20.

Adjusted EBITDA



EBIT



2Q19

1Q20

2Q20

8. Financial Result (ex. IFRS 16)

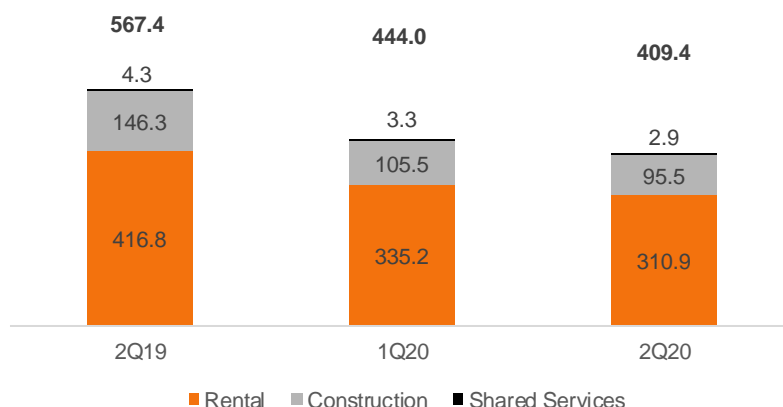
in R\$ million	2Q19 (A)	1Q20 (B)	2Q20 (C)	(C)/(A)	(C)/(B)
Net financial result	-3.4	-2.1	-2.4	-29.4%	-11.7%
Financial Revenues	3.4	4.7	3.2	-4.7%	-32.6%
Financial Expenses	-6.7	-6.9	-5.6	-17.1%	-18.9%

9. Investments

In 2Q20, investments totaled R\$ 2.5 million, notably intended for assets for operational and support use, such as IT and adaptations of branches.

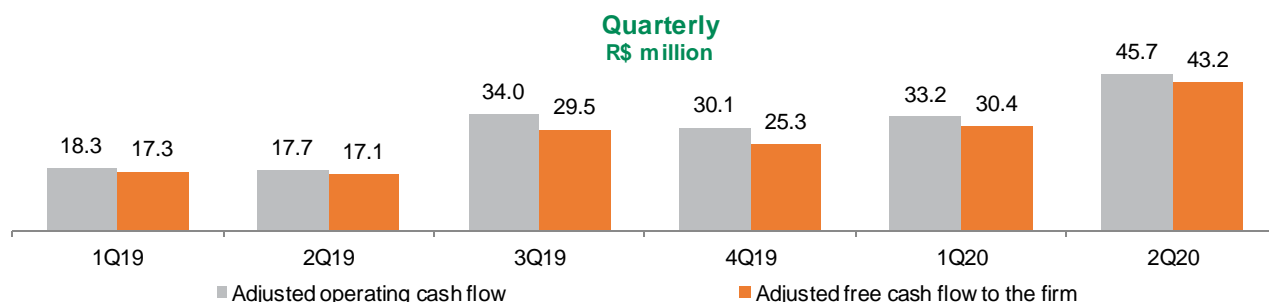
10. Fixed Asset

The Company's net rental/operating use balance was R\$ 409.4 million in 2Q20.



11. Adjusted Cash Flow

The adjusted consolidated operating cash flow¹ was positive in R\$ 45.7 million in the quarter, reflecting actions to preserve liquidity. We were able to postpone payments in the amount of R\$ 16.9 million, which will be paid over the second half of 2020.



¹ The adjusted operating cash flow does not include interest paid, investment in leasing, interest and net monetary and asset variations and the impact of IFRS 16. For the free cash flow for the firm, interest paid and net asset and liability monetary variations are disregarded.

12. Indebtedness

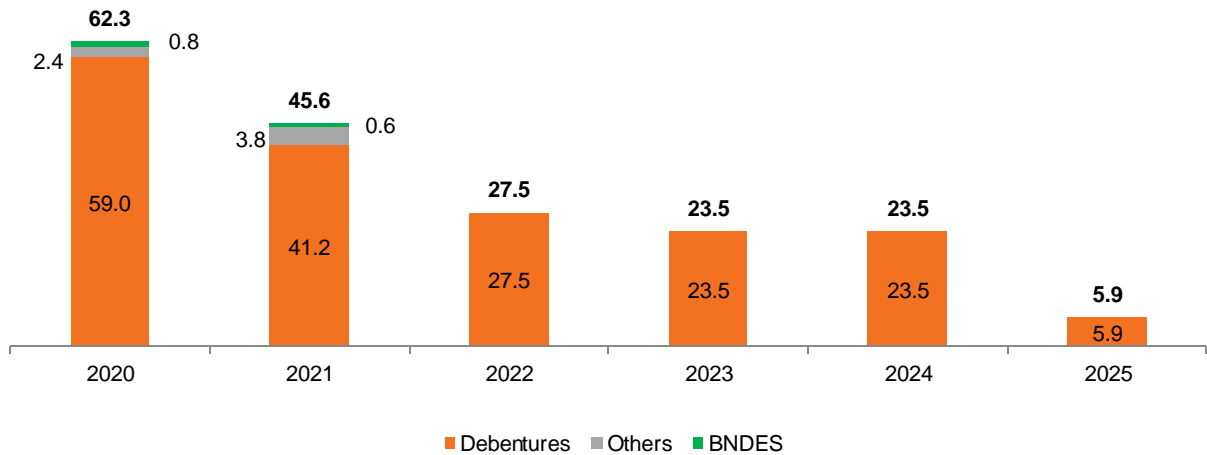
Mills' consolidated gross debt ended 2Q20 at R\$ 188.0 million.

The Company remains a generator of operating cash, ending the quarter with R\$ 289.9 million in free cash and, thus, with net cash of R\$ 101.9 million.

On June 30, 2020, Mills again complied with the debentures covenants, with a Net Debt / Adjusted Ebitda ratio of -0.8x and an Adjusted Ebitda / Financial Result ratio of 16.3x.

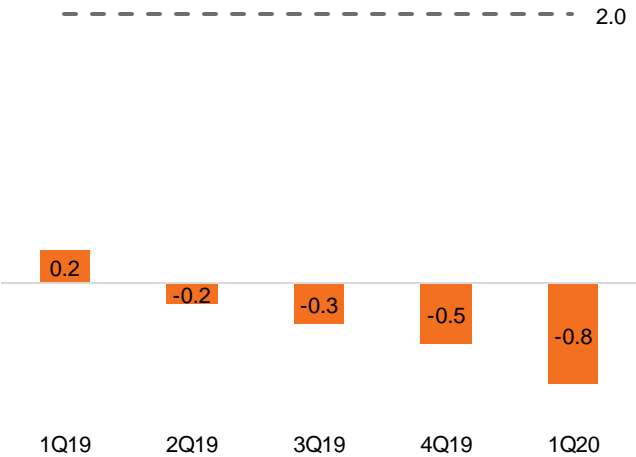
The average term for the payment of your total debt is 1.5 years, with an average cost of CDI + 4.07% per year.

Debt payment schedule
R\$ million

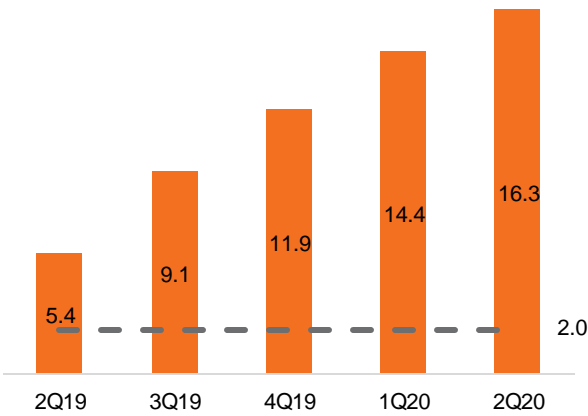


Debt indicators

Net Debt/Adjusted EBITDA



Adjusted EBITDA / Financial Result



13. Tables

Consolidated Data in R\$ million

Table 1 - Net revenue per type

	2Q19 (A)	1Q20 (B)	2Q20 (C)	(C)/(A)	(C)/(B)
Total net revenue	100.5	126.1	98.3	-2.1%	-22.0%
Rental	81.3	113.3	87.8	7.9%	-22.5%
Sales of new equipment	7.5	3.9	1.5	-80.5%	-62.7%
Sales of semi new equipment	2.4	3.6	4.8	96.4%	32.8%
Scrap sale	3.2	0.4	0.1	-97.6%	-82.8%
Technical Assistance	1.2	1.3	0.4	-67.6%	-70.5%
Indemnity and Expenses Recovery	4.9	3.5	3.8	-21.8%	8.4%

Table 2 - Rental net revenue per product

	2Q19 (A)	1Q20 (B)	2Q20 (C)	(C)/(A)	(C)/(B)
Total Rental Net Revenue	81.3	113.3	87.8	7.9%	-22.5%
Aerial platforms	68.1	97.1	72.0	5.8%	-25.8%
Formwork and Shoring	11.0	13.4	14.2	28.7%	6.1%
Others	2.2	2.9	1.5	-29.7%	-46.9%

Table 3 - Net revenue per Business Unit

	2Q19	%	1Q20	%	2Q20	%
Total Net revenue	100.5	100.0%	126.1	100.0%	98.3	100.0%
Construction	18.6	18.5%	16.1	12.8%	17.2	17.5%
Rental	81.9	81.5%	110.0	87.2%	81.1	82.5%

Table 4 - Cost of products and services sold (COGS) and Operating, general and administrative expenses (SG&A) ex. depreciation and IFRS16

	2Q19	%	1Q20	%	2Q20	%
COGS total, ex-depreciation	-42.9	51.1%	-43.2	48.7%	-34.9	44.8%
Rental costs (maintenance, personnel, warehouses, etc) ¹	-34.1	40.7%	-39.4	44.4%	-32.6	41.9%
Costs of sales of new equipment	-5.2	6.2%	-2.6	3.0%	-1.2	1.6%
Costs of sales of semi new equipment	-0.6	0.7%	-0.8	0.9%	-0.8	1.1%
Cost of scrap sale	-1.9	2.3%	-0.4	0.5%	0.0	0.0%
Costs of assets write-offs	-1.0	1.2%	0.1	-0.1%	-0.2	0.2%
SG&A, ex-depreciation and ECL	-38.8	46.3%	-41.1	46.3%	-40.4	51.8%
Commercial, Operational and Administrative	-22.6	26.9%	-26.2	29.6%	-29.1	37.4%
General Services	-8.8	10.5%	-9.9	11.2%	-8.1	10.5%
Other expenses	-7.5	8.9%	-4.9	5.6%	-3.1	4.0%
ECL	-2.2	2.7%	-4.4	5.0%	-2.6	3.3%
COGS + SG&A Total	-83.9		-88.8		-77.9	

Table 5 - CVM EBITDA per business unit and CVM EBITDA margin

	2Q19	%	1Q20	%	2Q20	%
CVM EBITDA	21.3	100.0%	42.6	100.0%	24.5	100.0%
Construction	-0.7	-3.4%	0.2	0.5%	4.3	17.7%
Rental	22.6	106.3%	42.7	100.1%	19.8	81.1%
Others	-0.6	-2.9%	-0.3	-0.6%	0.3	1.2%
CVM EBITDA margin (%)	21.2%		33.8%		24.9%	
Adjusted EBITDA*	19.3		39.1		20.6	

* Excluding IFRS 16 effect and non-recurring items (Construction unit restructuring expenses, liabilities from Industrial Services business unit and expenses related to Solaris business combination project)

13. Tables (Continued)

Consolidated Data in R\$ million

Table 6 - Reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA

	2Q19 (A)	1Q20 (B)	2Q20 (C)	(C)/(A)	(C)/(B)
Results of Operations	-13.7	-1.0	-12.5	8.3%	-1133.0%
Income tax and social contribution expenses	8.2	-0.2	6.4	-22.1%	3535.5%
Loss Earnings before Income tax and social contribution	-21.8	-0.8	-18.9	13.4%	-2170.4%
Financial Result	-4.8	-3.3	-3.5	26.9%	-4.9%
Depreciation	-38.3	-40.1	-39.9	-4.1%	0.7%
CVM EBITDA	21.3	42.6	24.5	15.0%	-42.6%
IFRS 16 Impact	-4.7	-5.3	-4.0	14.7%	23.9%
EBITDA*	16.5	37.3	20.4	23.6%	-45.3%
Non-recurring - Expenses Mills SI	-0.6	-0.3	0.3	-147.8%	207.6%
Non-recurring - Restructuring Expenses	1.8	-0.2	0.0	-97.7%	121.9%
Non-recurring - Business combination with Solaris	-4.0	-1.3	-0.5	88.2%	62.9%
Adjusted EBITDA	19.3	39.1	20.6	6.6%	-47.4%

* Excluding IFRS 16 effect.

¹ According to CVM Instruction 527

Table 7 - Reconciliation of EBITDA with Adjusted Operating Cash Flow

	2Q20
EBITDA CVM	24.5
Non cash items	0.0
Provision for tax, civil and labor risks	(0.0)
Accrued expenses on stock options	0.8
Post Employment Benefits	0.3
Residual value of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets sold and written off	1.3
Provision (reversal) for impairment loss on trade receivables	2.6
Provision (reversal) for impairment	-
Provision (reversal) for slow-moving inventories	0.5
IFRS 9/CPC 48 Adjustment	-
Provision for Profit Sharing	0.5
Other provisions	(5.8)
EBITDA ex-non cash provisions	24.5
Cash	25.2
Interest and monetary and exchange gains and losses (cash)	1.2
Trade receivables	21.1
Acquisitions of rental equipment	(0.1)
Inventories	(7.4)
Taxes recoverable	(0.3)
IRPJ (Corporate Income Tax) and CSLL (Social Contribution Tax)	(0.1)
Judicial deposits	(0.1)
Other assets	(0.1)
Suppliers	10.3
Payroll and related taxes	6.6
Taxes payable	5.2
Other liabilities	(0.0)
Profit participation to pay	(8.6)
Paid income and social contribution taxes	(1.3)
Law suits settled	0.6
Interest paid	(1.8)
Cash flows from operating activities according to the financial statements	49.7
Interest and monetary and exchange gains and losses (cash)	(1.2)
Acquisitions of rental equipment	0.1
Interest paid	1.8
Leasing IFRS16	(4.8)
Adjusted Operating Cash Flow	45.7

13. Tables (Continued)

Consolidated Data in R\$ million

Table 8 - Investment per business unit (accrual basis)

	2Q19 (A)	1Q20 (B)	2Q20 (C)	(C)/(A)	(C)/(B)
Total Capex	-1.2	-2.9	-2.5	-111.0%	13.9%
Rental equipment	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2	-35.0%	32.2%
Construction	-0.1	-0.1	0.0	-20.1%	-51.0%
Rental	-0.2	-0.1	-0.1	-39.9%	18.0%
Corporate and use goods	-1.0	-2.7	-2.3	-146.4%	12.4%

Table 9 - Construction Business Unit *

	2Q19 (A)	1Q20 (B)	2Q20 (C)	(C)/(A)	(C)/(B)
Total net revenue	18.6	16.1	17.2	-7.2%	7.1%
Rental	11.0	13.4	14.2	28.7%	6.1%
Sales of new equipment	0.1	0.2	0.1	25.0%	-37.5%
Sales of semi new equipment	1.2	0.6	1.5	28.9%	171.5%
Scrap Sale	3.1	0.4	0.1	-97.6%	-83.1%
Technical Assistance	0.5	0.2	0.0	-94.9%	-88.5%
Indemnity and Expenses Recovery	2.6	1.3	1.3	-51.2%	-2.2%
Total COGS, ex-depreciation	-10.4	-8.4	-6.6	-36.2%	-21.6%
Rental costs (maintenance, personnel, warehouses, etc) ¹	-7.1	-7.8	-6.1	-13.9%	-22.0%
Cost of sales of new equipment	0.0	-0.1	-0.1	52.1%	-43.3%
Cost of sales of semi new equipment	-0.4	-0.2	-0.3	-33.4%	62.2%
Cost of scrap sale	-1.9	-0.4	0.0	-98.7%	-94.3%
Cost of assets write-offs and Provision of recoverable value	-0.9	0.1	-0.2	-82.0%	-297.2%
SG&A, ex-depreciation and ECL	-10.4	-8.1	-8.9	-14.9%	9.6%
ECL	0.0	-0.6	1.6	157042.3%	-369.1%
CVM EBITDA	-2.2	-1.0	3.3	248.6%	422.9%
EBITDA margin (%)	-11.9%	-6.3%	19.1%		
Adjusted EBITDA	-4.1	-0.8	3.2	180.1%	495.3%
Adjusted EBITDA margin (%)	-28.5%	-5.1%	18.8%		
Depreciation	-12.4	-11.2	-11.0	-11.4%	-2.1%
Equipment rental capex	-0.1	-0.1	0.0	-20.1%	-51.0%
Rental gross fixed assets	505.1	459.4	456.7	-9.6%	-0.6%
Quantity of equipment final of period (thousand tons)	60.0	53.7	53.4	-10.9%	-0.5%
Utilization Rate Quarter	32.0%	40.9%	41.9%		
Utilization Rate LTM	31.7%	37.5%	40.0%		

* Excluding IFRS 16 effect.

13. Tables (Continued)

Consolidated Data in R\$ million

Table 10 - Rental Business Unit*

	2Q19 (A)	1Q20 (B)	2Q20 (C)	(C)/(A)	(C)/(B)
Total Net Revenue	81.9	110.0	81.1	-1.0%	-26.3%
Rental	70.3	99.9	73.6	4.7%	-26.4%
Sales of new equipment	7.4	3.8	1.4	-81.6%	-63.7%
Sales of semi new equipment	1.2	3.0	3.2	161.2%	6.9%
Scrap Sale	0.0	0.0	0.0	-9.5%	-18.6%
Technical Assistance	0.7	1.1	0.4	-49.2%	-67.0%
Indemnity and Expenses Recovery	2.3	2.2	2.5	12.7%	14.7%
Total COGS, ex-depreciation	-32.5	-34.8	-28.3	-12.9%	-18.6%
Rental costs (maintenance, personnel, warehouses, etc) ¹	-27.1	-31.7	-26.6	-1.8%	-16.1%
Cost of sales of new equipment	-5.2	-2.5	-1.2	-77.0%	-52.8%
Cost of sales of semi new equipment	-0.2	-0.6	-0.6	224.8%	-7.7%
Cost of scrap sale	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Cost of assets w rite-offs and Provision of recoverable value	-0.1	0.0	0.0	-100.0%	-100.0%
SG&A, ex-depreciation and ECL	-27.8	-32.7	-31.8	14.4%	-2.9%
ECL	-2.2	-3.9	-4.1	85.4%	7.2%
CVM EBITDA	19.3	38.6	16.8	-13.0%	-56.4%
EBITDA margin (%)	23.6%	35.1%	20.8%		
Adjusted EBITDA	23.3	39.9	17.3	-25.8%	-56.6%
Adjusted EBITDA margin (%)	28.5%	36.3%	21.3%		
Depreciation	-22.1	-24.8	-25.0	13.3%	0.9%
Equipment rental capex	-0.2	-0.1	-0.1	-74.7%	-18.0%
Rental gross fixed assets	1105.8	1094.1	1088.7	-1.5%	-0.5%
% Construction Revenue	27.2%	20.6%	20.7%		
% Non-Construction Revenue	52.4%	60.1%	63.1%		
% Spot Revenue	20.4%	19.3%	16.2%		
Quantity of equipment final of period (unity)	8,402	8,442	8,435		
Utilization Rate Quarter	46.0%	52.8%	37.9%		
Utilization Rate LTM	49.0%	48.2%	47.0%		

* Excluding IFRS 16 effect.

14. P&L

Consolidated Data in R\$ million

	2Q19 (A)	1Q20 (B)	2Q20 (C)	(C)/(A)	(C)/(B)
Net revenue from sales and services	100.5	126.1	98.3	-2.1%	-22.0%
Cost of products sold and services rendered	(74.4)	(75.9)	(67.3)	-9.6%	-11.4%
Gross Profit	26.0	50.2	31.0	19.2%	-38.1%
Selling, general and administrative expenses	(42.4)	(47.9)	(46.8)	10.2%	-2.5%
Reversal (provision) for impairment and fair value	-	-	-		
Other revenues	(0.6)	0.3	0.3	-153.2%	17.1%
Loss before Financial Result	(17.0)	2.5	(15.4)	9.6%	717.0%
Financial expenses	(8.1)	(8.1)	(6.7)	-17.8%	-17.1%
Financial revenues	3.4	4.7	3.2	-4.7%	-32.6%
Adjust to present value (APV)	-	-	-		
Financial result	(4.8)	(3.3)	(3.5)	-26.9%	4.9%
Loss before taxes	(21.8)	(0.8)	(18.9)	13.4%	-2170.4%
Income tax and social contribution	8.2	(0.2)	6.4	-22.1%	-3535.5%
Loss for the year	(13.7)	(1.0)	(12.5)	8.3%	-1133.0%

* Adjusted with scrap result

15. Balance Sheet

Consolidated Data in R\$ million

In R\$ million	2Q19	1Q20	2Q20
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	149.4	248.0	289.9
Restricted bank deposits	- 0.0	-	-
Trade receivables	88.7	117.5	93.5
Inventories	31.0	38.9	45.8
Inventories - other assets held for sale	0.0	-	-
IRPJ (Corporate Income Tax) and CSLL (Social Contribution Tax)	6.7	7.4	8.9
Taxes recoverable	6.8	6.4	6.6
Advances to suppliers	3.0	4.3	3.9
Other receivables - sale of investee	-	-	-
Other assets	5.0	4.2	4.2
Assets held for sale	5.7	4.6	4.8
Total Current Assets	296.3	431.4	457.7
Non-current Assets			
Deferred taxes - IRPJ and CSLL	301.1	311.9	317.9
Taxes recoverable	-	0.0	0.1
Judicial deposits	12.2	12.4	12.4
Financial derivative instruments	-	-	-
Other assets	0.1	1.3	1.5
	313.3	325.6	332.0
Available-for-sale financial assets	54.5	50.6	50.6
Property, plant and equipment	610.3	482.5	454.4
Right of Use (IFRS 16)	58.4	55.4	45.8
Intangible assets	120.7	120.8	120.8
	844.0	709.3	671.6
Total Non-current Assets	1,157.3	1,034.9	1,003.6
Total Assets	1,453.6	1,466.3	1,461.3
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Trade payables	24.2	26.5	29.9
Borrowings and financing	8.2	6.9	7.0
Right of Use to lease (IFRS 16)	18.2	13.6	13.3
Debentures	74.2	85.5	76.2
Income tax and social contribution	(0.0)	2.9	2.5
Payroll and related taxes	24.0	18.9	25.4
Tax debt refinancing program (REFIS)	1.4	1.4	1.4
Taxes payable	3.5	4.0	9.6
Profit sharing payable	3.2	11.1	3.4
Dividends and interest on equity payable	0.0	0.0	-
Other liabilities	0.9	0.6	0.7
Total Current Liabilities	157.9	171.6	169.5
Non Current Liabilities			
Borrowings and financing	10.5	2.4	2.2
Right of Use to lease (IFRS 16)	41.4	41.9	40.7
Debentures	70.2	92.8	102.5
Tax debt refinancing program (REFIS)	5.8	4.8	4.7
Provision for tax, civil and labor risks	25.6	23.4	24.0
Taxes payable	-	10.6	10.3
Provision for post-employment benefits	11.0	12.9	13.2
Derivative financial instruments	-	-	-
Other liabilities	1.9	1.0	1.0
Total non-current Liabilities	166.5	189.8	198.6
Total Liabilities	324.3	361.4	368.1
Equity			
Share capital	1,089.4	1,089.4	1,089.5
Capital reserves	34.4	33.2	(13.7)
Earnings reserves	56.5	10.3	10.3
Treasury shares	(20.3)	(15.1)	(15.1)
Equity adjustments	(6.7)	(9.9)	(9.9)
Accumulated losses	(24.1)	(3.0)	32.1
Total Equity	1,129.2	1,104.9	1,093.2
Total Liabilities and Equity	1,453.5	1,466.3	1,461.3

16. Indirect Cash Flow

Consolidated Data in R\$ million

in R\$ million	2Q20
Cash flows from operating activities	
Loss for the year	(12.5)
Non cash adjustments:	38.6
Depreciation and amortization	39.9
Deferred income and social contribution taxes	(6.0)
Provision (reversal) for tax, civil and labor risks	(0.0)
Accrued expenses on stock options	0.8
Post-employment benefit	0.3
Residual value of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets sold and written off	1.3
Interest and monetary exchange gains and losses, net	4.7
Provision (reversal) for impairment loss on trade receivables	2.6
Impairment loss on inventories held for sale	-
Provision (reversal) for impairment and fair value	-
Provision (reversal) for slow-moving inventories	0.5
Provision for rental equipment inventory adjustment	-
IFRS 9/CPC 48 Adjust	-
Provision for Profit Sharing	0.5
Other provisions	(5.8)
Variations on assets and liabilities:	26.1
Trade receivables	21.1
Acquisitions of rental equipment	(0.1)
Inventories	(7.4)
Taxes recoverable	(0.3)
IRPJ (Corporate Income Tax) and CSLL (Social Contribution Tax)	(0.1)
Judicial deposits	(0.1)
Other assets	(0.1)
Trade payables	10.3
Payroll and related taxes	6.6
Profit Sharing	(8.6)
Taxes payable	4.8
Other liabilities	(0.0)
Paid income and social contribution taxes	(1.3)
Law suits settled	0.6
Interest paid	(1.8)
Net cash generated by operating activities	49.7
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Acquisition of PP&E for own use and intangible assets	(2.4)
Proceeds from sale of the Industrial Services business unit	0.0
Interest on capital received	-
Net cash generated from investing activities	(2.4)
Cash flows from financing activities	
Lease operations (IFRS 16)	(4.8)
IFRS 9/CPC 48 Adjustment	0.1
Restricted bank deposits	-
Share issue cost	-
Amortization of borrowings	(0.7)
Capital Increase	-
Lease operations	-
Net cash used in financing activities	(5.3)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	42.0
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	248.0
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	289.9
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	42.0
Operating Cash Flow	49.7
Interest Paid	1.8
Acquisitions of rental equipment	0.1
Interest and monetary exchange net gains and losses (non-cash)	(1.2)
Financial Result Income Statement	(4.8)
Adjusted Operating Cash Flow	45.7

17. Combined Information

In R\$ million

In order to supplement the information provided so far, and considering the relevance of the business combination with Solaris for Mills, we show below some combined information of the two companies:

Combined Rental business unit*	2Q19 (A)	1Q20 (B)	2Q20 (C)	1S19 (D)	1S20 (E)	(C)/(A)	(C)/(B)	(E)/(D)
Total Net Revenue	96.2	110.0	81.1	194.1	191.1	-15.7%	-26.3%	-1.6%
Rental	82.6	99.9	73.6	169.4	173.5	-10.9%	-26.4%	2.4%
Others	13.6	10.1	7.5	24.7	17.6	-44.9%	-25.6%	-28.9%
COGS (ex. depreciation and IFRS16)	-37.8	-34.8	-28.3	-70.8	-63.1	-25.1%	-18.6%	-10.9%
Rental costs (personnel, warehouse, etc.)	-31.9	-31.7	-26.6	-60.7	-58.2	-16.7%	-16.1%	-4.1%
Others	-5.9	-3.1	-1.7	-10.1	-4.9	-70.5%	-44.1%	-51.9%
SG&A (ex. depreciation, IFRS16 and ECL)	-32.5	-32.7	-31.8	-63.0	-64.5	-2.1%	-2.9%	2.4%
Commercial, Operational and Administrative	-18.8	-21.3	-17.2	-38.3	-38.5	-8.3%	-19.1%	0.4%
General Services	-7.2	-7.7	-6.1	-15.3	-13.8	-15.3%	-21.3%	-9.7%
Other expenses	-1.5	-3.3	-2.1	-4.2	-4.5	36.6%	-37.4%	7.1%
Non-recurring items	-5.0	-1.3	-0.5	-5.1	-1.7	-90.5%	-62.9%	-65.9%
ECL	-3.6	-3.9	-4.1	-4.2	-8.0	16.1%	7.2%	88.3%
Non-recurring	-5.0	-1.3	-0.5	-5.1	-1.7	-90.5%	-62.9%	-65.9%
Depreciation	-26.3	-36.0	-35.9	-52.7	-49.7	36.6%	0.0%	-5.6%
EBITDA ex. non-recurring items	27.3	39.9	17.3	61.1	57.2	-36.6%	-56.6%	-6.5%
Adjusted EBITDA margin (%)	28.4%	36.3%	21.3%	31.5%	29.9%			
Loss for the year	-3.7	8.2	-7.1	-0.5	1.1	92.7%	-186.6%	-320.0%

Combined Mills Solaris* in R\$ million	2Q19 (A)	1Q20 (B)	2Q20 (C)	1S19 (D)	1S20 (E)	(C)/(A)	(C)/(B)	(E)/(D)
Total Net Revenue	114.7	126.1	98.3	230.2	224.4	-14.3%	-22.0%	-2.5%
Rental	93.6	113.3	87.8	191.3	201.1	-6.2%	-22.5%	5.1%
Others	16.8	12.8	10.5	31.8	23.3	-37.4%	-17.6%	-26.8%
Non-recurring	4.3	0.0	0.0	7.2	0.0	-100.0%		-100.0%
COGS (ex. depreciation and IFRS16)	-48.1	-43.2	-34.9	-89.5	-78.1	-27.5%	-19.2%	-12.7%
Rental costs (personnel, warehouse, etc.)	-38.9	-39.4	-32.6	-74.5	-72.1	-16.2%	-17.3%	-3.3%
Others	-6.8	-3.8	-2.3	-9.1	-4.6	-66.7%	-39.3%	-49.9%
Non-recurring items	-2.4	0.0	0.0	-3.2	0.0	-100.0%		
SG&A (ex. depreciation, IFRS16 and ECL)	-43.5	-41.1	-40.4	-84.4	-81.5	-7.2%	-1.8%	-3.4%
Commercial, Operational and Administrative	-25.2	-26.2	-29.1	-50.4	-55.4	15.4%	11.0%	9.9%
General Services	-9.9	-9.9	-8.1	-21.0	-18.1	-18.0%	-18.0%	-13.8%
Other expenses	-2.6	-3.2	-3.0	-7.3	-6.2	13.1%	-7.5%	-16.0%
Non-recurring items	-5.7	-1.7	-0.1	-5.7	-1.9	-97.6%	-92.1%	-67.1%
ECL	-3.6	-4.4	-2.6	-4.7	-7.0	-27.5%	-41.7%	49.5%
Non-recurring items	-3.7	-1.7	-0.1	-1.7	-1.9	-96.3%	-92.1%	8.1%
Depreciation	-38.7	-36.0	-35.9	-77.6	-71.9	-7.1%	0.0%	-7.3%
Adjusted EBITDA	23.2	39.1	20.6	53.4	59.6	-11.6%	-47.4%	11.7%
Adjusted EBITDA margin (%)	21.1%	31.0%	20.9%	23.9%	26.6%			
Loss for the year	-15.5	-1.0	-12.5	-22.3	-13.6	18.8%	-1133.0%	-39.1%
Final Balance	174.0	248.0	289.9	174.0	289.9	66.7%	16.9%	66.7%

* Excluding IFRS16 effects

17. Combined Information (Continued)

In R\$ Million

Synergies

Synergies	2019	1Q20	2Q20	Annualized Run Rate
Personnel	5.1	1.8	1.8	7.2
Parts	3.0	1.1	1.2	4.6
Branches	1.1	1.1	1.2	4.8
Financial (Consulting, travels, insurance)	1.0	0.7	0.7	2.9
Total	10.2	4.8	4.9	19.5

Here are the main premises used to calculate synergies:

Personnel: Considers the wage bill and the respective charges/benefits, including reduction of structure and open positions, as well as some merits and promotions of professionals who assumed new responsibilities and/or expanded their scope of action in the Company.

Parts and Services: Considers the unification of the supplier base and the impact generated by applying the best conditions existing in Solaris or Mills for the combined volume.

Branches: Corresponds to the savings generated by the physical unification of Mills and Solaris branches in regions where there is overlap. The rent of the branch, IPTU, security service, cleaning and other expenses of the closed branch are considered.

Financial: Account for the savings generated by the unification of travel policies, reduction of costs due to scale gains with insurance and reduction of consultancy redundancy between companies.

Investments to capture synergies

CAPTURE OF SYNERGIES - COMBINED	2019	1Q20	2Q20	Total
CAPEX	5.1	0.9	1.1	7.1
OPEX	8.8	1.2	0.5	10.5
Total	13.9	2.0	1.6	17.6

17. Combined Information (Continued)

In R\$ million

Combined IncomeStatement (without IFRS16)*	2Q19 (A)	1Q20 (B)	2Q20 (C)	(C)/(A)	(C)/(B)
Net revenue from sales and services	114.7	126.1	98.3	-14.3%	-22.0%
Cost of products sold and services rendered	(83.6)	(76.9)	(67.8)	-18.8%	-11.8%
Gross Profit	31.2	49.2	30.5	-2.2%	-38.1%
Selling, general and administrative expenses	(50.7)	(48.1)	(46.3)	-8.6%	-3.7%
Reversal (provision) for impairment and fair value	-	-	-		
Other revenues	0.3	0.3	0.3	1.1%	17.1%
Loss before Financial Result	(19.2)	1.4	(15.5)	-19.0%	-1225.9%
Financial expenses	3.7	(6.9)	(5.6)	-250.5%	-18.9%
Financial revenues	(7.2)	4.7	3.2	-144.2%	-32.6%
Adjust to present value (APV) / IFRS16	(0.6)	(0.1)	(1.0)		
Financial result	(4.1)	(2.2)	(3.4)	-17.7%	51.9%
Loss before taxes	(23.3)	(0.8)	(18.9)	18.8%	-2170.4%
Income tax and social contribution	7.8	(0.2)	6.4	-18.7%	-3535.5%
Loss for the year	(15.5)	(1.0)	(12.5)	18.8%	-1133.0%

* Adjusted with scrap result.

18. MILS3 History

Mills has its common shares traded on B3's Novo Mercado under the ticker **MILS3**.

The closing price of Mills' share on B3, on June 30, 2020, was equal to R\$ 5.40, with a reduction of 48.3% in relation to the closing price of 2019, while the IBOVESPA index had a negative variation of 17.8% in the same period. At the end of 2Q20, Mills' marketcap was equal to R\$ 1,360.3 million.

The average daily financial volume of Mills' shares traded in 2Q20 at B3 was R\$ 10.0 million, 20.7% less than reported in the previous quarter.

MILS3 Performance	2Q19 (A)	1Q20 (B)	2Q20 (C)	(C)/(A)	(C)/(B)
Share final price (R\$)	6.00	3.86	5.40	-10.0%	39.9%
Maximum ¹	6.09	10.85	6.14	0.8%	-43.4%
Minumum ¹	4.39	3.86	3.36	-23.5%	-13.0%
Average ¹	4.97	8.27	4.88	-1.8%	-41.0%
Market value final of period (R\$ million)	1,511.2	972.2	1,360.3	-10.0%	39.9%
Daily average negotiated volume (R\$ million)	6.63	12.42	9.85	48.5%	-20.7%
Number os shares (million)	251.86	251.87	251.91	0.0%	0.0%

- (a) Asset Write-off - is linked to Indemnities revenue, this value is the cost of the asset write off.
- (b) Capex (Capital Expenditure) - Acquisition of tangible and intangible assets to non-current assets.
- (c) Invested capital - For the company, invested capital is defined as the sum of shareholders' equity (net assets) and third-party capital (including all costly, bank and non-bank debt), both being the average values for the period. By business unit, is the average amount of capital invested by the company by weighted average assets of each business unit (assets plus net fixed assets). The asset base in the year is calculated as the average asset base of the last thirteen months.
- (d) Net Cash Flow - Net cash provided by operating activities less net cash used in investing activities.
- (e) Job execution costs - Job execution cost include: (i) labor costs from construction jobs supervision and technical assistance; (ii) labor costs for erection and dismantling of the equipment rented to our clients, when such tasks are carried out by the Mills workforce; (iii) equipment freight costs, when under Mills' responsibility; (iv) cost of materials used in the maintenance of the equipment, when it is returned to our warehouse; and (v) cost of equipment rented from third-parties.
- (f) Warehouse costs - This cost includes the costs directly related to administration of the deposit, storage, handling and maintenance of rental assets and resale, covering costs with hand labor, IPE used in the activities of deposit (drive, storage and maintenance), inputs (forklift gas, gas welding, plywood, paints, wood battens, among others) and maintenance of machinery and equipment (forklifts, welding machines, water-blasting hoists and tools in general).
- (g) Cost of sales - Cost of sales of new equipment is linked to sales of new equipment revenue. The sales of semi-new equipment cost is tied to sales of semi new equipment revenue and is equivalent to the cost of the assets write-off (residual cost).
- (h) Sales, General and Administrative expenses - (i) The SG&A Commercial, Operational and Administrative includes current expenses such as salaries, benefits, travel, representation of the various departments including Sales, Marketing, Engineering and administrative back office departments, as HR and Finance; (ii) General Services includes the equity costs of head officer and several branches (rents, fees, security and cleaning, mainly); and (iii) Other expenses are items largely non-cash, as provisions for stock option programs, provisions for contingencies, provisions for slow-moving inventories and some non-permanent disbursements.
- (i) Net debt - Gross debt less financial resources.
- (j) EBITDA - EBITDA is a non-accounting measure prepared by the Company, reconciled with our financial statements in compliance with the provisions of CVM Circular No. 01/2007, where applicable. We calculate EBITDA as our operating income before financial results, the effects of depreciation of use of property and rental equipment and amortization of intangible assets. EBITDA is not a measure recognized by GAAP in Brazil, IFRS or US GAAP, does not have a standard meaning and may not be comparable to measures with similar titles provided by other companies. We reported EBITDA because we use to measure our performance. EBITDA should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for net income or operating income as measures of operating performance or cash flows or to measure liquidity or debt payment capacity.

This press release may contain statements that express management's expectations about future events or results. All statements are based on future expectations rather than on historical facts involve various risks and uncertainties. Mills can not guarantee that such statements will prove to be correct. Such risks and uncertainties include factors: relating to the Brazilian economy, the capital markets, the sectors of heavy construction, real estate, oil and gas, among others, and governmental rules that are subject to change without notice. For additional information on factors that may give different results from those estimated by the Company, please consult the reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission - CVM.